

1988
BMW 325iX
Electrical
Troubleshooting
Manual

BMW of North America, Inc. Montvale, New Jersey

#### **FOREWORD**

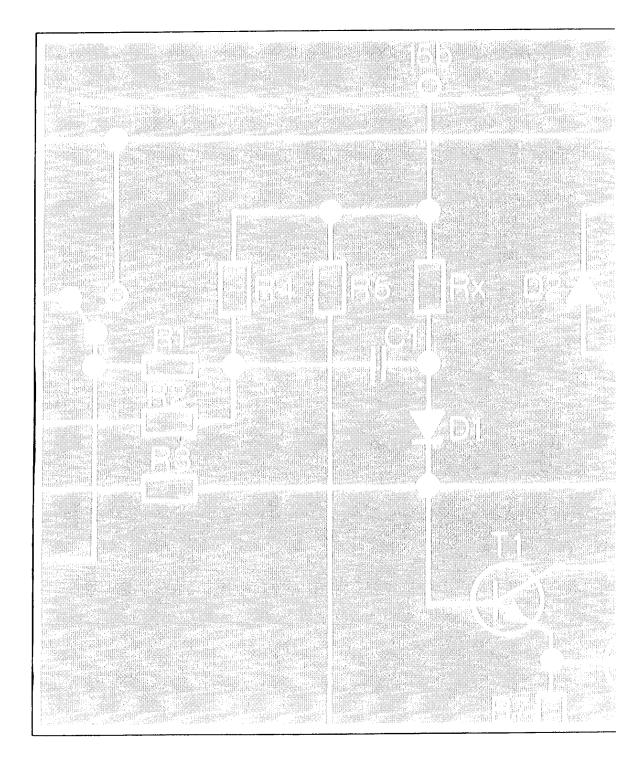
In the interests of continuing technical development work we reserve the right to modify designs and equipment.

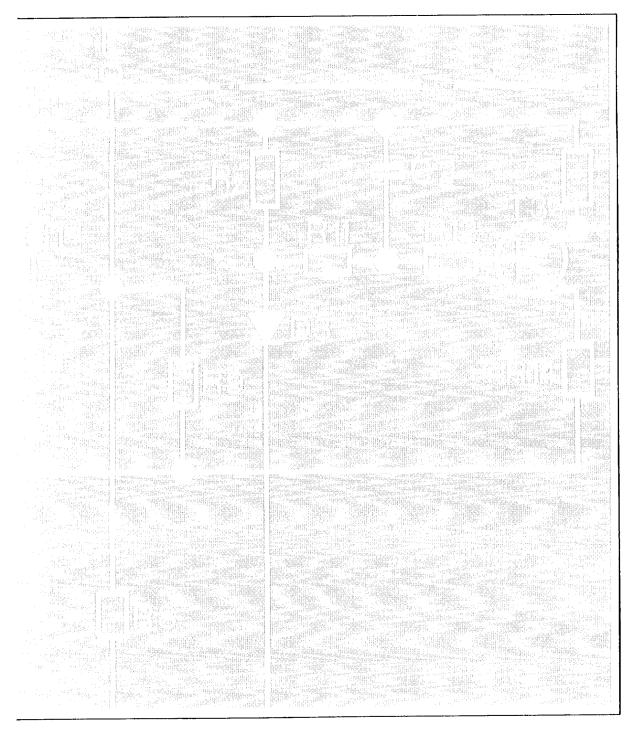
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1988 BMW 325iX Electrical Troubleshooting Manual

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- U200	0070 10	Troncordo manto.			

The purpose of this manual is to show electrical schematics in a manner that makes electrical troubleshooting easier. Electrical components which work together are shown together on one schematic. The Wiper-Washer schematic, for example, shows all of the electrical components in one diagram. At the top of the page is the fuse (positive) that powers the circuit. The flow of current is shown through all wires, connectors, switches, and motors to ground (negative) at the bottom of the page.

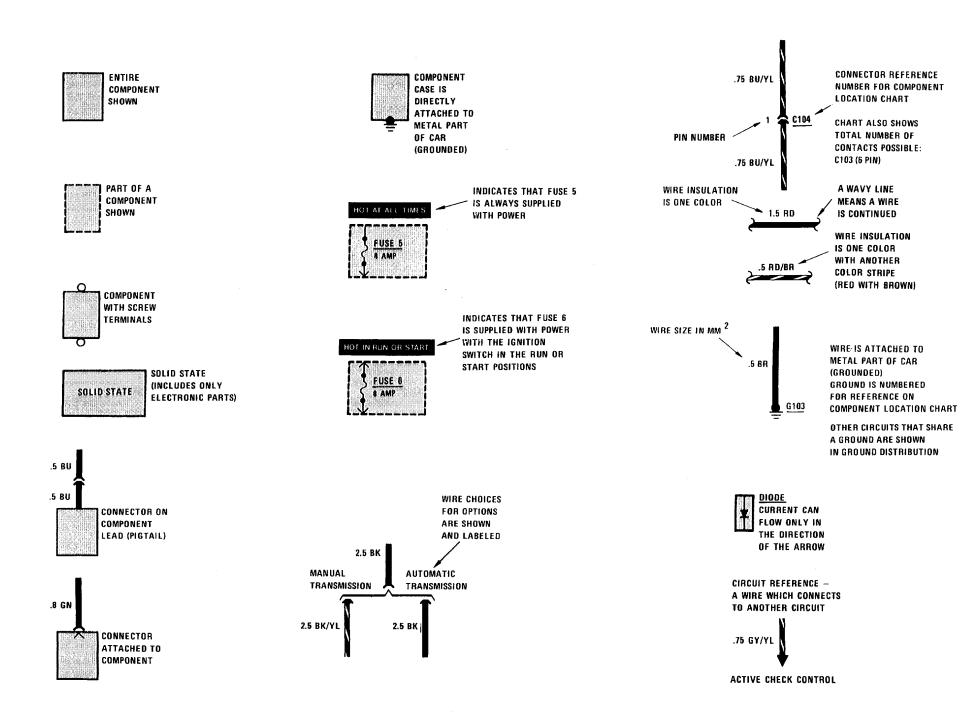
Within the schematic, all switches and sensors are shown "at rest," as though the Ignition Switch were off. For identification, component names are underlined and placed next to or above each component. Notes are included, describing how switches and other components work.

The power distribution schematic shows the current feed through all the connections from the Battery and Alternator to each fuse and the Ignition and Light Switches. If the Power Distribution schematic is combined with any other circuit schematic, a complete picture is made of how that circuit works. The Ground Distribution schematics show how several circuits are connected to common grounds.

All wiring between components is shown exactly as it exists in the vehicle; however, the wiring is not drawn to scale. To aid in understanding electrical operation, wiring inside complicated components has been simplified. The "Solid State" label designates electronic components.

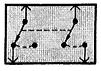
WIRE SIZE CONVERSION CHART				
METRIC	AWG			
(CROSSECTIONAL AREA	(AMERICAN			
IN MM²)	WIRE GAUGE)			
.5	20			
.75	18			
1	16			
1.5	14			
2	14			
2.5	12			
4	10			
6	8			
8	8			
16	4			
20	4			
25	2			
32	2			

WIRE INSULATION				
ABBREVIATIONS	COLOR			
BK BR RD YL GN BU VI GY PK	BLACK BROWN RED YELLOW GREEN BLUE VIOLET GRAY WHITE PINK			



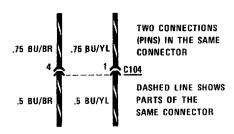


ONE POLE, TWO POSITION SWITCH



SWITCHES THAT MOVE TOGETHER

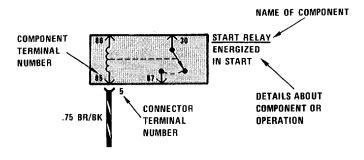
DASHED LINE SHOWS A MECHANICAL CONNECTION BETWEEN SWITCHES



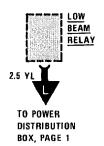
RELAY SHOWN

WITH NO

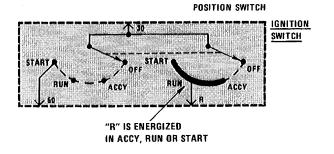
CURRENT

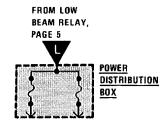


TWO POLE, FOUR



CURRENT PATH
IS CONTINUED
AS LABELED.
THE ARROW SHOWS
DIRECTION OF CURRENT
FLOW AND IS REPEATED
WHERE CURRENT
PATH CONTINUES.







IS PULLED CLOSED

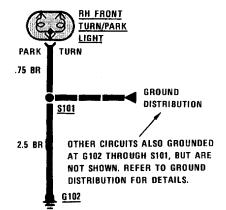
THROUGH
COIL IS
ENERGIZED, SWITCH

RESISTOR ACROSS COIL
IS FOR NOISE
SUPPRESSION

RELAY SHOWN

WITH RESISTOR

ACROSS COIL





### TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURE

#### 1. Verify the Problem

6

Operate the problem circuit to check the accuracy of the complaint. Note the symptoms of the inoperative circuit.

#### 2. Analyze the Problem

Refer to the schematic of the problem circuit in the ETM. Determine how the circuit is supposed to work by tracing the current path(s) from the power feed through the circuit components to ground. Then based on the symptoms you noted in step 1 and your understanding of circuit operation, identify one or more possible causes of the problem.

#### 3. Isolate the Problem

Make circuit tests to prove or disprove the preliminary diagnosis made in step 2. Keep in mind that a logical simple procedure is the key to efficient troubleshooting. Test for the most likely cause of failure first. Try to make tests at points which are easily accessible.

### 4. Repair the Problem

Once the specific problem is identified, make the repair using the proper tools and safe procedures.

#### 5. Check the Problem

Operate the circuit to check for satisfactory circuit operation. Good repair practice calls for rechecking all circuits you have worked on.

#### TROUBLESHOOTING TOOLS

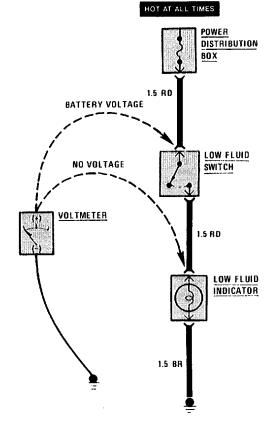
Isolating the problem (Step 3 of TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURES) requires the use of a voltmeter and/or ohmmeter. A voltmeter measures voltage at selected points in a circuit. An ohmmeter measures a circuit's resistance to current flow. It has an internal battery that provides current to the circuit under test. Disconnect the car battery when using an ohmmeter because the battery voltage will cause the ohmmeter to give false readings. Also, do not use an ohmmeter on solid-state components. The voltage that the ohmmeter applies to the circuit could damage these components.

#### TROUBLESHOOTING TESTS

#### Voltage Test

This test measures voltage in a circuit. By taking measurements at several points (terminals or connectors) along the circuit, you can isolate the problem.

To take a voltage measurement, connect the negative lead of the voltmeter to the battery's negative terminal or other known good ground. Then connect the positive lead of the voltmeter to the point you want to test. The voltmeter will measure the voltage present at that point in the circuit.



Voltage Test

#### Voltage Drop Test

Wires, connectors, and switches are designed to conduct current with a minimum loss of voltage. A voltage drop of more than one volt indicates a problem.

To test for voltage drop, connect the voltmeter leads to connectors at either end of the circuit's suspected problem area. The positive lead should be connected to the connector closest to the power source. The voltmeter will show the voltage drop between these two points.

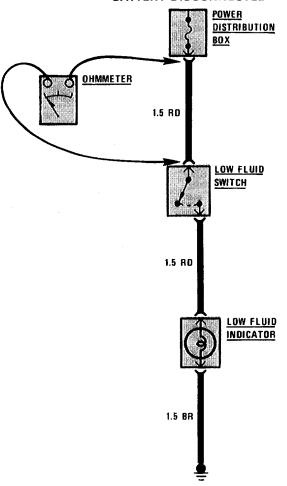
# HOT AT ALL TIMES DISTRIBUTION BOX 1.5 RD LOW FLUID VOLTMETER SWITCH 1.5 RD LOW FLUID INDICATOR 1.5 BR

Voltage Drop Test

#### **Continuity Test**

To perform a continuity test, first disconnect the car battery. Then adjust the ohmmeter to read zero while holding the leads together. Connect the ohmmeter leads to connector or terminals at either end of the circuit's suspected problem area. The ohmmeter will show the resistance across that part of the circuit.

#### **BATTERY DISCONNECTED**

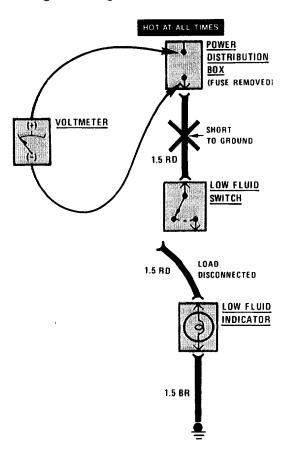


Continuity Test

#### Short Test Using Voltmeter

Remove the blown fuse and disconnect the load. Connect the voltmeter leads to the fuse terminals. The positive lead should be connected to the terminal closest to the power source.

Starting near the POWER DISTRIBUTION BOX, move the wire harness back and forth and watch the voltmeter reading. If the voltmeter registers a reading, there is a short to ground in the wiring. Somewhere in the area of the harness being moved, the wire insulation is worn away and the circuit is grounding.



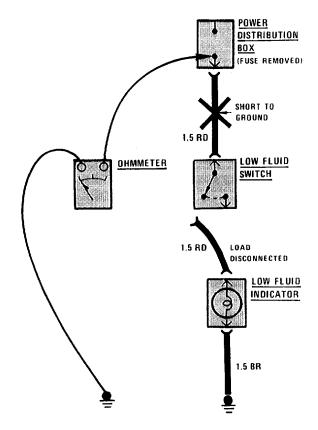
Short Test Using Voltmeter

#### **Short Test Using Ohmmeter**

Disconnect the battery. Adjust the ohmmeter to read zero while holding the leads together. Remove the blown fuse and disconnect the load. Connect one lead of the ohmmeter to the fuse terminal that is closest to the load. Connect the other lead to a known good ground.

Starting near the POWER DISTRIBUTION BOX, move the wire harness back and forth and watch the ohmmeter reading. Low or no resistance indicates a short to ground in the wiring. Infinitely high resistance indicates no short.

#### **BATTERY DISCONNECTED**



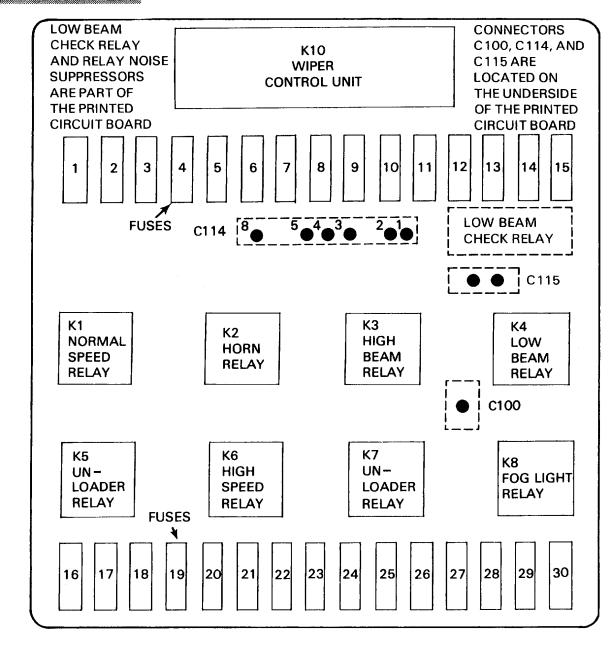
**Short Test Using Ohmmeter** 

### 0670-0 POWER DISTRIBUTION

FRONT

**OF CAR** 

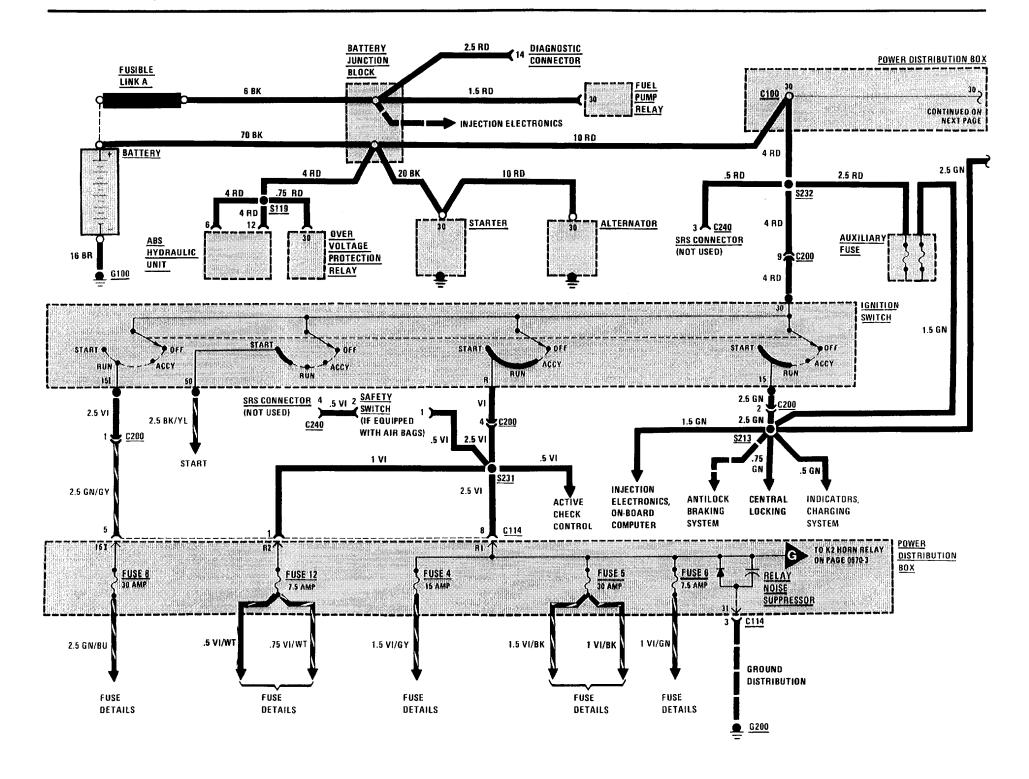
### POWER DISTRIBUTION BOX

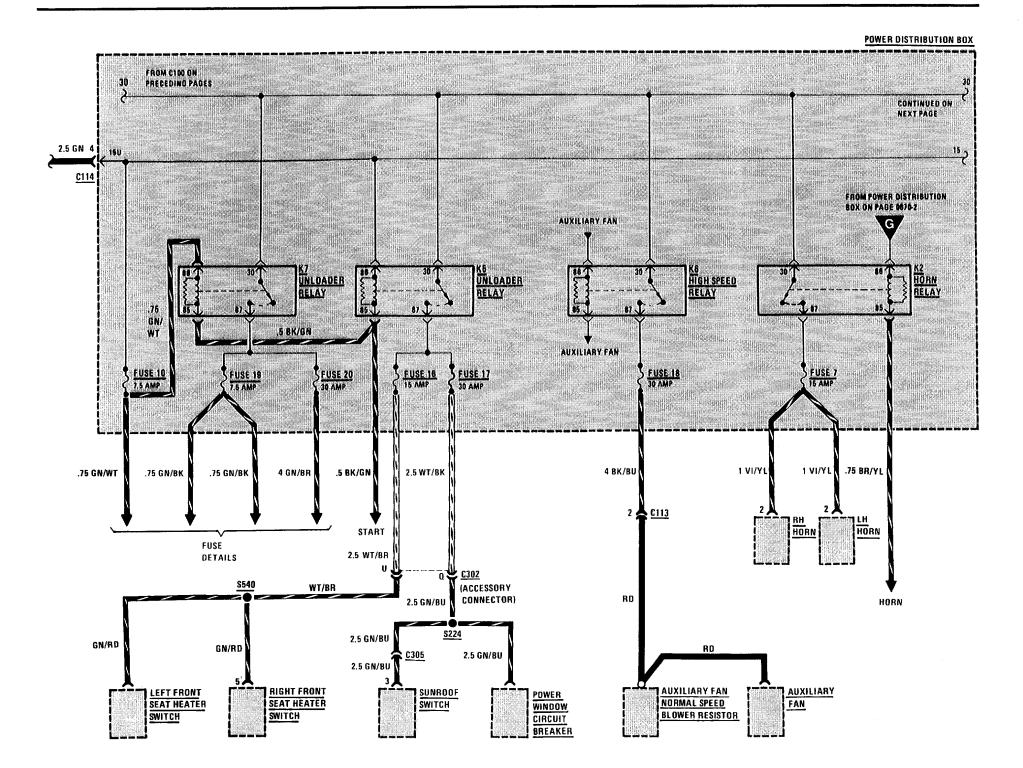


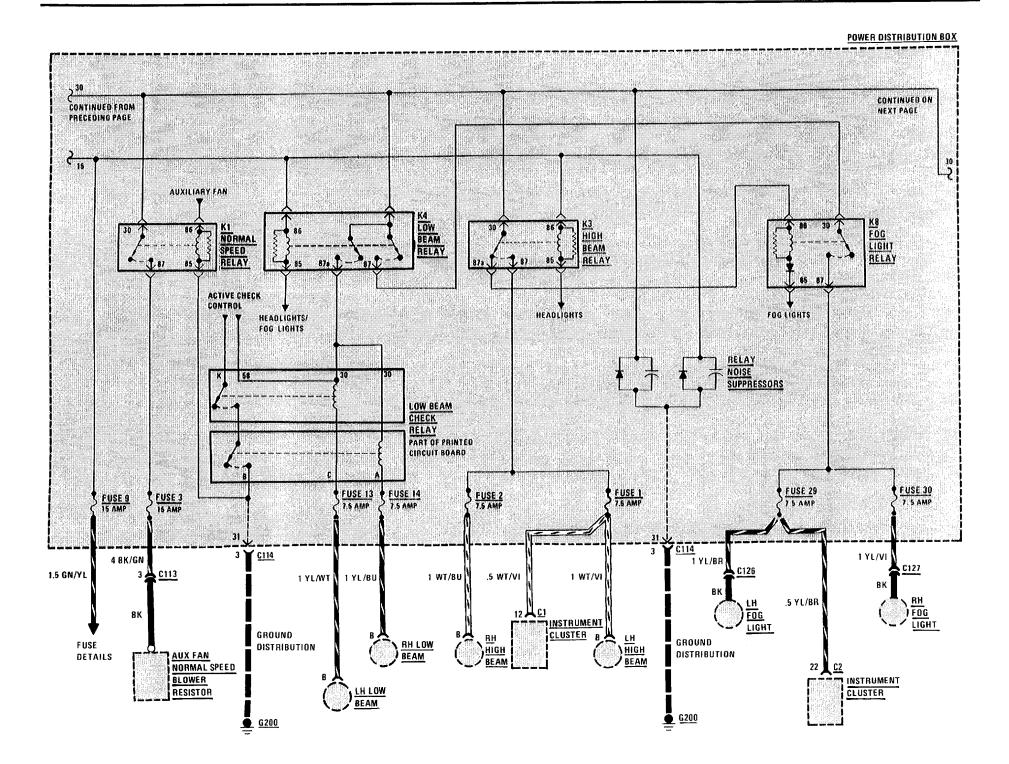
# FUSE DATA CHART

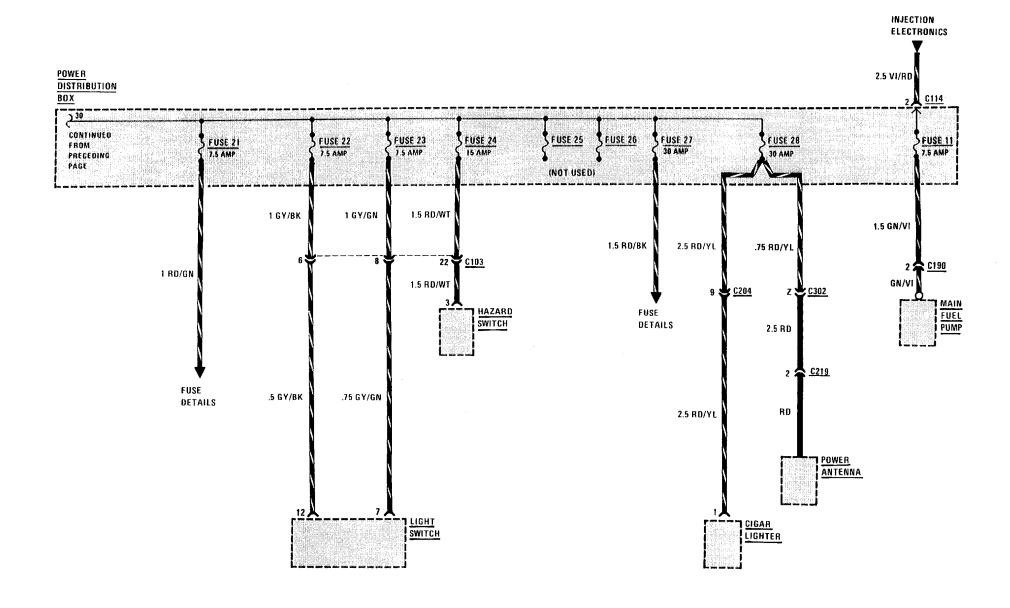
FUSE NO.	SIZE	CIRCUIT NAME	
1	7.5A	Headlights (also fuses 2, 13, 14); High Beam Indicator.	
2	7.5A	Headlights (also fuses 1, 13, 14).	
3	15A	Auxiliary Fan (also fuses 18, 19, 20).	
4	15A	Lights: Turn/Hazard Warning (also fuse 24); Active Check Control (also fuses 6, 10, 21, 22, 23).	
5	30A	Wiper/Washer.	
6	7.5A	Stop Lights/Cruise Control Active Check Control (also fuses 4, 10, 21, 22, 23); Antilock Braking System; Interior Lights (also fuses 19, 21, 27); Map Reading Light.	
7	15A	Horn.	
8	30A	Rear Defogger (also fuse 23).	
9	15A	Idle Speed Control.	
10	7.5A	Seatbelt Warning (also fuse 21); Service Interval Indicator (also fuse 21); Tachometer/Fuel Economy Gauges (also fuse 21); Gauges/Indicators; Brake Warning System; Back Up Lights; On-Board Computer (also fuses 12, 21, 23, 27); Start; Active Check Control (also fuses 4, 6, 21, 22, 23); Injection Electronics (also fuses 9, 11, 21);	
11	7.5A	Fuel Delivery; Injection Electronics (also fuses 9, 10, 21).	
12	7.5A	Radio (also fuses 21, 27, 28); Speedometer/Indicators; On-Board Computer (also fuses 10, 21, 23, 27).	
13	7.5A	Headlights (also fuses 1, 2, 14).	
14	7.5A	Headlights (also fuses 1, 2, 13).	
15		Not Used.	
16	15A	Heated Seats.	
17	30A	Sunroof; Power Windows.	
18	30A	Auxiliary Fan (also fuses 3, 19, 20).	
19	7.5A	Auxiliary Fan (also fuses 3, 18, 20); Interior Lights (also fuses 21, 27); Power Mirrors.	

FUSE NO.	SIZE	CIRCUIT NAME	
20	30A	Heater/Air Conditioning;	
		Auxiliary Fan (also fuses 3, 18, 19).	
21	7.5A	Auto-Charging Flashlight; Glove Box Light; Ignition Key Warning/Seatbelt Warning (also fuse 10); Interior Lights (also fuses 6, 19, 27); Radio (also fuses 12, 27, 28) Trunk Light; Active Check Control (also fuses 4, 6, 10, 22, 23); Service Interval Indicator (also fuse 10); On-Board Computer (also fuses 10, 12, 23, 27); Injection Electronics (also fuses 9, 10, 11); Tachometer/Fuel Economy Gauge (also fuse 10).	
22	7.5A	Active Check Control (also fuses 4, 6, 10, 21, 23); Lights: Front Park/Tail (also fuse 23); Lights: Front Side Marker (also fuse 23).	
23	7.5A	Lights: Dash Lights: Front Park/Tail (also fuse 22); Lights: Front Side Marker (also fuse 22); Lights: Rear Marker/License; Active Check Control (also fuses 4, 6, 10, 21, & 22); On-Board Computer (also fuses 10, 12, 21, 27); Rear Defogger (also fuse 8).	
24	15A	Lights: Turn/Hazard Warning (also fuse 4).	
25		Not Used.	
26		Not Used.	
27	30A	Interior Lights (also fuses 6, 19, 21); Central Locking; Radio/Antenna (also fuses 12, 21, 28); On-Board Computer (also fuses 10, 12, 21, 23).	
28	30A	Cigar Lighter; Radio/Antenna (also fuses 12, 21, 27).	
29	7.5A	Fog Lights (also fuse 30); Fog Light Indicator	
30	7.5A	Fog Lights (also fuse 29).	
POWER WINDOW CIRCUIT BREAKER		25A Power Windows	

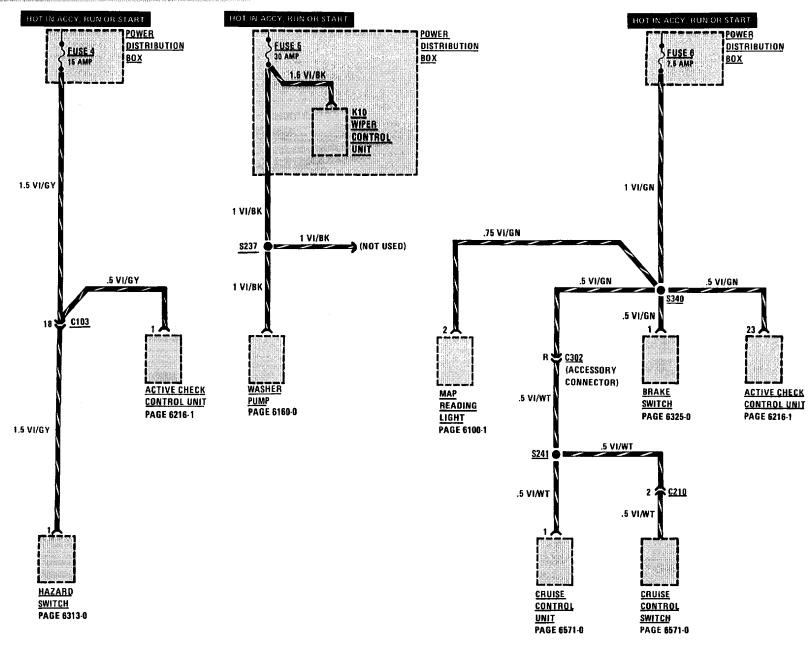




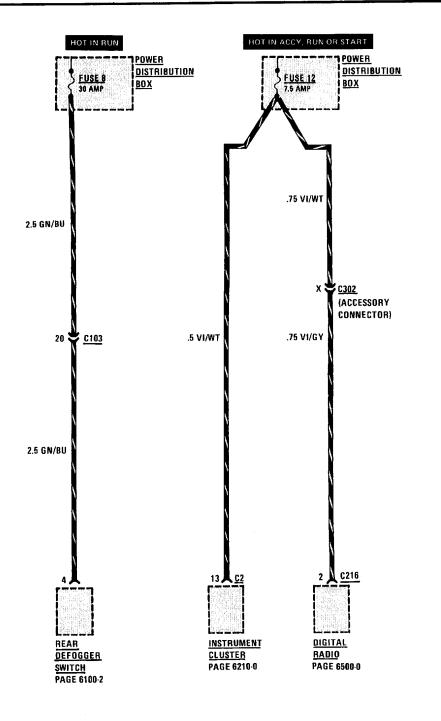


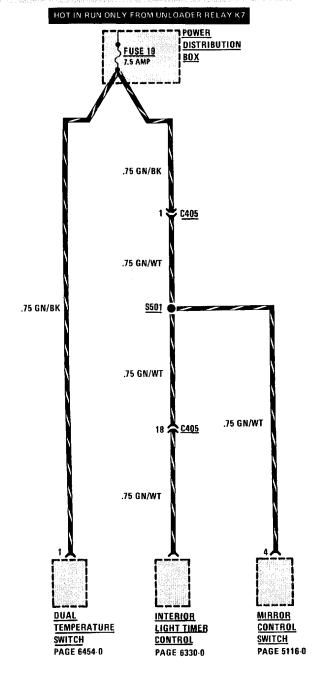


### FUSE DETAILS: FUSES 4, 5, AND 6

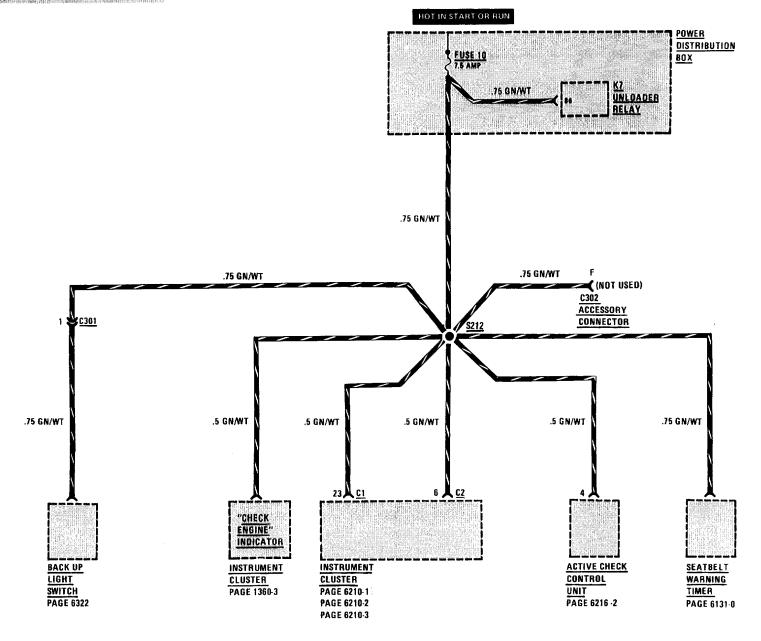


### **FUSE DETAILS: FUSES 8, 12 AND 19**

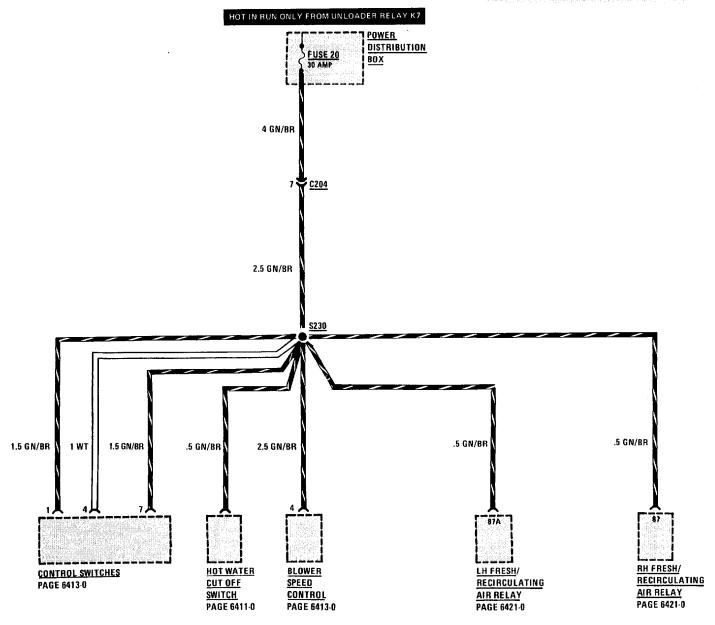




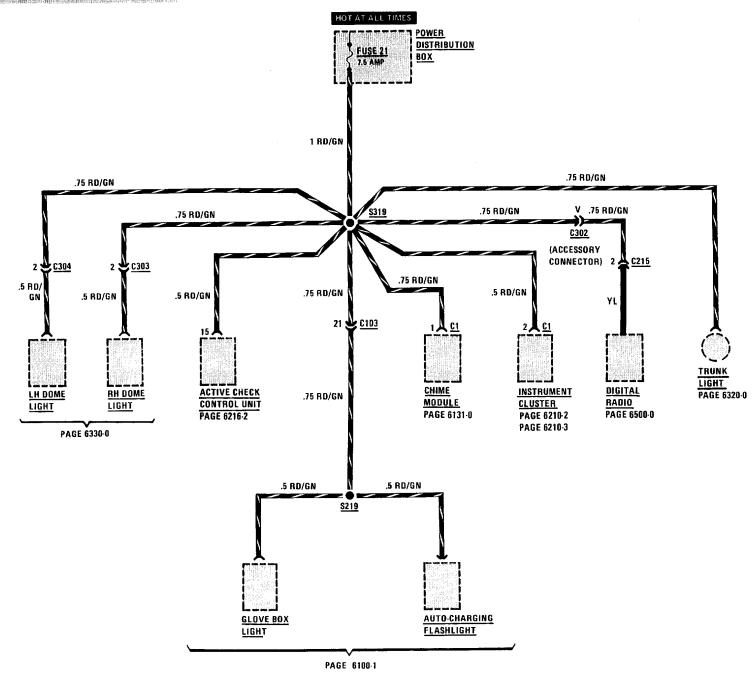
FUSE DETAILS: FUSE 10



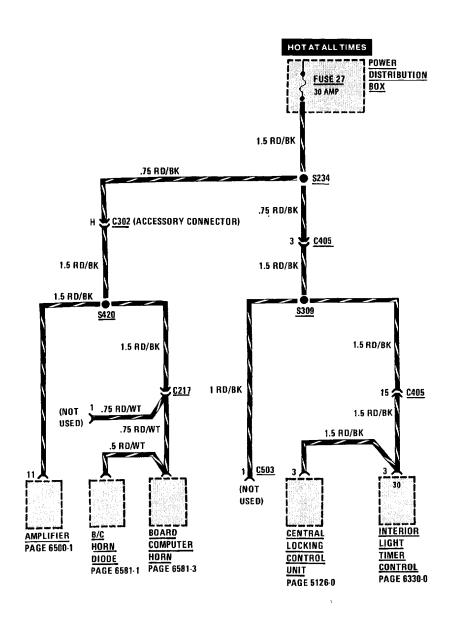
**FUSE DETAILS: FUSE 20** 

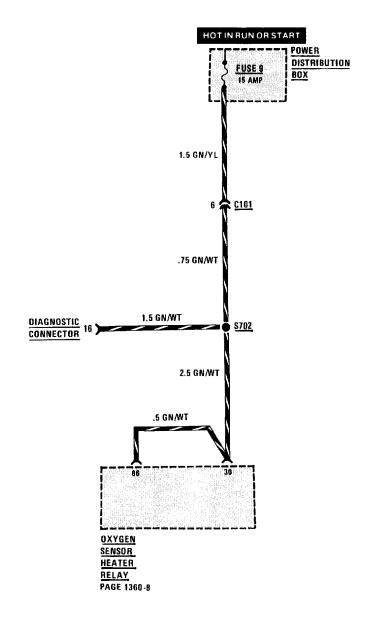


### **FUSE DETAILS: FUSE 21**

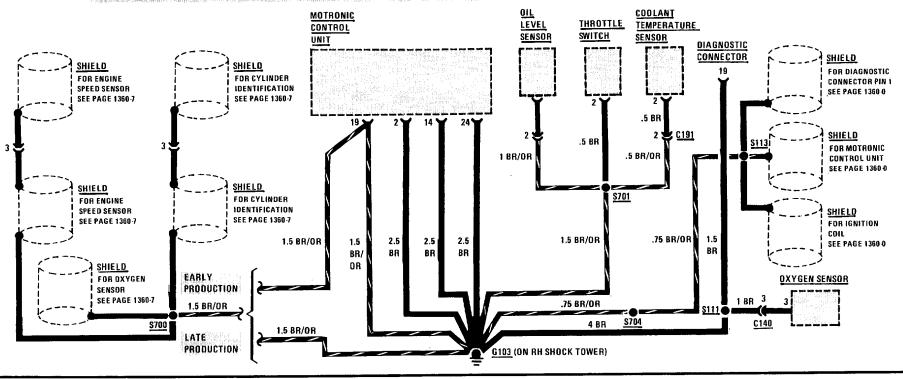


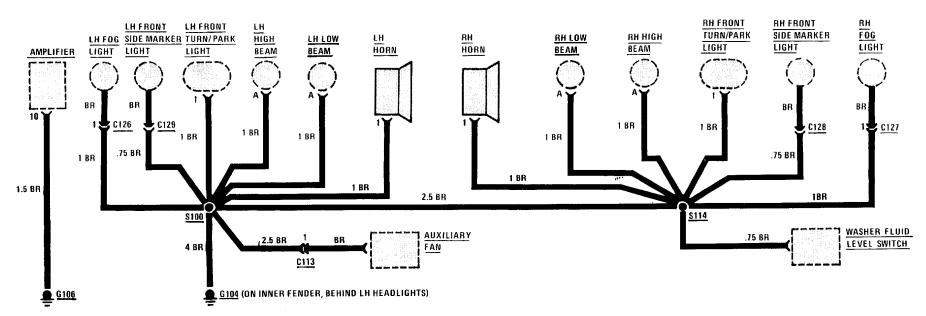
### **FUSE DETAILS: FUSES 27 AND 9**



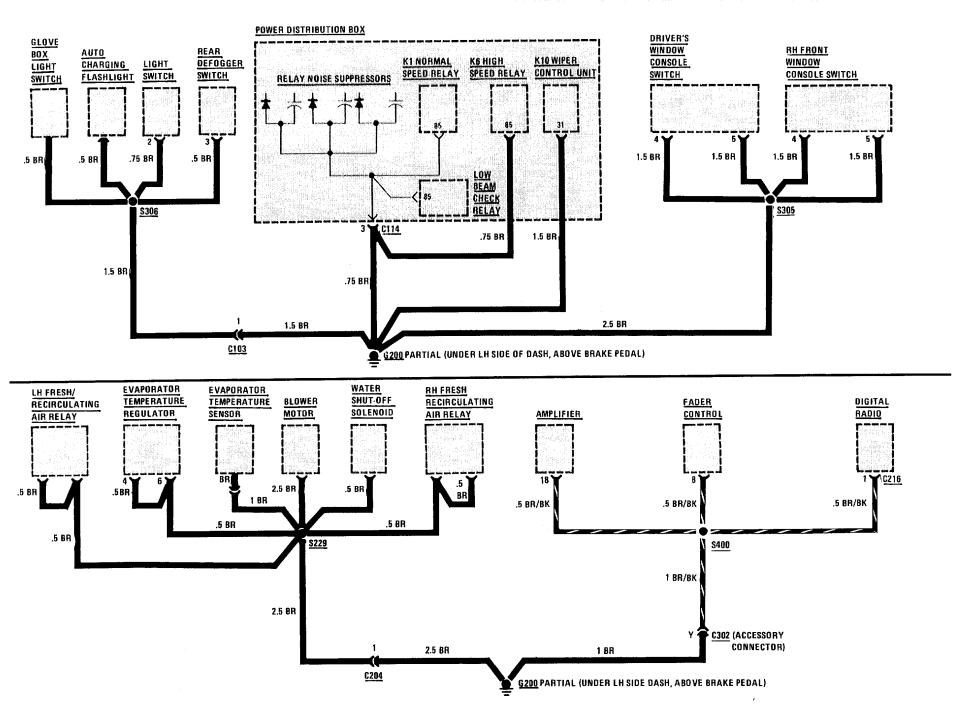


## **GROUND DISTRIBUTION: G103, G104 AND G106**

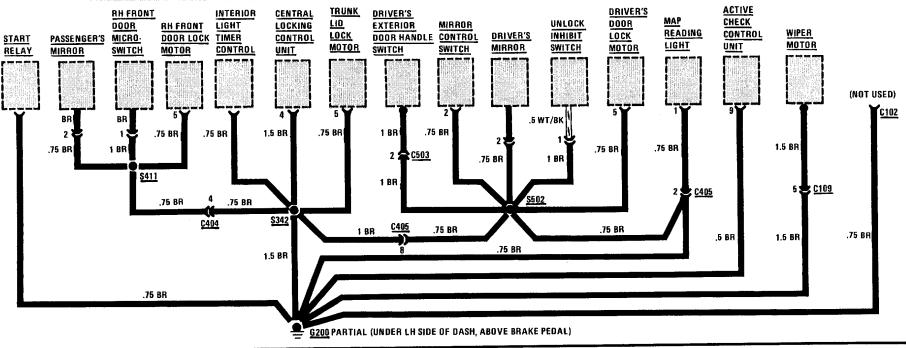


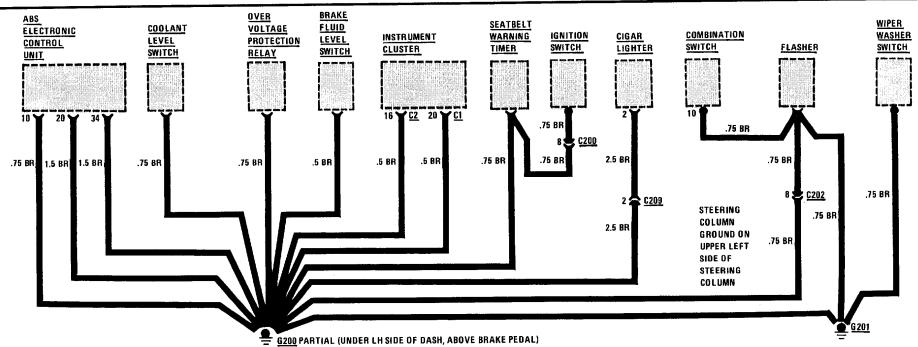


### **GROUND DISTRIBUTION: G200 (PARTIAL)**

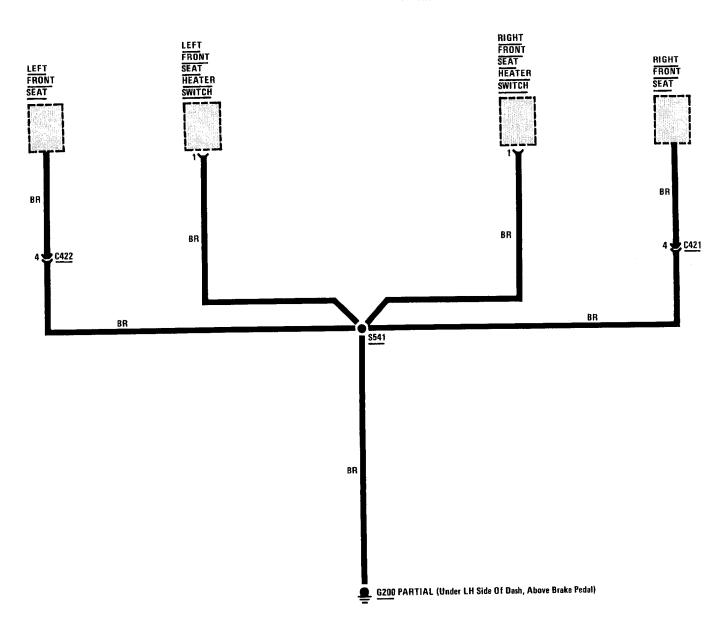


### **GROUND DISTRIBUTION: G200 (PARTIAL) AND G201**

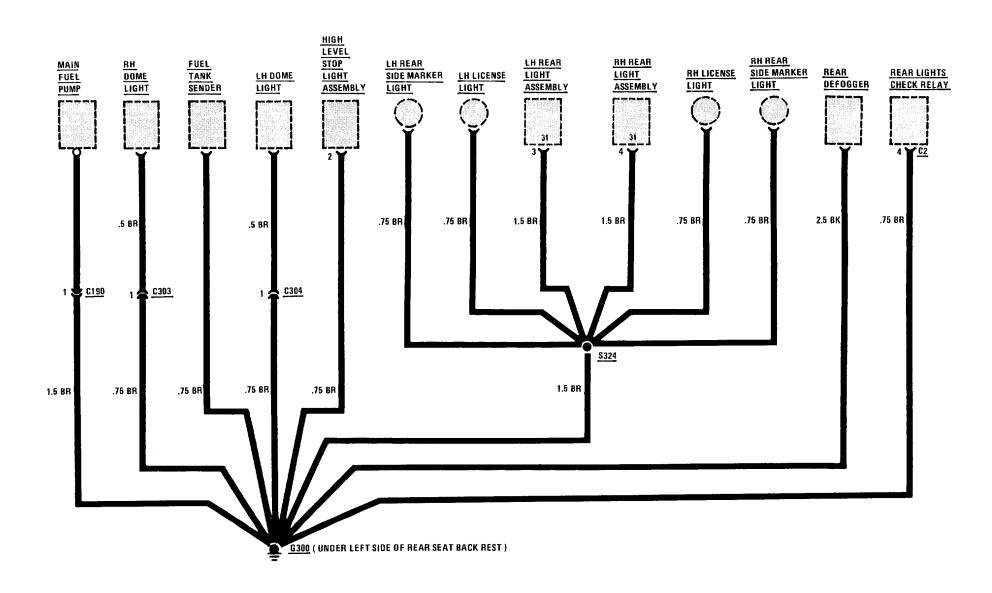


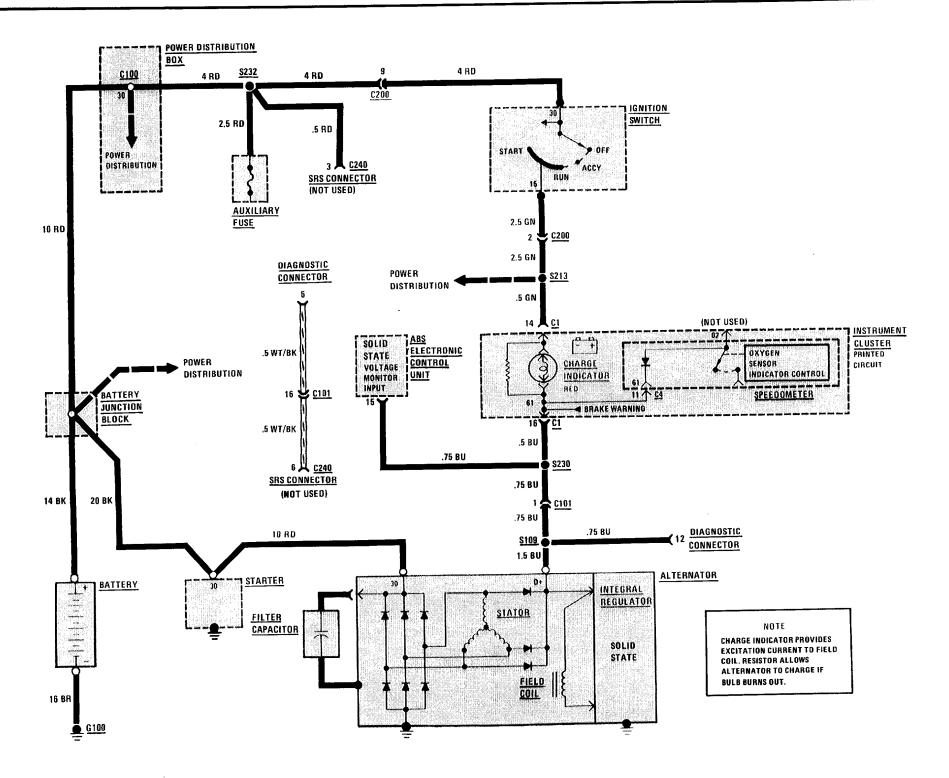


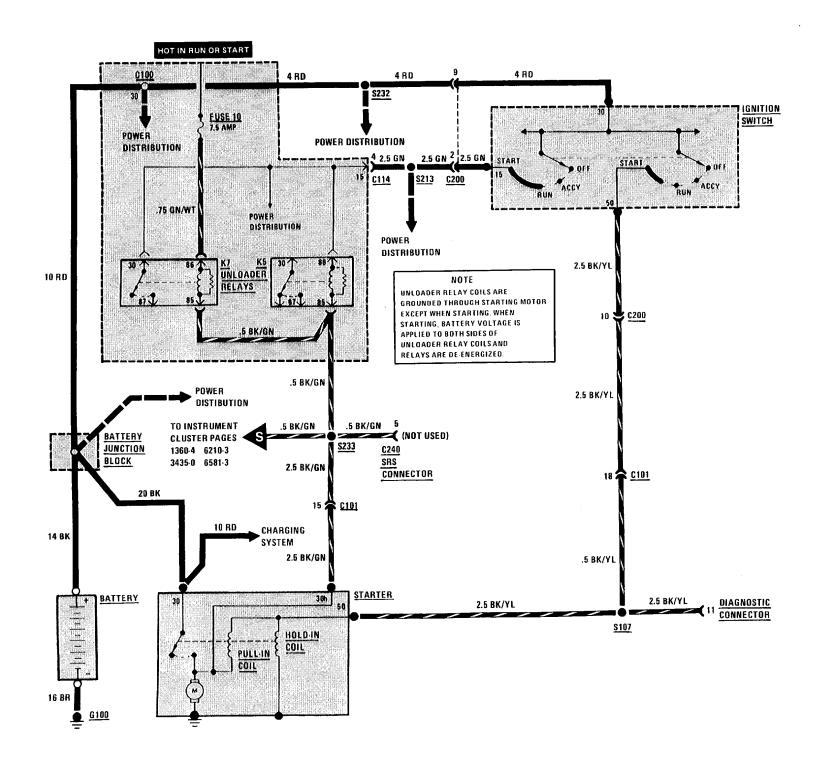
# GROUND DISTRIBUTION: G200 (PARTIAL)



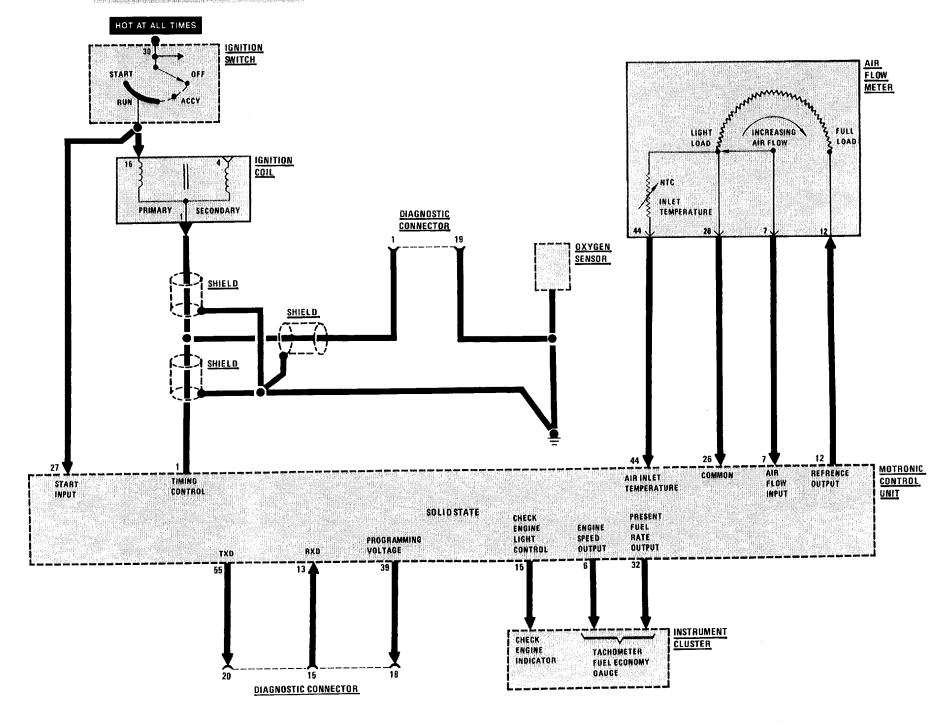
### **GROUND DISTRIBUTION: G300**



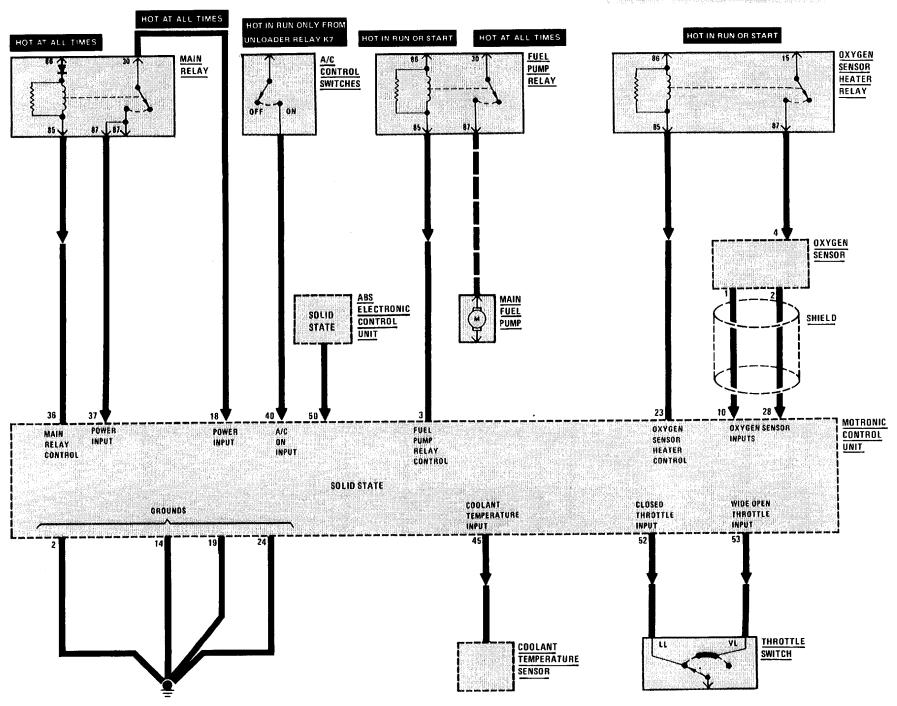




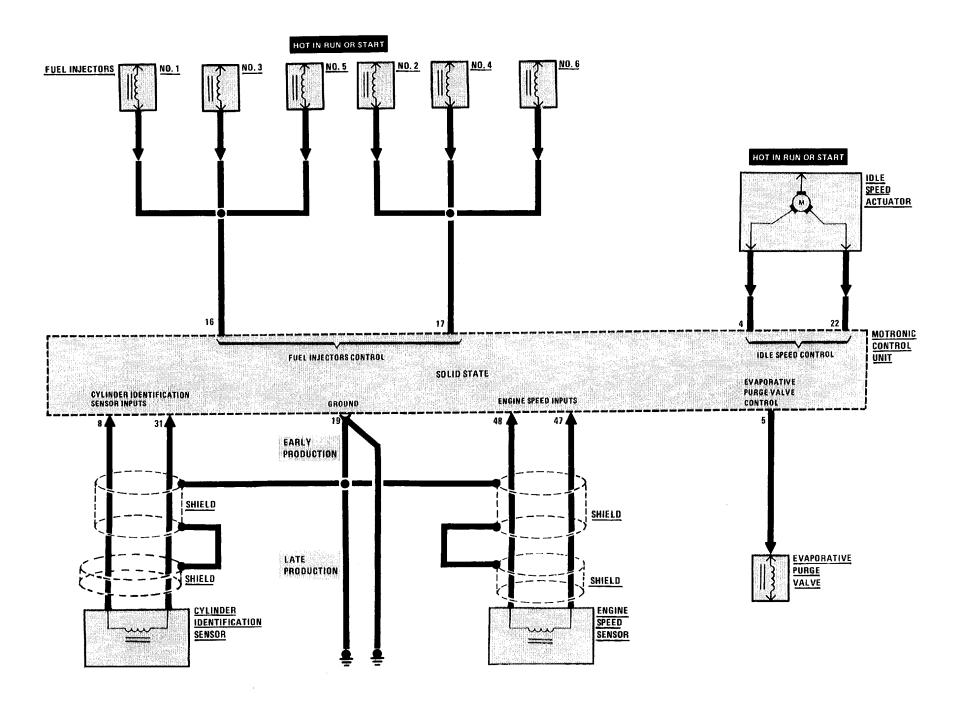
### **ENGINE BLOCK DIAGRAM**

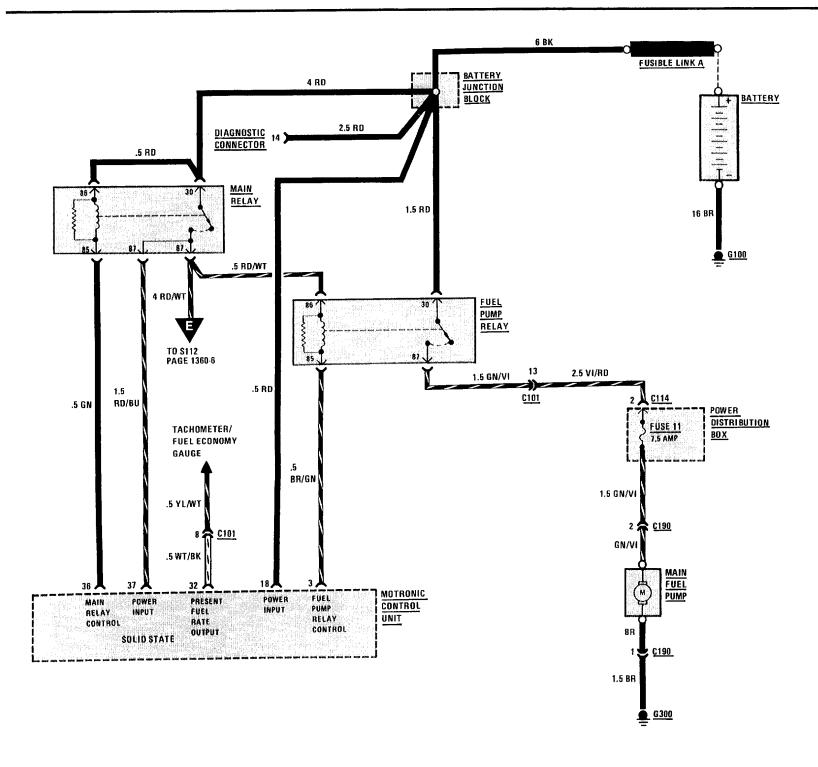


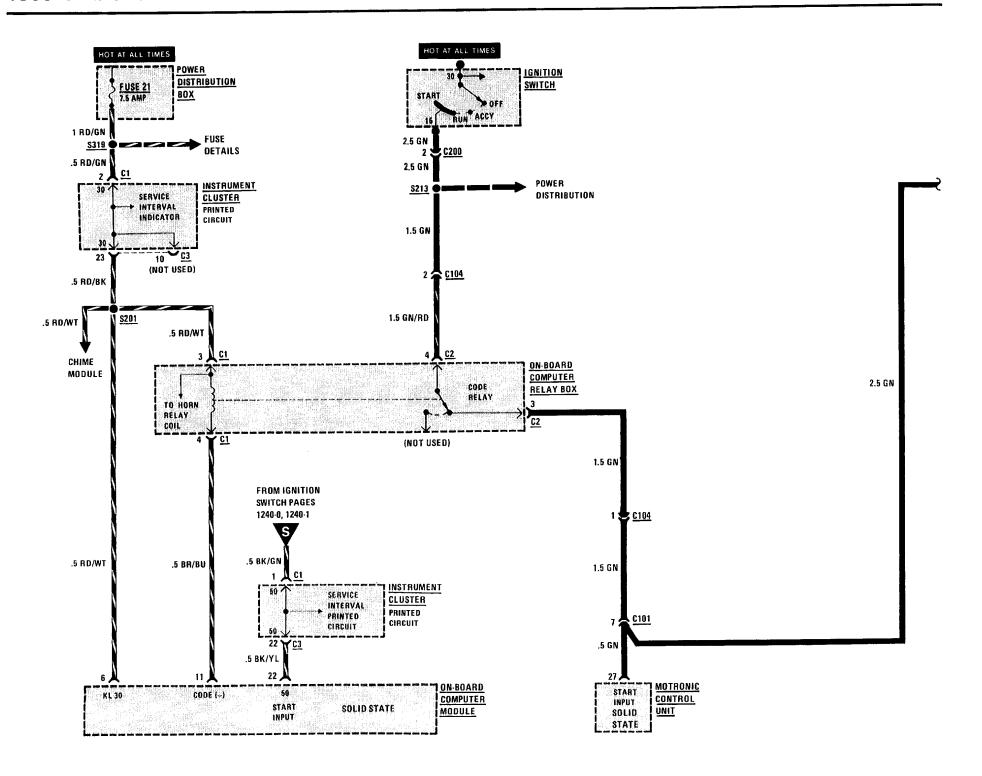
### ENGINE BLOCK DIAGRAM

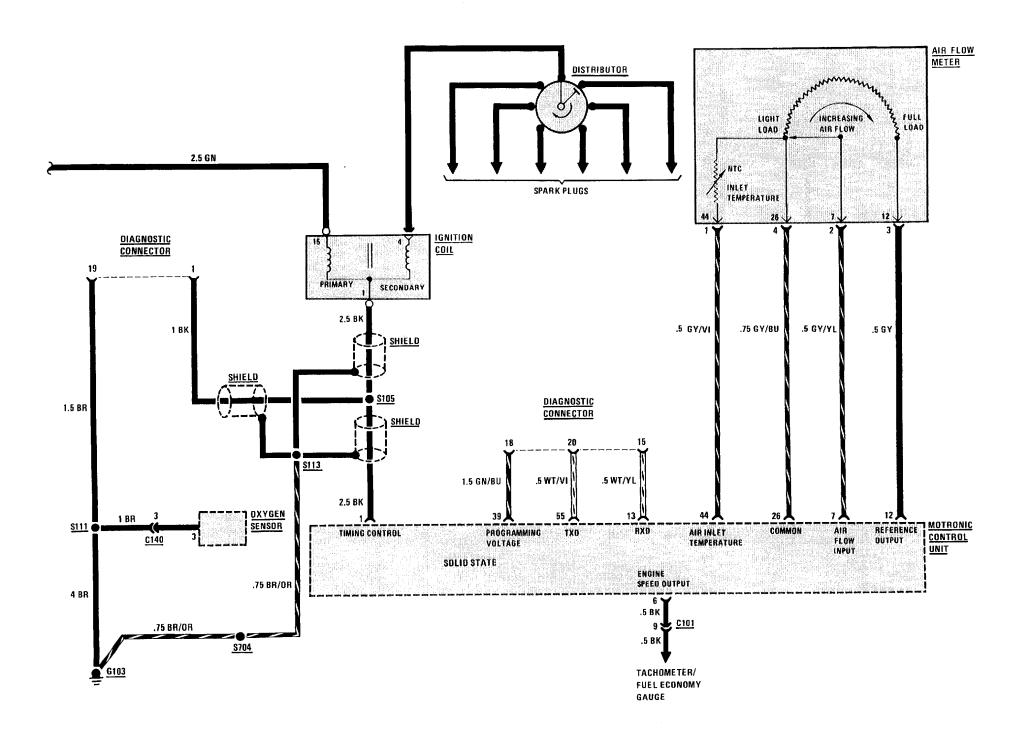


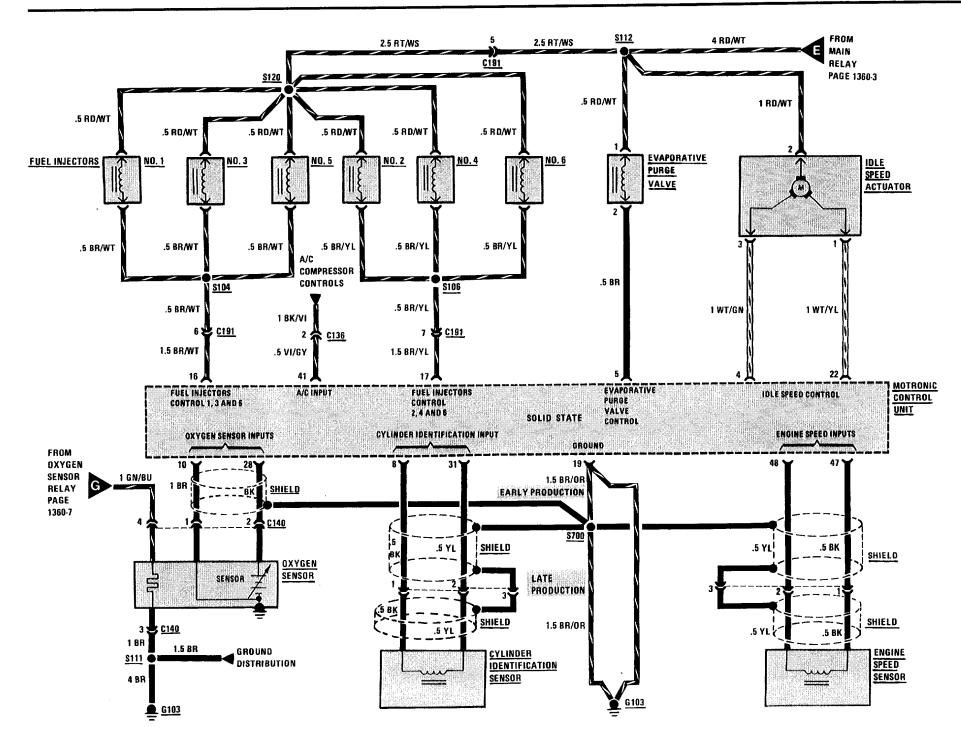
### **ENGINE BLOCK DIAGRAM**

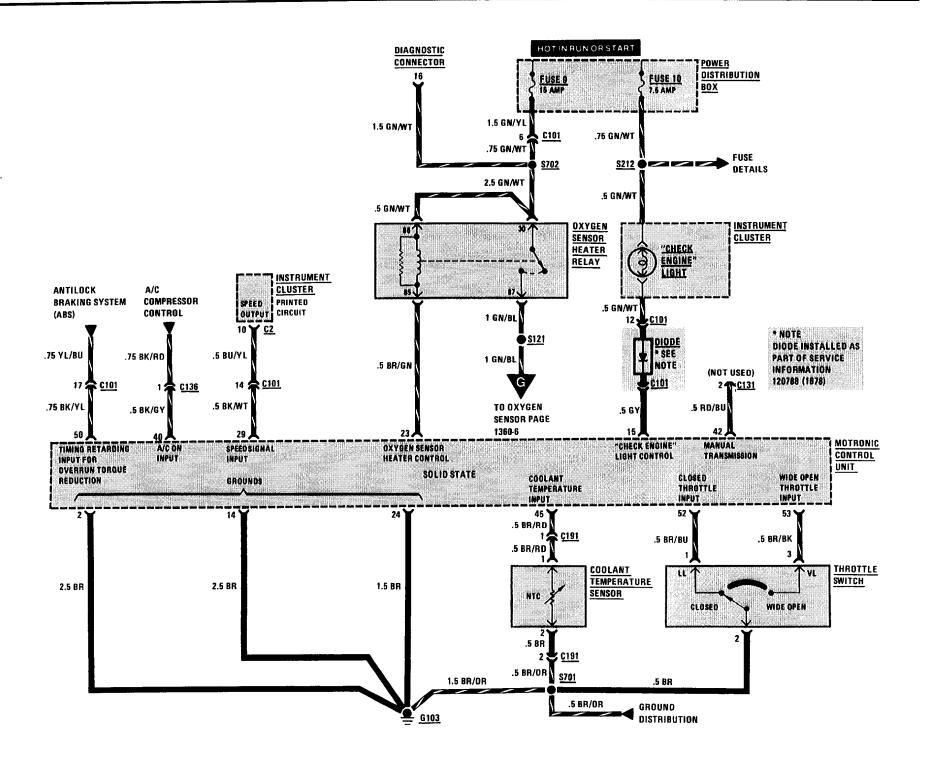


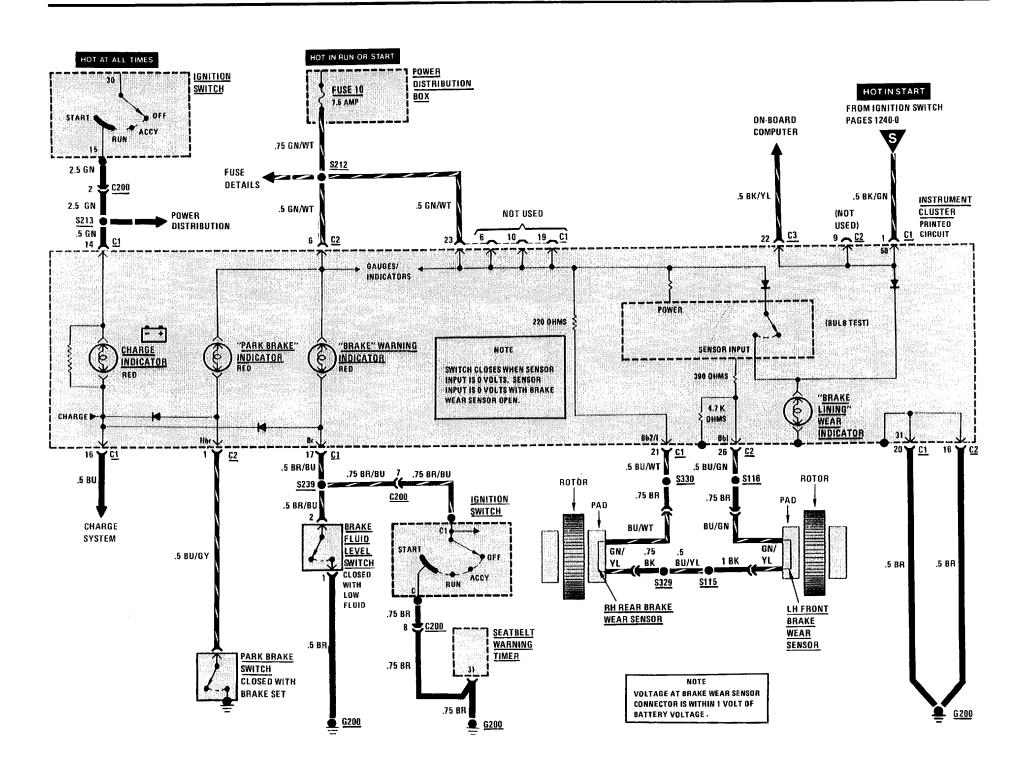


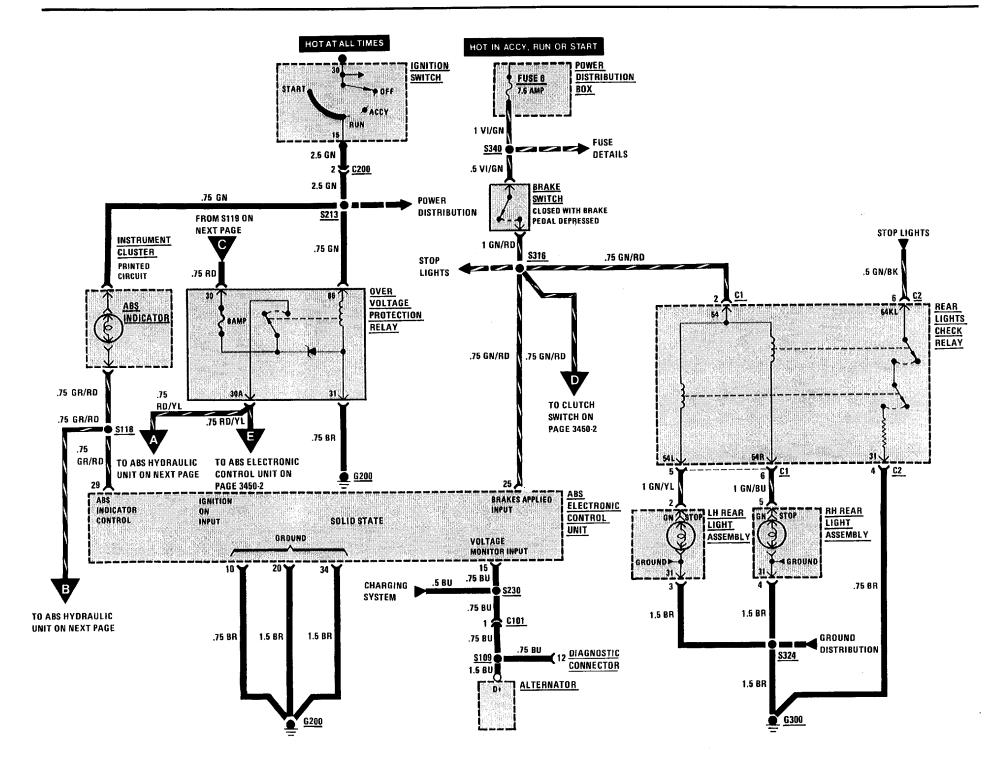


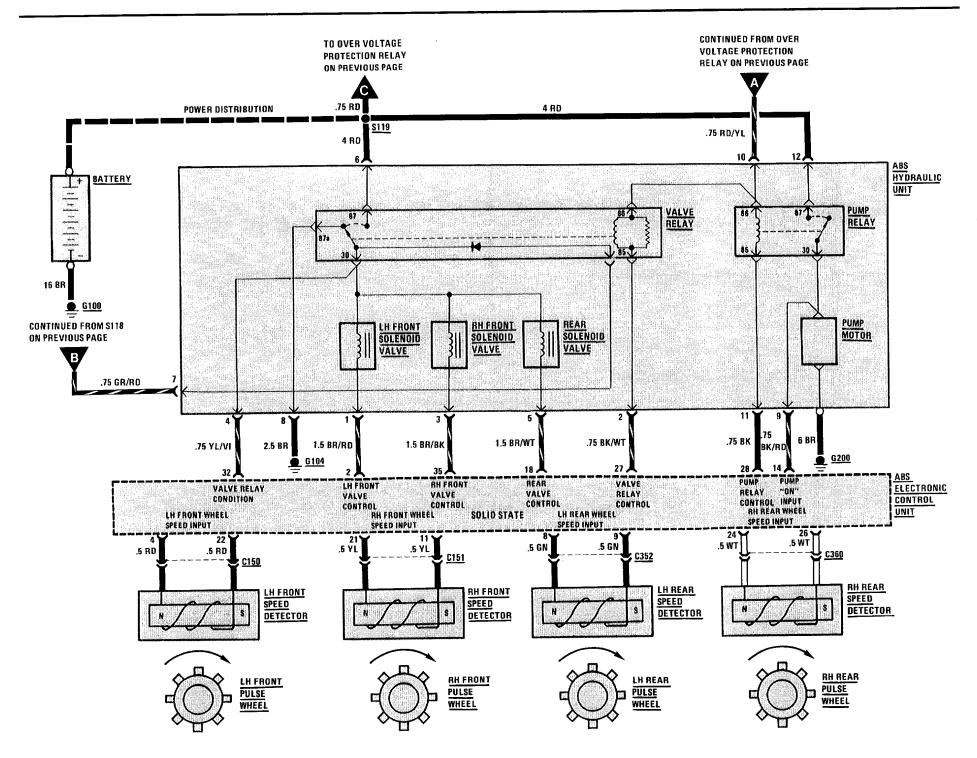


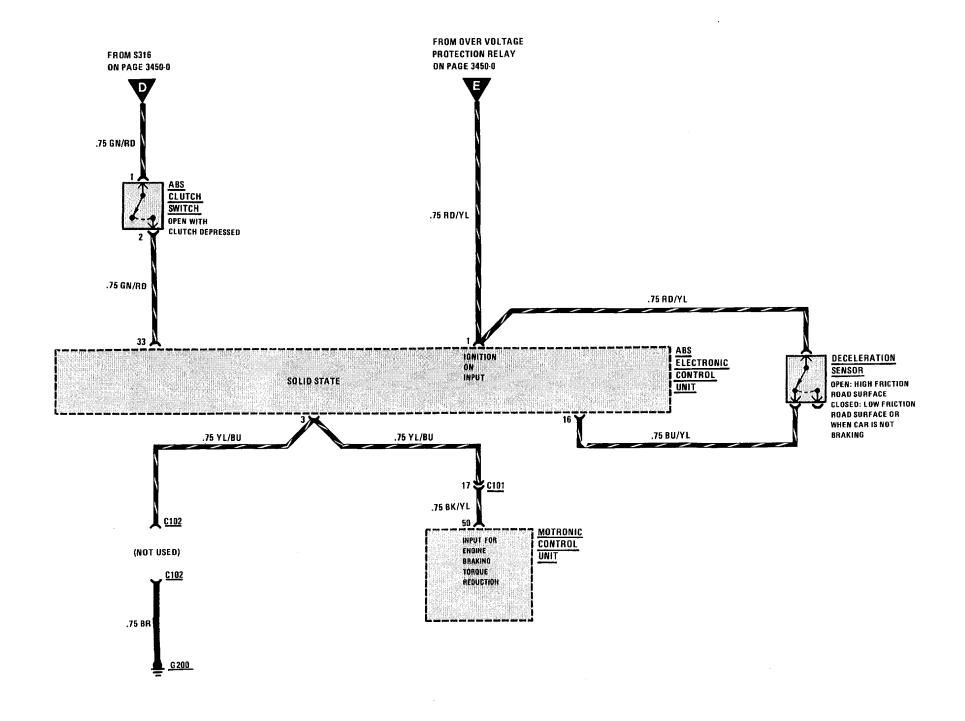


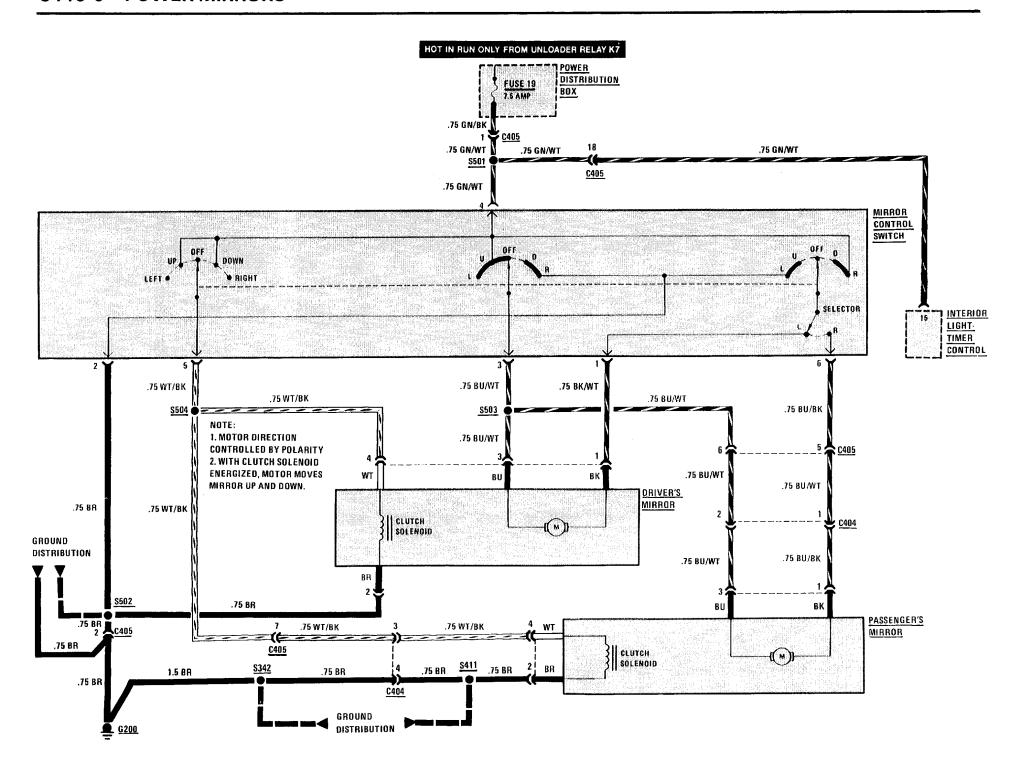




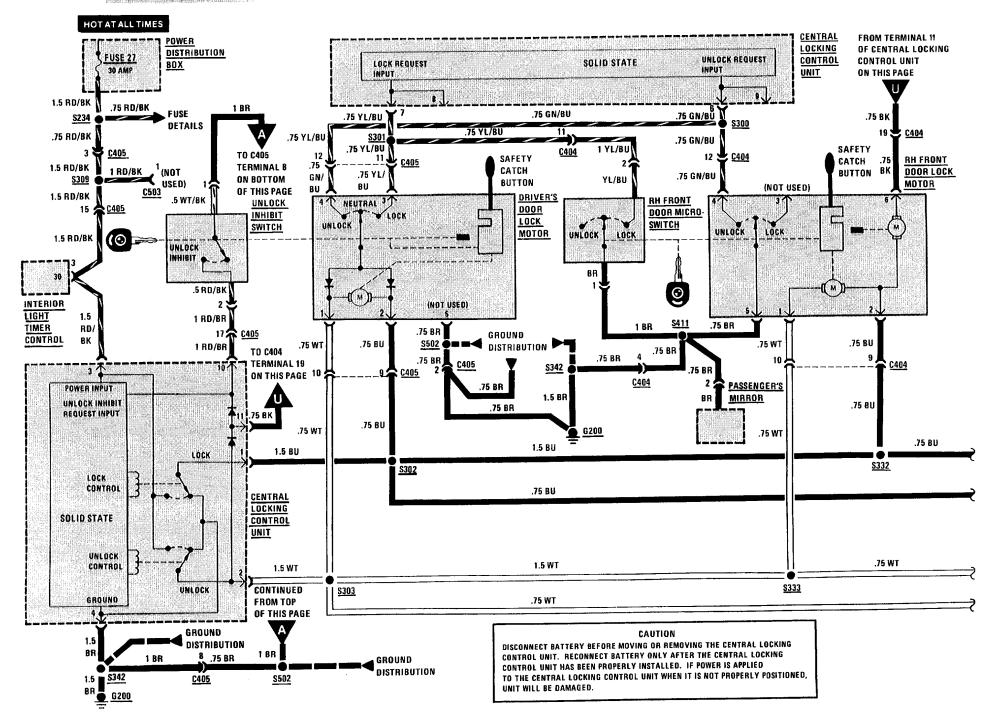




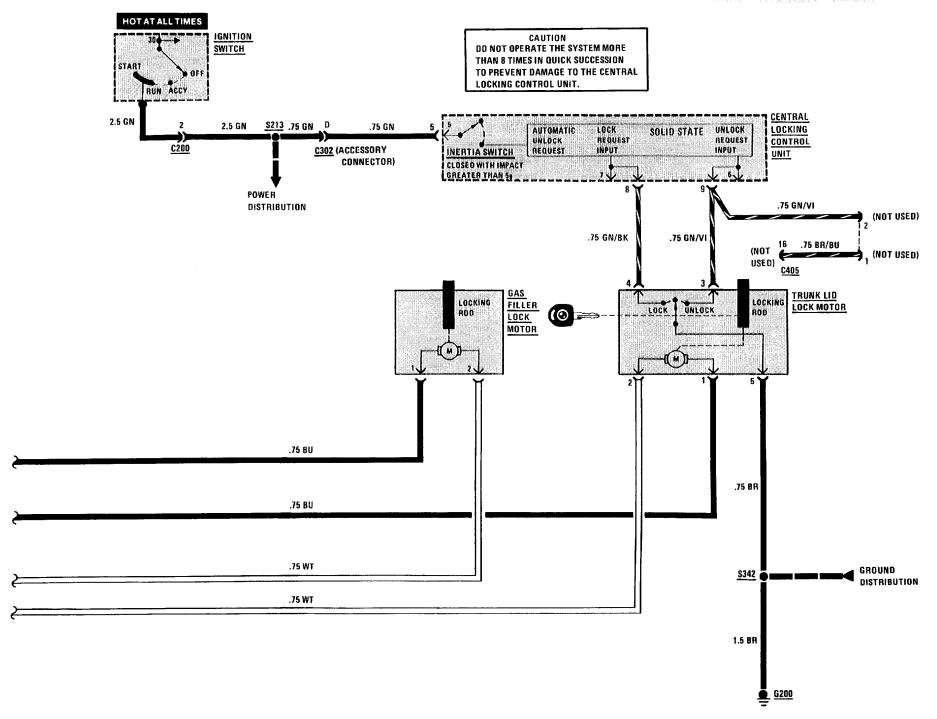




#### 2 DOOR (SELECT)



2 DOOR (CONTROL)



## 5126A-0 CENTRAL LOCKING

#### **TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS**

- 1. Check Fuse by operating the Interior Light Timer for either Dome Light.
- 2. If all locks stay in unlock inhibit, check the wires to terminal 10 of the Central Locking Control Unit for a short to ground.

#### **SYSTEM CHECK**

- Operate controls in sequence listed in the System Check Table.
- Refer to Repair Action for the Response received (tests follow the System Check Table).
- After any repair, repeat System Check to verify proper system operation.

NOTE: Before replacing any system component, check all connectors, splices, and wiring to that component.

### **SYSTEM CHECK TABLE**

OPERATION	RESPONSE	REPAIR ACTION
1. Insert the key in the Driver's door and turn	All doors lock	None, proceed to Operation 2
to LOCK	Some doors lock	Repair/replace the suspect Door Lock Motor circuit
	No doors lock	Proceed to Operation 4
2. Turn the key to UNLOCK INHIBIT (clockwise until key is horizontal)	All doors double lock (Safety Catch Buttons cannot be pulled up by hand)	None, proceed to Operation 3
	Driver's door double locks and only some of the other doors double lock	Repair/replace the suspect Door Lock Motor
	Driver's door double locks but all the other doors do not double lock	Perform Test B
	Driver's door does not double lock	Mechanical problem, see BMW Troubleshooting Manual

### SYSTEM CHECK TABLE (CONT'D)

OPERATION	RESPONSE	REPAIR ACTION
3. Turn the key to UNLOCK	All doors unlock	None, proceed to Operation 4
	Some doors unlock	Repair/replace the suspect Door Lock Motor circuit
	No doors unlock	Proceed to Operation 5
4. Insert the key in the Passenger's door and turn to LOCK	All doors lock	If the doors did not lock in Operation 1, repair/ replace the Driver's Door Lock Switch, otherwise proceed to Operation 5
	Some doors lock	Repair/replace the suspect Door Lock Motor circuit
	No doors lock	If all the doors locked in Operation 1, repair/ replace the Right Front Door Microswitch. If the doors did not lock in Operation 1, perform Test A
5. Insert the key in the Passenger's door and turn to UNLOCK	All doors unlock	If all the doors did not unlock in Operation 3, repair/replace the Driver's Door Lock Switch, otherwise proceed to Operation 6
	Some doors unlock	Repair/replace the suspect Door Lock Motor
	No doors unlock	If all the doors unlocked in Operation 3, repair/ replace the Passenger's Door Lock Switch. If the doors did not unlock in Operation 3, perform Test C
6. Get in the car and close and lock all doors	Doors remain locked	None, proceed to Operation 7
Turn the Ignition Switch to RUN	Doors unlock	Repair/replace the Central Locking Control Unit
7. Get out of the car	All doors can be unlocked	None, proceed to Operation 8
Insert the key in the Driver's door and turn to LOCK Unlock each of the doors by pulling up the Safety Catch Buttons	All doors remain secure	Disconnect the connector from the Central Locking Control Unit and check for a short to ground in the wires at terminal 11.  • If short to ground is not present, replace the Central Locking Control Unit.  • If short to ground is present isolate wiring from Door Lock Motors one at a time to find short

#### **SYSTEM CHECK TABLE (CONT'D)**

OPERATION	RESPONSE	REPAIR ACTION
8. Insert the key in the Trunk Cylinder	Trunk locks	None, proceed to Operation 9
Switch. Turn the key to LOCK	Trunk does not lock	If the doors lock, repair/replace the Trunk Lock Motor Circuit or Trunk Lock Motor If the doors do not lock, repair/replace the Trunk Switch Repair/replace the Central Locking Control Unit if the Trunk Switch Circuit is OK
9. Turn the key to UNLOCK	Trunk unlocks	None, proceed to Operation 10
·	Trunk does not unlock	If the doors unlock, repair/replace the Trunk Lock Motor circuit or Trunk Lock Motor If the doors do not unlock, repair/replace the Trunk Switch Repair/replace the Central Locking Control Unit if the Trunk Switch Circuit is OK
10. Turn the key back to LOCK	Gas Filler locks	None, proceed to Operation 11
	Gas Filler does not lock	Repair/replace the Gas Filler Lock Motor circuit
11. Turn the key to UNLOCK	Gas Filler unlocks	None
	Gas Filler does not unlock	Repair/replace the Gas Filler Lock Motor circuit

• If all results are normal, the system is OK.

#### **SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS**

• Do the following tests when directed by the System Check Table.

# A: CONTROL UNIT LOCK TEST (TABLE 1)

Measure: VOLTAGE At: CONTROL UNIT CONNECTOR (Connected)		
Measure Between	Correct Voltage	For Diagnosis
3 & Ground	Battery	See 1
3 & 4	Battery	See 2
TC (1 )		3 4 -

- If the voltages are correct, proceed to Table 2.
- 1. Check the wire to terminal 3 for an open.
- 2. Check the wire from terminal 4 for an open to ground (see schematic).

# A: CONTROL UNIT LOCK TEST (TABLE 2)

Connect: A FUSED JUMPER At: CONTROL UNIT CONNECTOR (Connected)		
Jumper Between	Correct Result	For Diagnosis
7 & Ground	Doors lock	See 1

- If the result is correct, repair/replace the switches and related wiring (see schematic).
- 1. Proceed to Table 3.

#### A: CONTROL UNIT LOCK TEST (TABLE 3)

#### **Connect: FUSED JUMPERS** At: CONTROL UNIT CONNECTOR (Disconnected) Correct For **Jumper** Result Diagnosis Between 1 & 3 Doors See 1 lock 2 & 4

- If the result is correct, replace the Central Locking Control Unit.
- 1. Check the wire from terminal 1 to splice and the wire from terminal 3 to splice for opens (see schematic).

#### **B: UNLOCK INHIBIT TEST**

#### **Connect: A FUSED JUMPER** At: CONTROL UNIT CONNECTOR (Connected) For Correct **Jumper** Result Between Doors

- Diagnosis double See 1 10 & Ground lock
- If the result is correct, check the wires from terminal 10 to ground for opens (see schematic). Replace the Unlock Inhibit Switch if the wires and connections are OK.
- 1. Check the wires from terminal 11 for opens (see schematic). Replace the Central Locking Control Unit, if the wires and connections are OK.

#### C: CONTROL UNIT UNLOCK TEST

### **Connect: A FUSED JUMPER** At: CONTROL UNIT CONNECTOR (Connected)

Jumper	Correct	For
Between	Result	Diagnosis
6 & Ground	Doors unlock	See 1

- If the result is correct, repair/replace the switches and related wiring (see schematic).
- 1. Replace the Central Locking Control Unit.

#### CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The Central Locking System is controlled by the Central Locking Control Unit. This unit senses when a lock switch is moved by a key, and sends the appropriate signal to drive the Motors. The Central Locking Control Unit controls the Door Locks, Gas Filler Lock and Trunk Lock. The unit also has an Inertia Switch which closes on impact greater than 5g. If in RUN or START the locks are then unlocked.

#### Lock

When the Key is inserted into a lock and turned clockwise, the Lock switch moves to LOCK and grounds terminal 7 of the Central Locking Control Unit. The unit then activates the Lock Relay and applies voltage from Fuse 27 to the Lock Motor, which is grounded through the Central Locking Control Unit terminal 2. The Lock Motor then pulls the lock down. The door locks also control the Trunk Lock and Gas Filler Lock.

#### Unlock

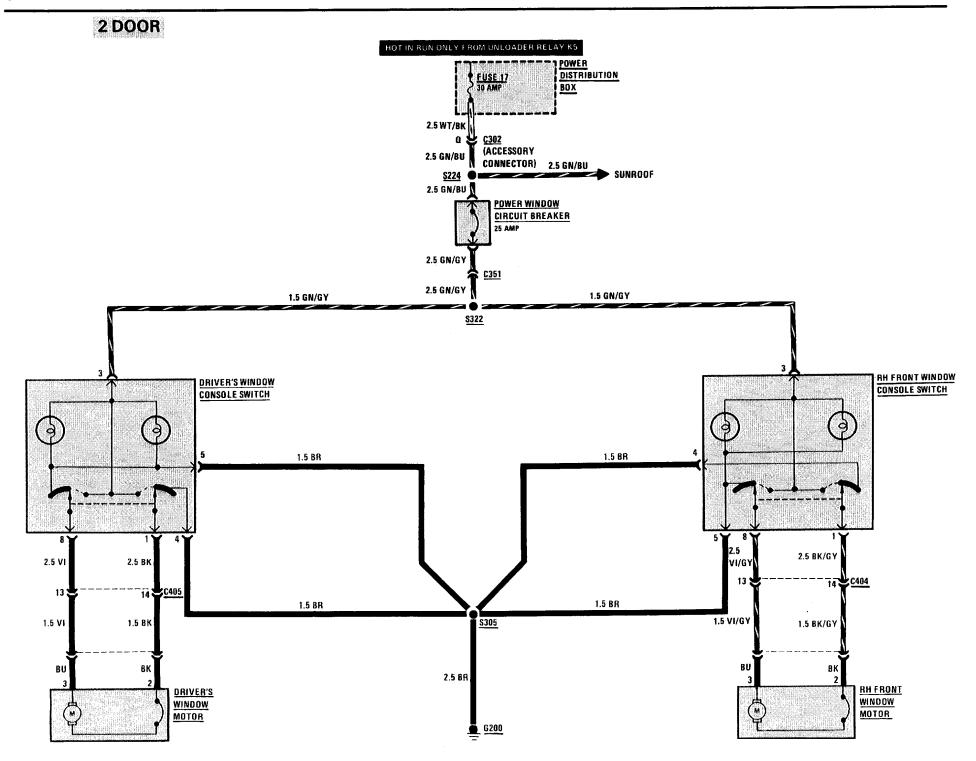
When the key is turned counterclockwise, terminal 6 of the Central Locking Control Unit is grounded through the Lock Switch. The Central Locking Control Unit then activates the Unlock Relay and applies voltage from Fuse 27, through terminal 2 to the Lock Motor. The motor is grounded through the Cental Locking Control Unit terminal 1. The polarity is reversed and the motor pushes the lock up.

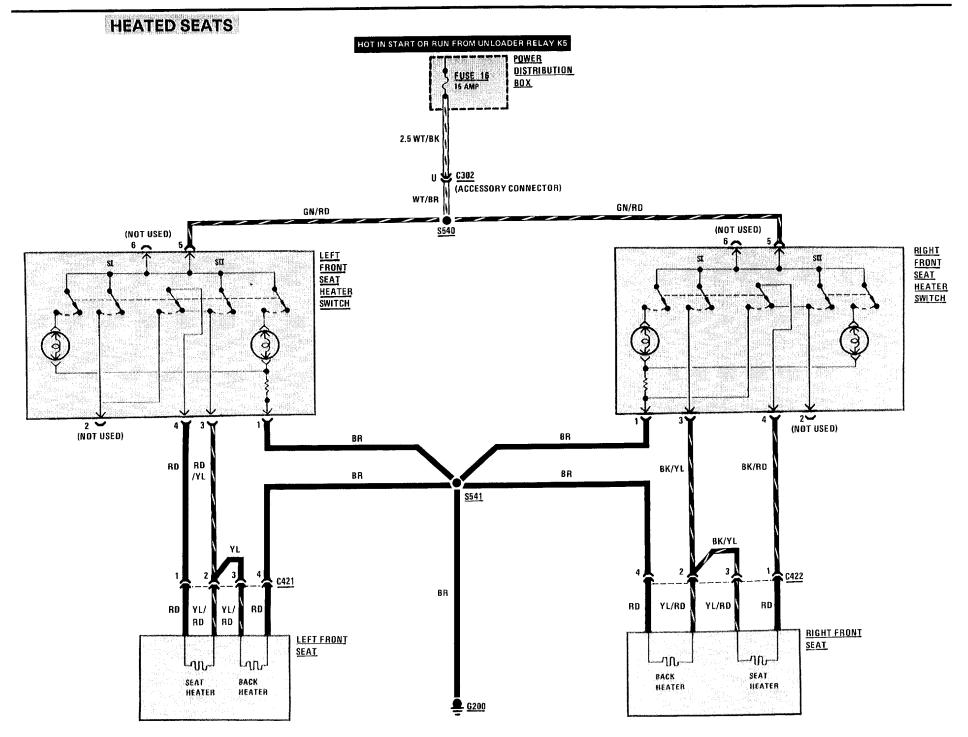
#### **Unlock Inhibit**

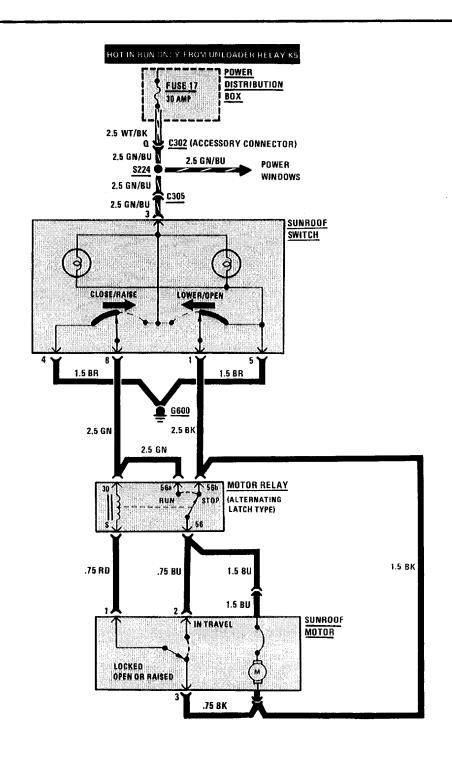
When the key is inserted into the Driver's Lock and turned clockwise past the LOCK position, the Unlock Inhibit mechanism is engaged. This mechanically inserts a bar into the driver's lock and prevents unlocking through use of the Safety Catch Button. When in the Unlock Inhibit position, ground is applied to the Unlock Inhibit motors in the other lock units. The Central Locking Control Unit is grounded at terminal 10 and then activates the Lock Relay. Voltage is applied to the Unlock Inhibit motors through terminal 1. They are now activated and engage the other Unlock Inhibit mechanisms. The direction of the motors is reversed when the doors are unlocked (see Unlock).

#### Trunk Lock

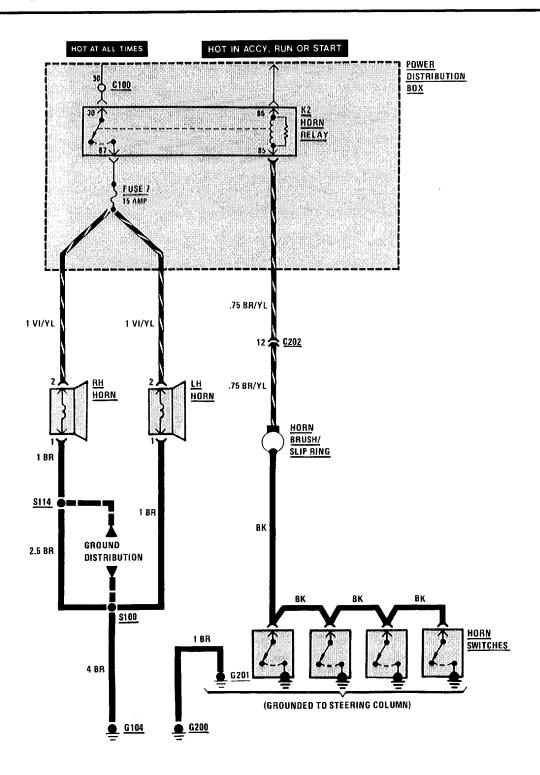
The Trunk Lock operates in a manner similar to the Door Locks.



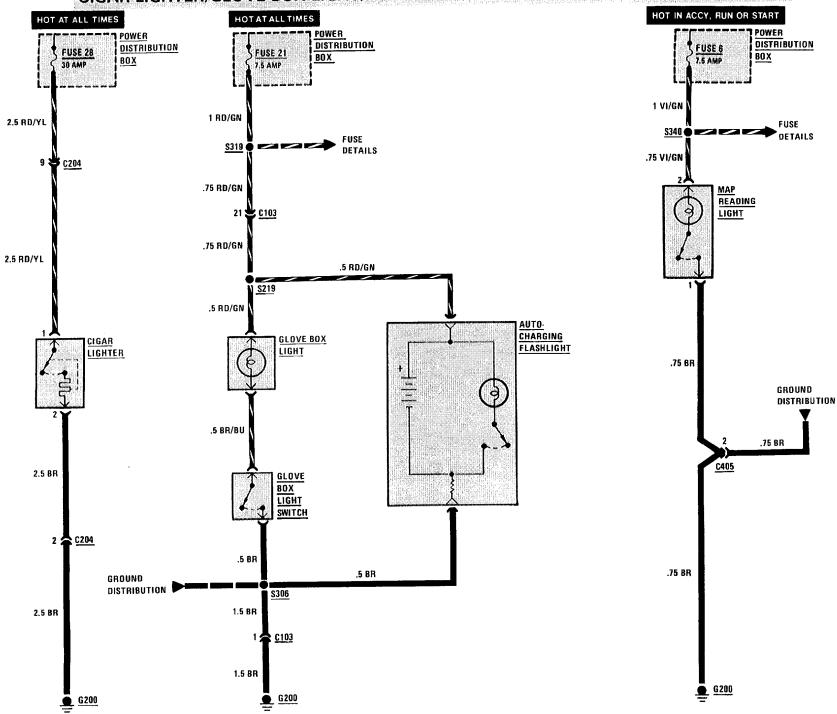




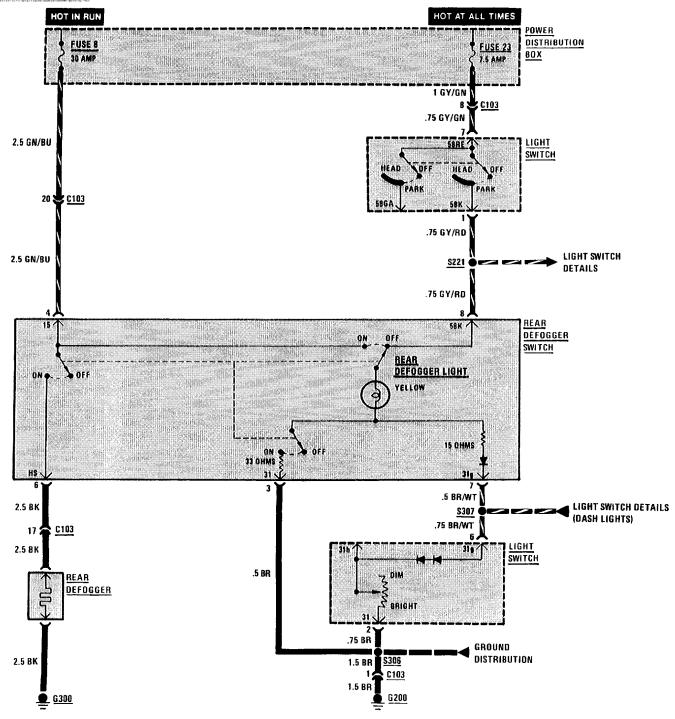
## HORNS

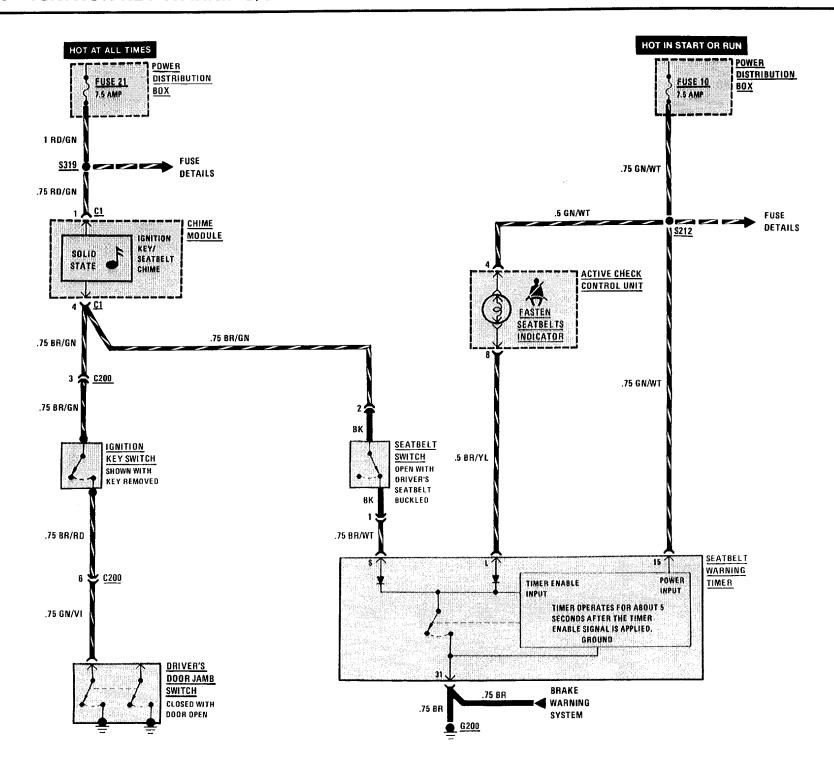


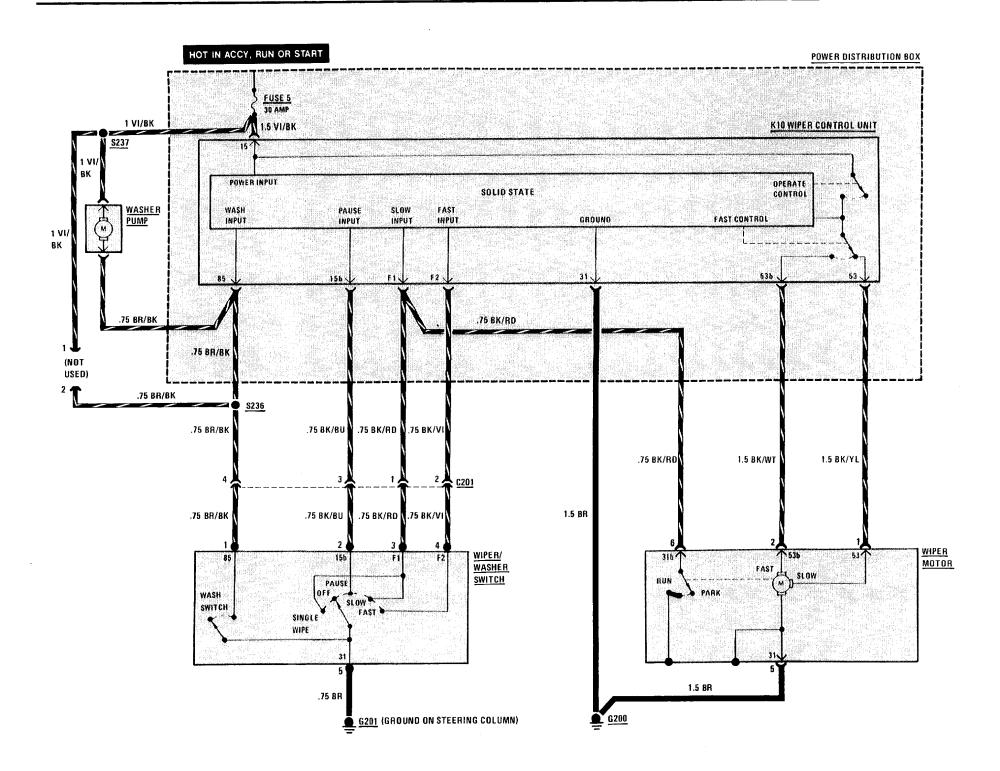
# CIGAR LIGHTER/GLOVE BOX LIGHT/AUTO-CHARGING FLASHLIGHT/MAP READING LIGHT



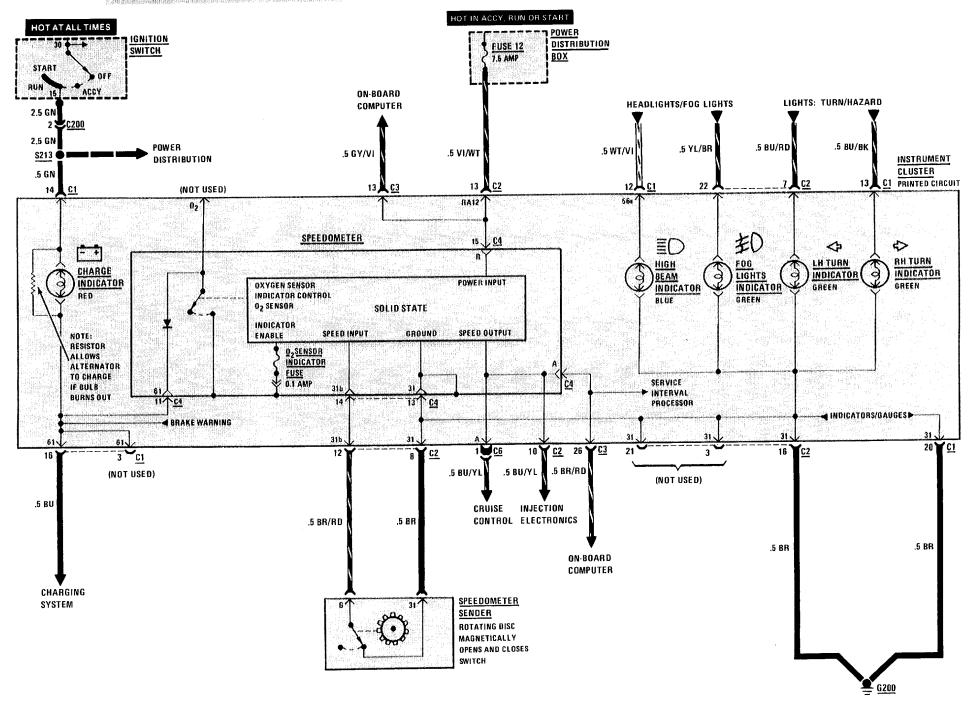
### **REAR DEFOGGER**



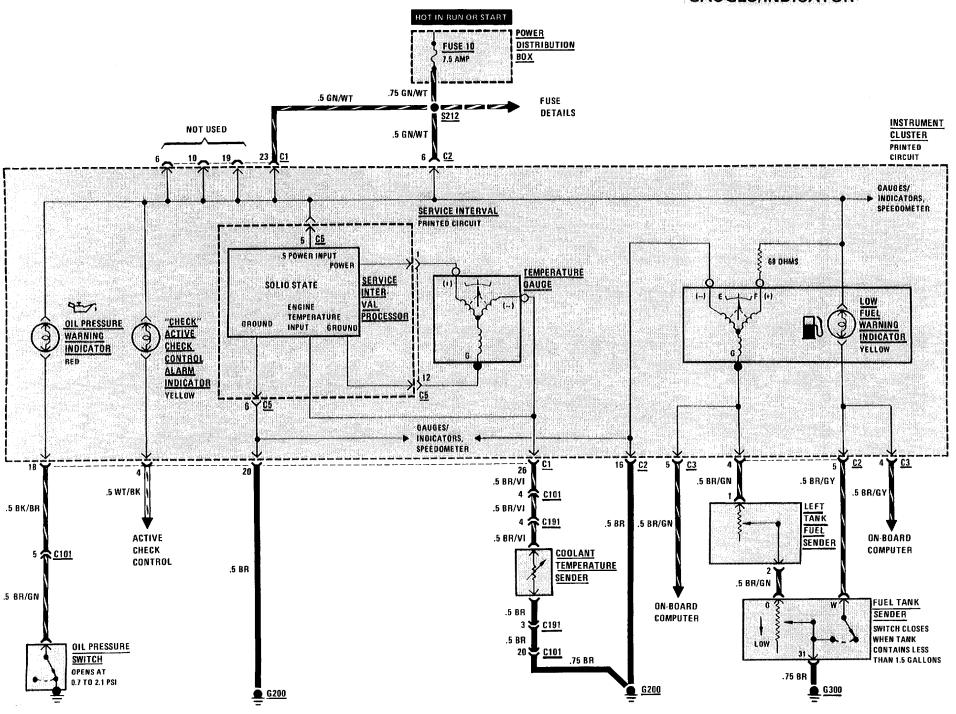


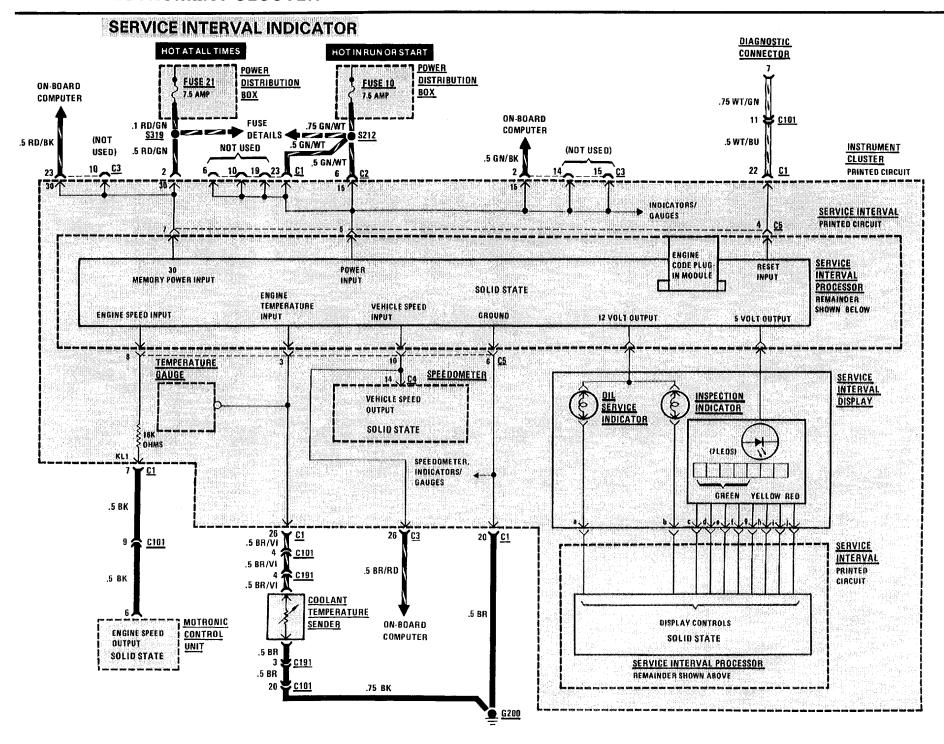


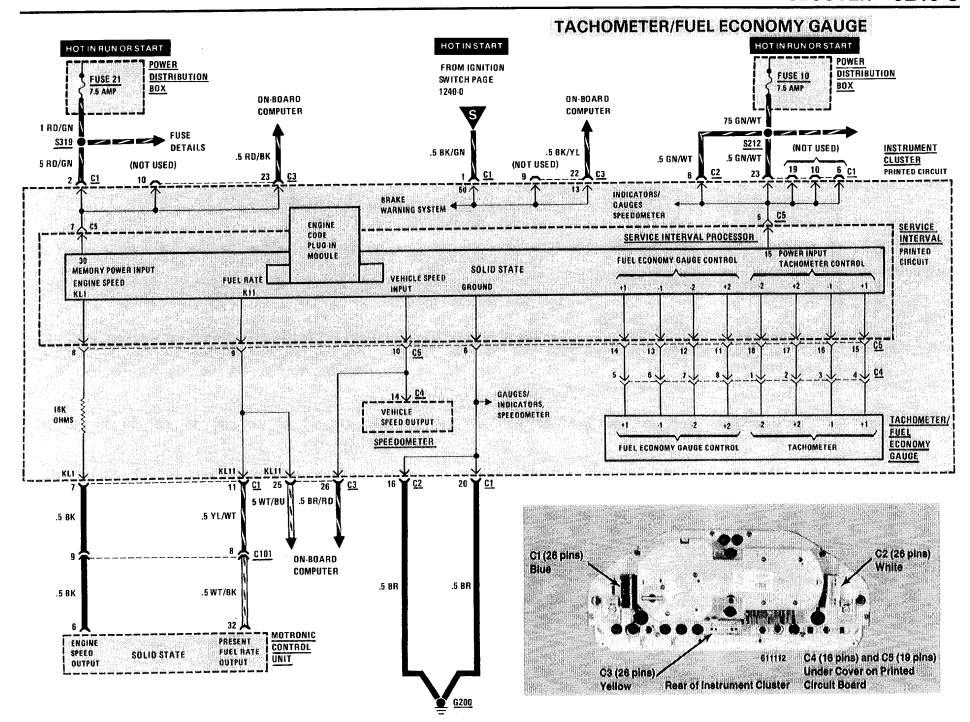
### SPEEDOMETER/INDICATORS



### **GAUGES/INDICATOR**







### **ACTIVE CHECK CONTROL**

- 1. When the Ignition Switch is initially placed in "Run," the Active Check Control Arm Indicator flashes, and the Active Check Control Unit Brake Light LED and panel light illuminate for test purposes. Depressing the brake pedal clears the display.
- 2. When the Ignition Switch is placed in "RUN," fault monitoring begins. To monitor the low beams, rear lights, or license lights, those circuits must be on. The brake lights are monitored only while the brake pedal is depressed. An exception to this is when all brake light circuits are open. A fault will be indicated with the Ignition Switch in "RUN."
- 3. When a fault occurs, the alarm indicator flashes, the appropriate LED fault indicator lights, and the panel light goes on for five seconds. Depressing the test button will clear the alarm indicator, but the LED fault indicator remains on.
- 4. To test the unit, depress the test button. The LED fault indicators and the panel lights should go on.

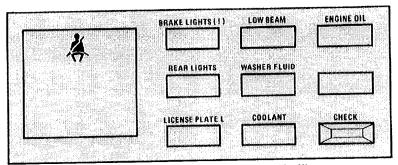
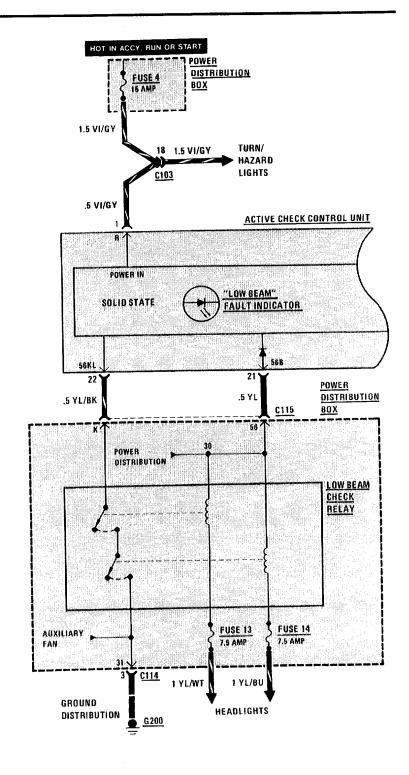
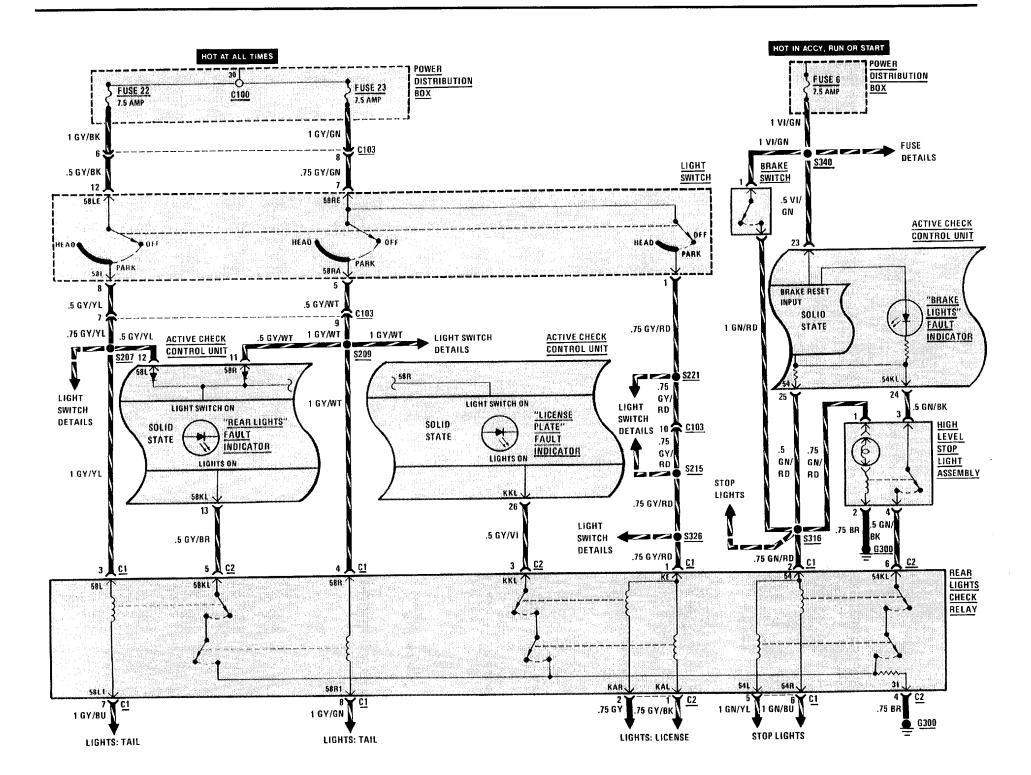
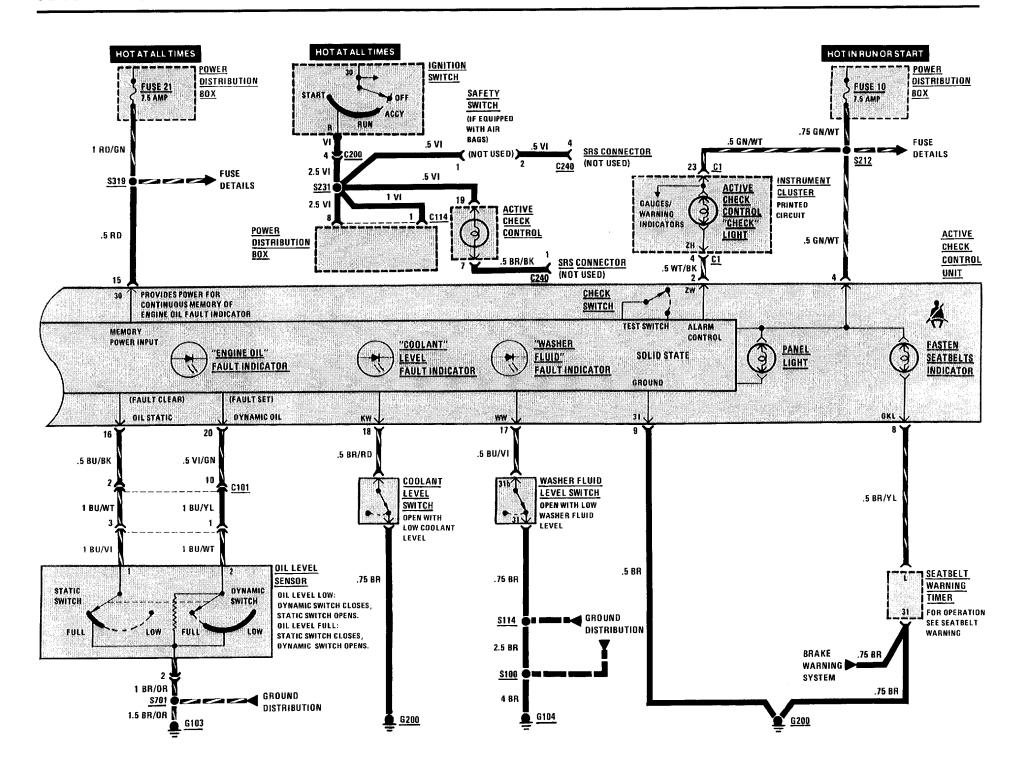
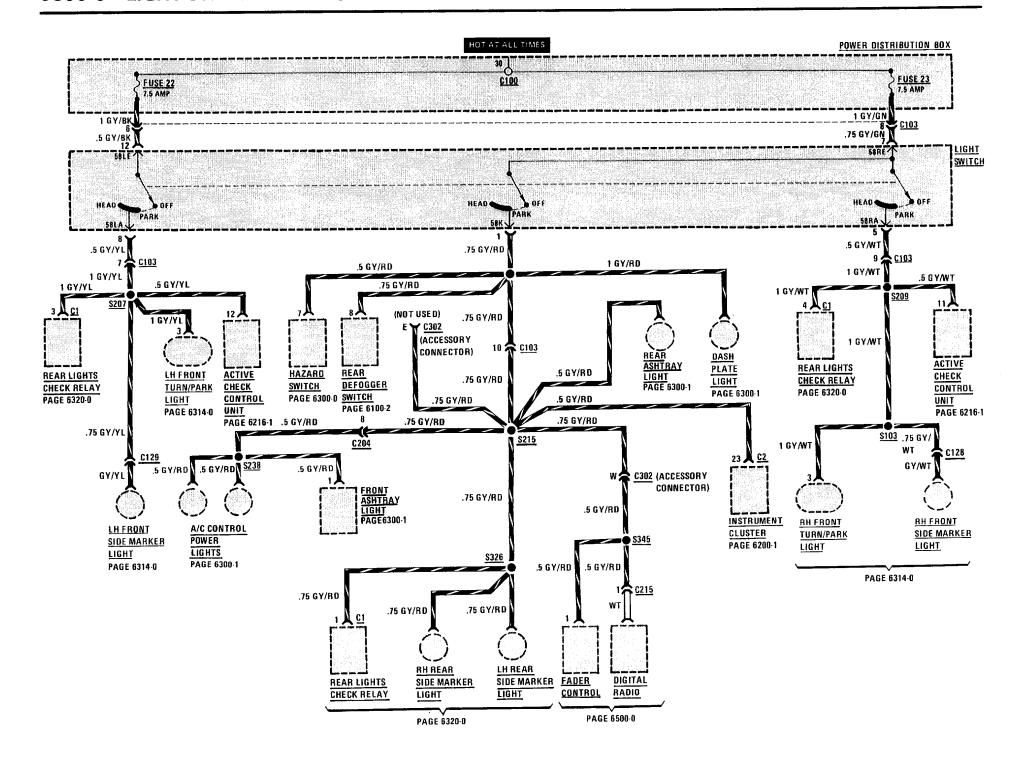


Figure 1 - Active Check Control Unit Above Rear View Mirror

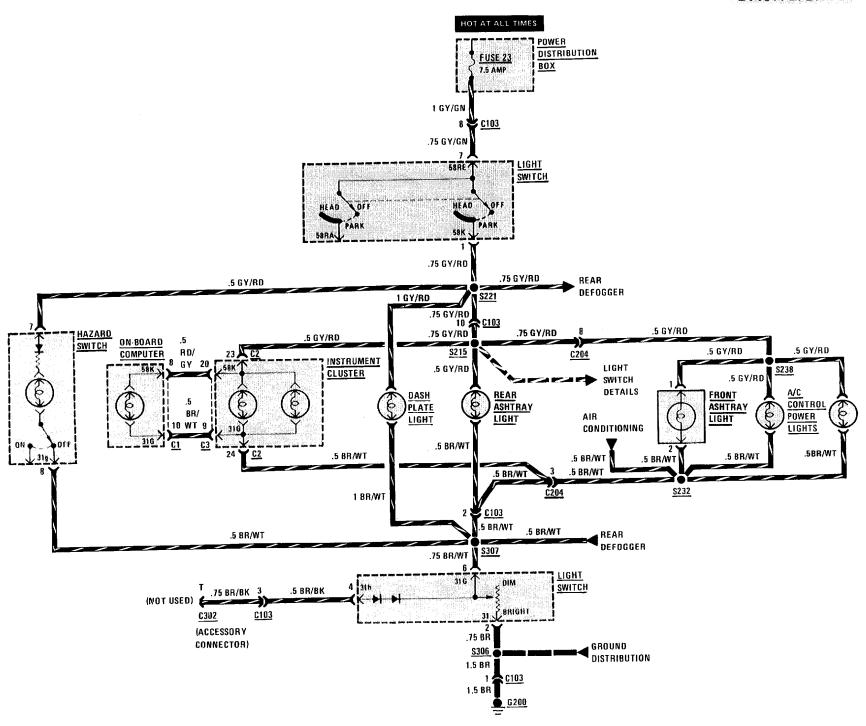


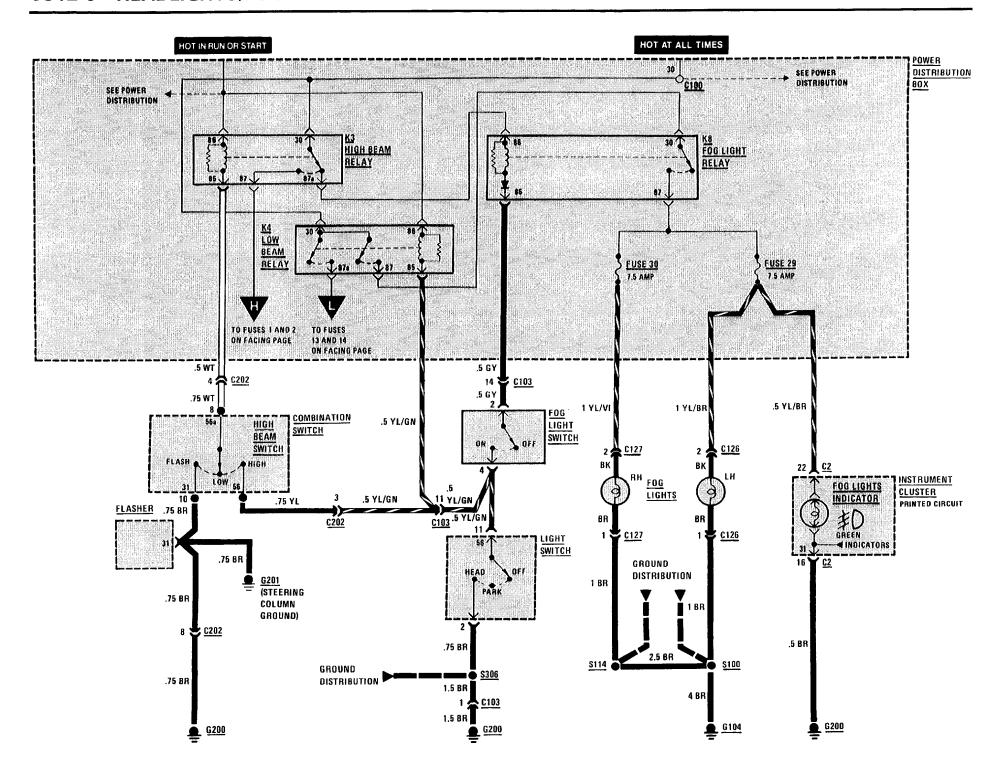


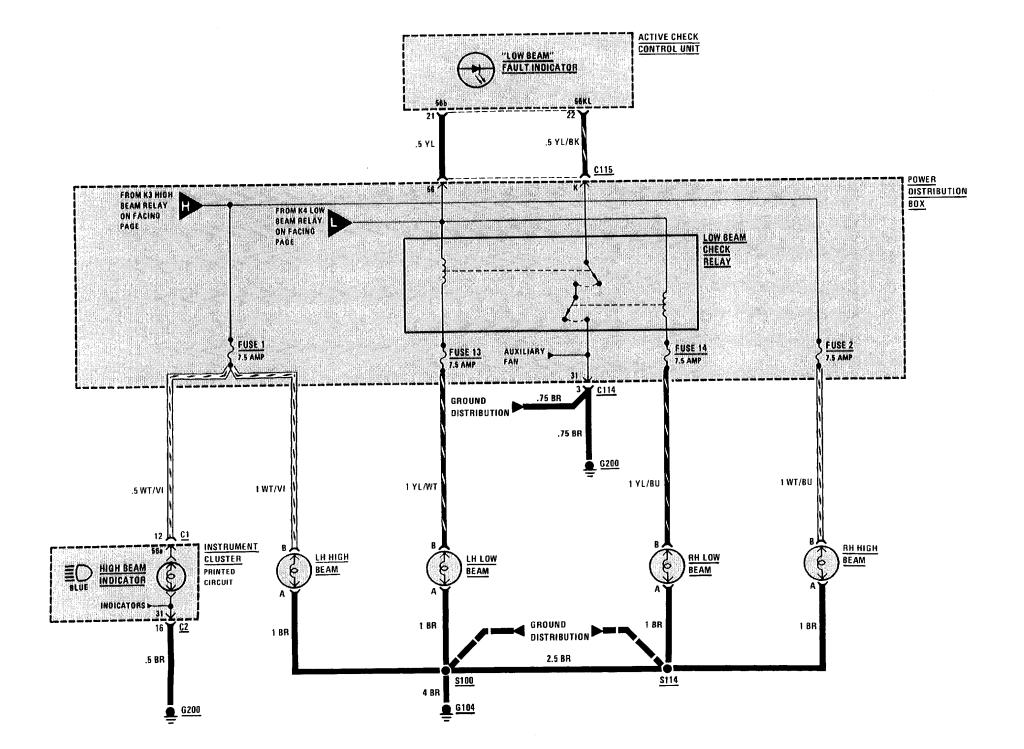


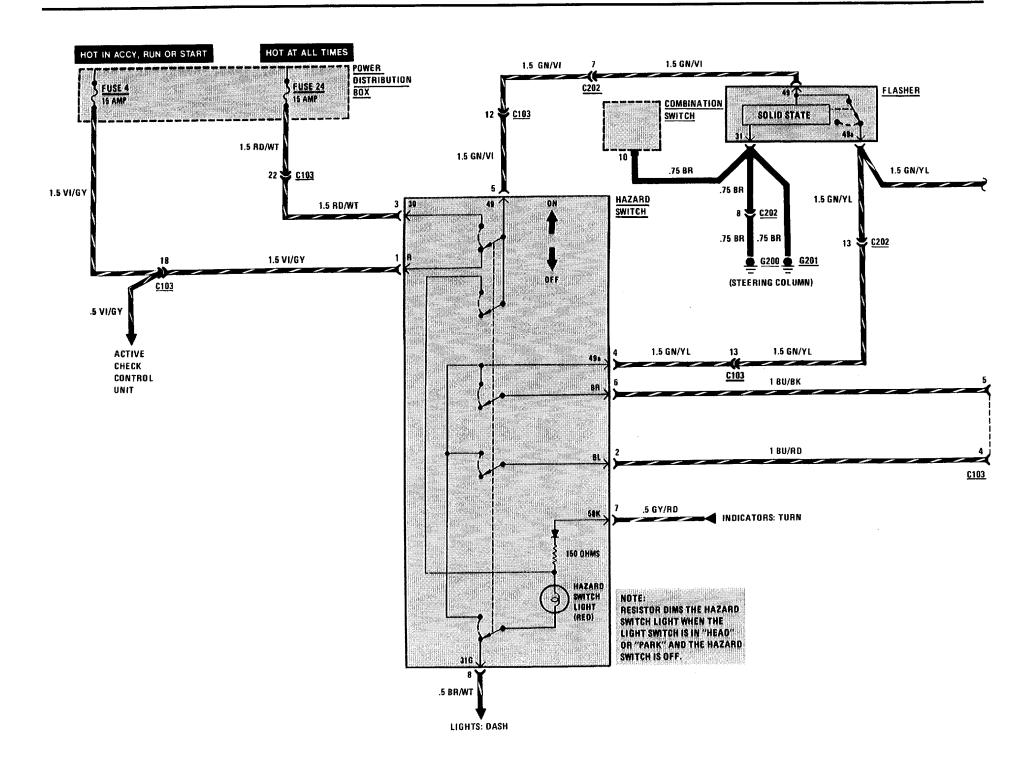


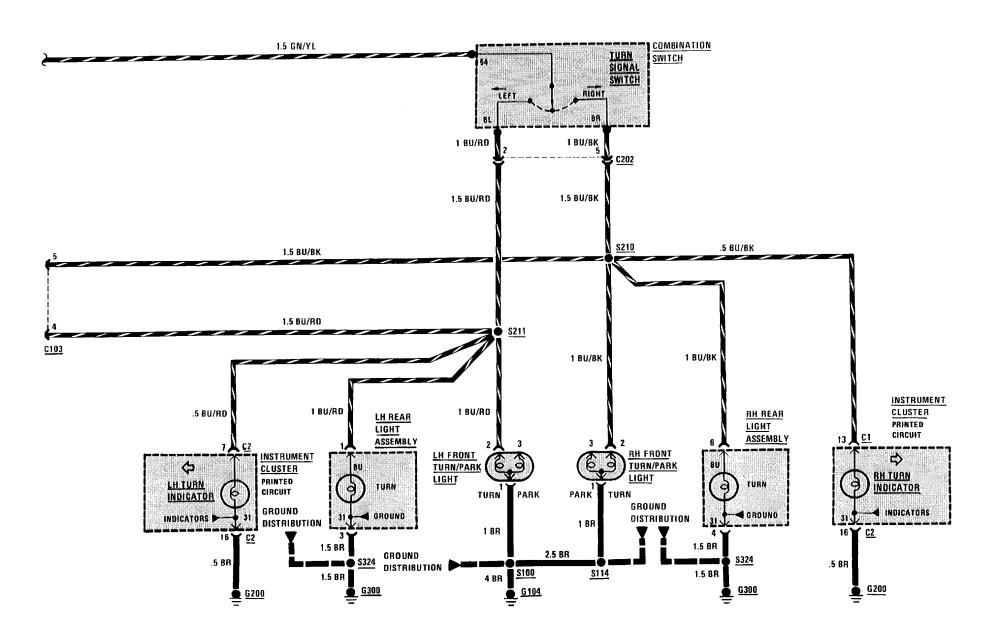
### **DASH LIGHTS**

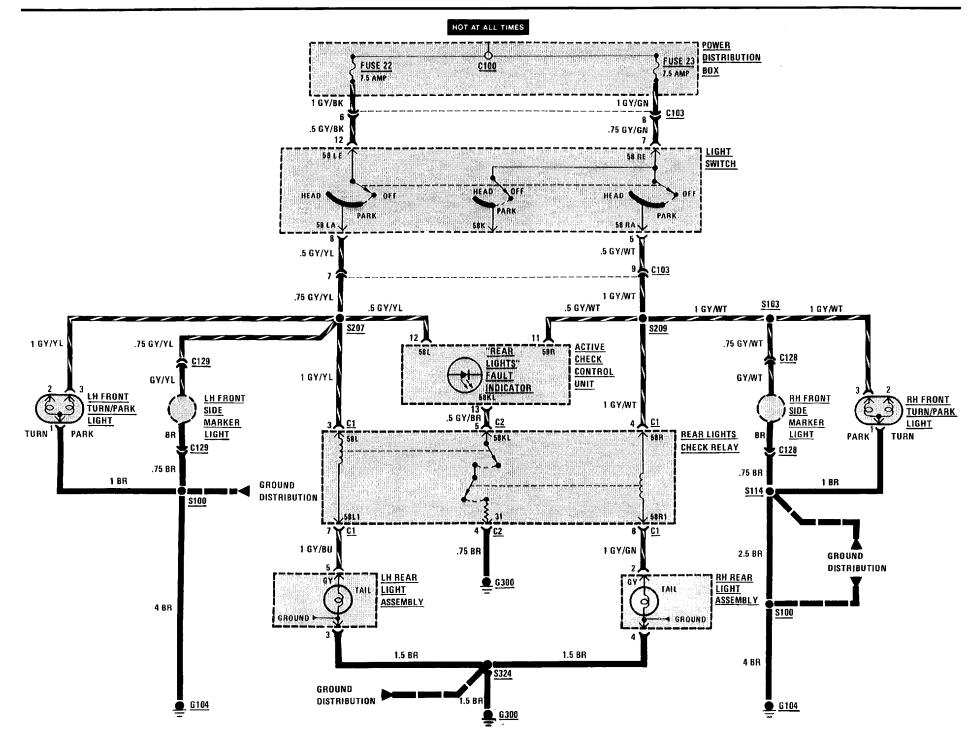


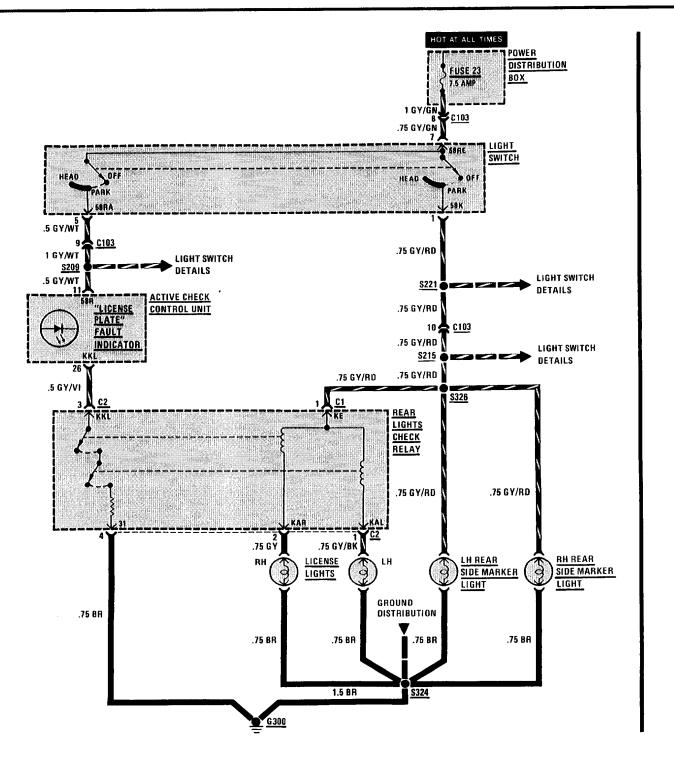


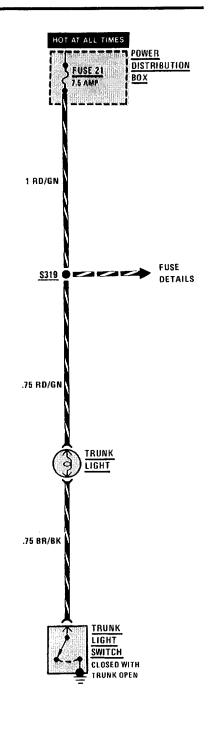


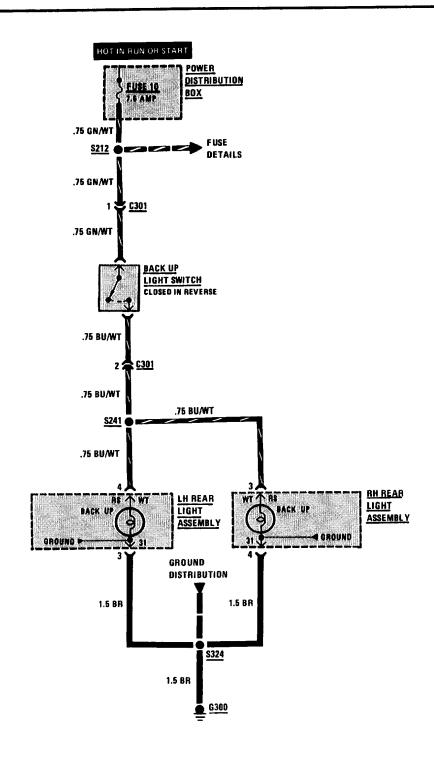


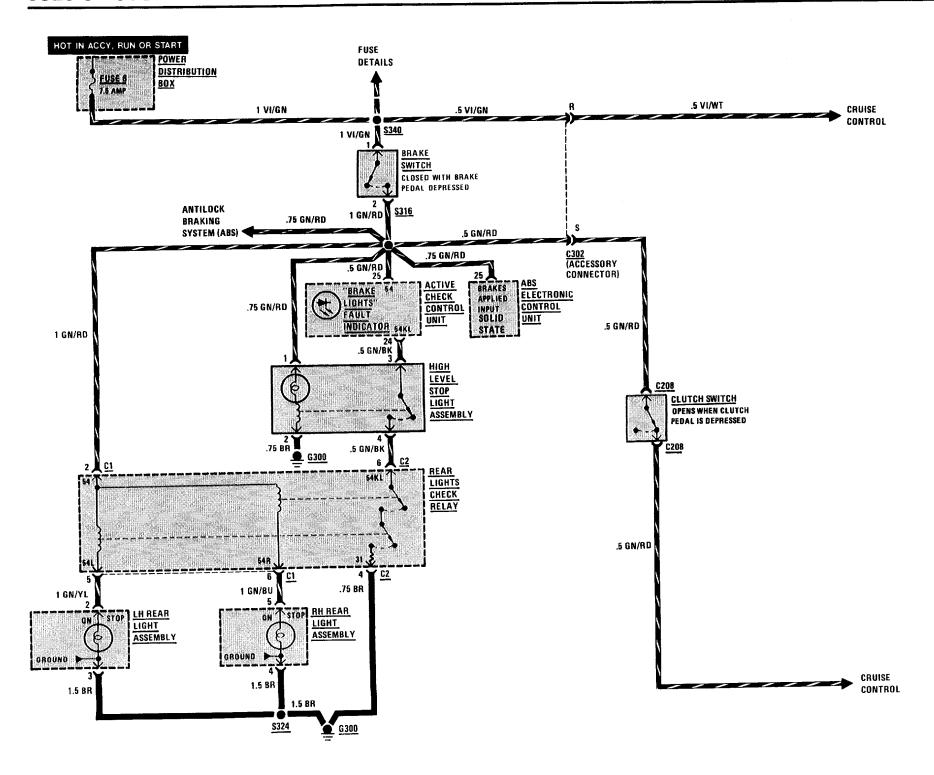


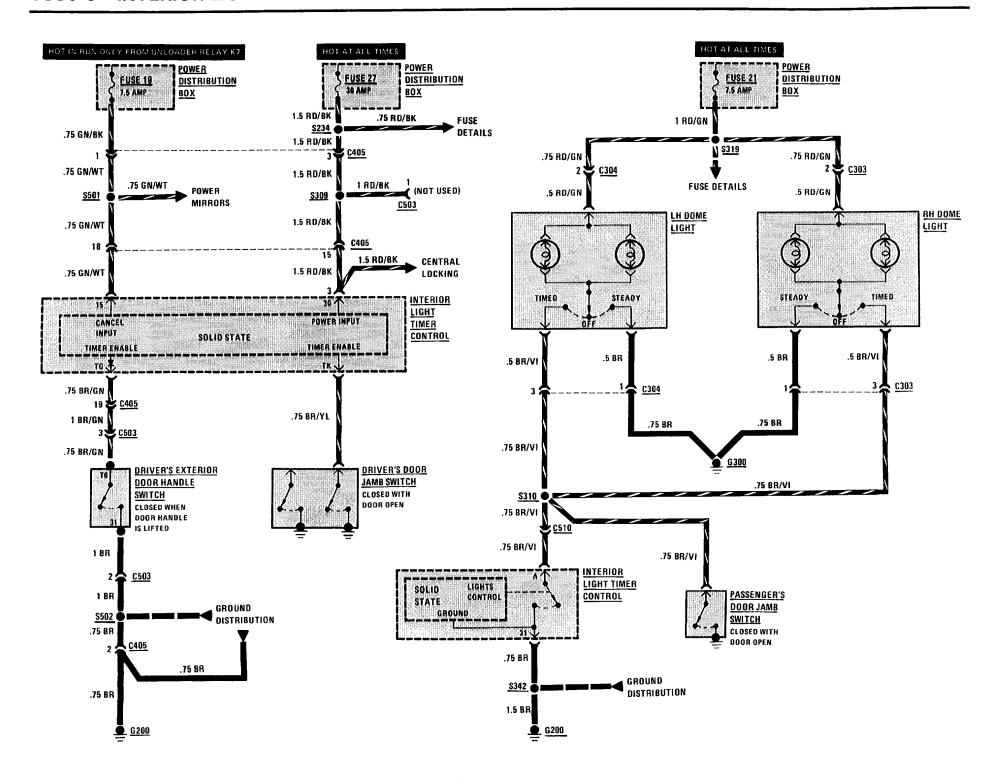












# **SYSTEM CHECK**

This procedure provides an overall check of the Heating and Air Conditioning System. Each of the steps can be performed without disassembly or the use of tools.

Complete this procedure with the temperature outside the car above 60 degrees F (16 degrees C) and the engine warm and running at idle.

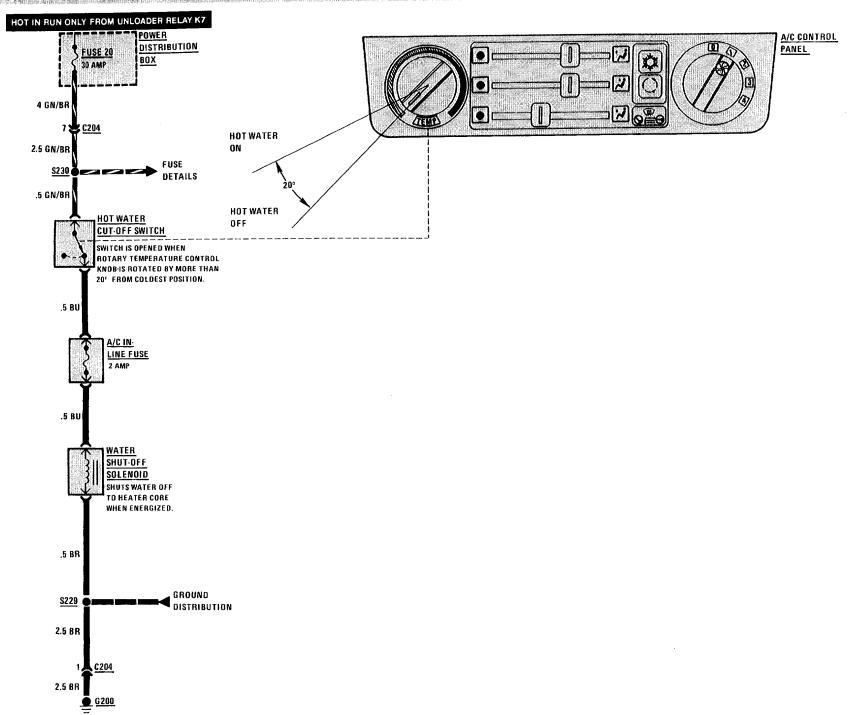
### **SYSTEM CHECK TABLE**

SET: Temperature Control fully counterclockwise
Upper and Lower Slide Levers to extreme left
Center Slide Lever to extreme right
Blower Speed Control at 0 (OFF)

Blower Speed Control at 0 (OFF)				
ACTION	NORMAL RESULT			
Press Fresh/Recirculating Air Switch (ON). Release A/C button (OFF).	Fresh/Recirculating pushbutton lights. Blower runs slowly.			
Rotate Blower Speed Control through steps 1 to 4	Blower speed increases at each step to maximum speed at Step 4			
Press Fresh/Recirculating Air Switch to release it (OFF)	Fresh/Recirculating button is no longer lit. Outside air is drawn into car. (The sound of Flap Door Motors may be heard repositioning flaps.)			
Rotate Temperature Contol at least 1/4 turn clockwise	Air flow becomes warm			
Depress A/C button (ON)	A/C button lights. A/C Compressor runs. Auxiliary Cooling Fans runs.			
Move Center Slide Lever to the extreme left	A/C button is no longer lighted. A/C Compressor turns off. Auxiliary Cooling Fan turns off.			
Move Bottom Slide Lever to the center	A/C button lights. A/C Compressor turns off. Auxiliary Cooling Fan runs.			
Press A/C button to release it (OFF)	A/C button is no longer lighted. A/C Compressor turns off. Auxiliary Cooling Fan turns off.			
Set Blower Speed Control to 0 (OFF)	Blower turns off			

• If all of the steps can be completed as described, the Heating and Air Conditioning System is operating normally.

# HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING (HOT WATER CONTROL)



The Water Shut-Off Solenoid controls the flow of engine coolant through the heater core. When the Solenoid is energized, coolant flow is shut off to allow maximum cooling from the Air Conditioning System. The Water Shut-Off Solenoid is controlled by the Hot Water Cut-Off Switch, which is part of the A/C Control Panel TEMP Control.

Battery voltage is applied through Fuse 20 to the Hot Water Cut-Off Switch when the Ignition Switch is in RUN. The Hot Water Cut-Off Switch is closed when the TEMP Control is rotated fully counterclockwise (coldest position), and opens when the Control is rotated more than 20 degrees in a clockwise direction. When the Switch is closed, battery voltage is applied through the A/C In-Line Fuse to the Water Shut-Off Solenoid. The Solenoid is energized and shuts off the coolant flow through the heater core.

Whenever the Water Shut-Off Solenoid is deenergized, the collapsing magnetic field induces high voltage in the coil. The A/C In-Line Diode, in the 325e, provides a path for the voltage so that it does not damage the contacts of the Hot Water Cut-Off Switch.

The Water Shut-Off Solenoid and A/C In-Line Diode are protected by the A/C In-Line Fuse. If any failures occur in the Solenoid or Diode, the Fuse will isolate them to prevent the failure from affecting other parts of the Heating and Air Conditioning Circuits.

#### TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS

- Try the following checks before doing the System Diagnosis.
- 1. Check that Water Shut-Off Solenoid connector is firmly seated.
- 2. Check the A/C In-Line Fuse. If fuse is blown, check for a shorted A/C In-Line Diode.
- Go to Heating and Air Conditioning (6410A-0)
   System Check for a guide to normal operation.
- · Go to System Diagnosis for diagnostic tests.

#### SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS

 Do the following test if the Water Shut-Off Solenoid does not operate normally.

# WATER SHUT-OFF SOLENOID TEST (TABLE 1)

Measure: VOLTAGE

At: WATER SHUT-OFF SOLENOID CONNECTOR (Disconnected)

Conditions:

BU & Ground

• Ignition Switch: RUN

 A/C Control Panel TEMP Control: FULLY COUNTERCLOCKWISE

Measure Between	Correct Voltage	For Diagnosis	
BU & Ground	Battery	See 1	
BU & BR/RD or BR	Battery	See 2	
• Rotate A/C Control Panel TEMP Control to Mid Position			

0 Volts

(Continued in next column)

See 3

#### (Continued from previous column)

- If all voltages are correct, replace the Water Shut-Off Solenoid.
- 1. Check the BU wire and A/C In-Line Fuse for an open. If fuse is open, check that A/C In-Line Diode is not shorted. If it is, replace it. If wire, Fuse and Diode are good, go to Table 2.
- 2. Check the BR/RD or BR wire for an open to ground. Check that connector C204 is properly mated.
- 3. Check BU wire for a wire to wire short to voltage. If wire is good, replace the A/C Control Panel TEMP Control.

# WATER SHUT-OFF SOLENOID TEST (TABLE 2)

Measure: VOLTAGE

At: HOT WATER CUT-OFF SWITCH CONNECTOR (Disconnected)

Conditions:

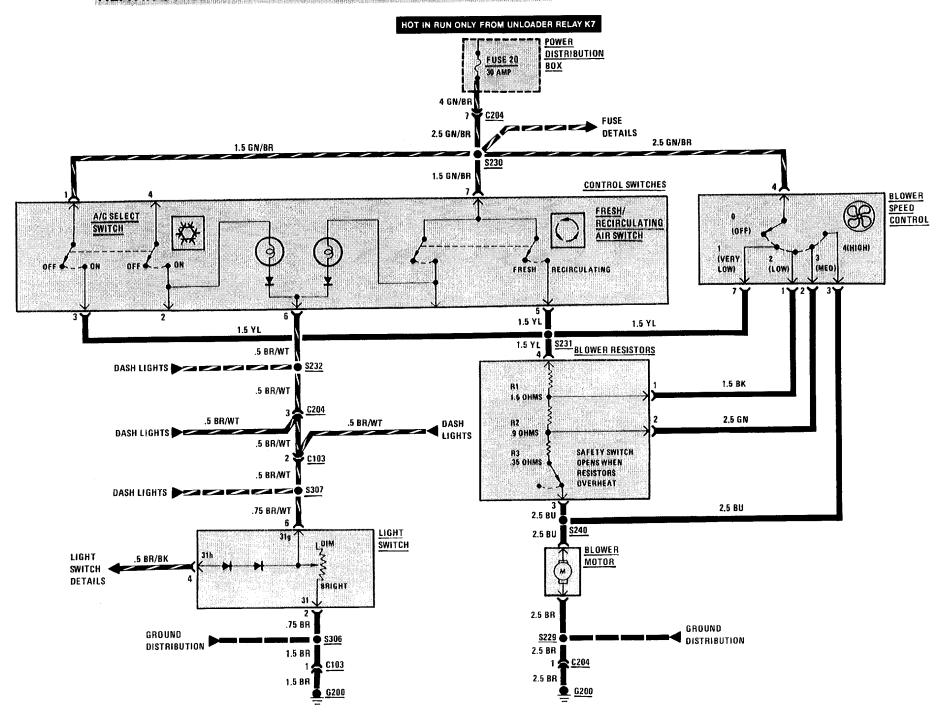
• Ignition Switch: RUN

• Water Shut-Off Solenoid: CONNECTED

Measure Correct Between Voltage		For Diagnosis	
GN/BR & Ground	Battery	See 1	
GN/BR & BU	Battery	See 2	

- If both voltages are correct, replace the A/C Control Panel TEMP Control.
- 1. Check the GN/BR wire for an open back to Fuse 20.
- 2. Check the BU wire for an open.

# HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING (BLOWER CONTROLS)



With the Ignition Switch in RUN, battery voltage is applied to the Control Switches and the Blower Speed Control through the GN/BR wires. If either the A/C Select Switch or the Fresh/Recirculating Air Switch are ON or the Blower Speed Control is in position 1, battery voltage is applied through the YL wire to the Blower Resistors and the Blower Motor.

The Blower Motor is a variable speed motor which runs at a speed proportional to the voltage applied to it. With all of the Blower Resistors in the circuit, the voltage applied to the motor is reduced so the motor runs at a low speed.

As the Blower Speed Control is moved through positions 2 and 3, some of the resistors are bypassed, allowing more voltage to be applied to the Blower Motor, which then runs at a higher speed. When the Blower Speed Control is moved to position 4, battery voltage is applied directly to the Blower Motor, which then runs at maximum speed.

The Blower Resistors dissipate heat because of the current flowing through them. They are cooled by the air flow from the blower. If there is insufficient air flow to cool the resistors, the safety switch will open, shutting the Blower Motor off until the resistors have cooled.

# TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS

- Try the following checks before doing the System Diagnosis.
- 1. Check Fuse 20 by visual inspection.
- 2. If Blower will run in high only, check the Blower Resistors' Safety Switch for an open.

- Go to Heating and Air Conditioning (6410-0)
   System Check for a guide to normal operation.
- . Go to System Diagnosis for diagnostic tests.

#### SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS

- Do the tests listed for your symptom in the Symptom Table below.
- Tests follow the Symptom Table.

#### SYMPTOM TABLE

SYMPTOM	DO TEST
Blower Motor does not run in any speed setting	В
Blower runs only in HIGH (does not run in any other speed setting)	В
Blower does not run in some modes	A
Blower does not run with A/C ON or in Recirculating mode	A
A/C Select Switch or Fresh/Recirculating Air Switch does not light	A

### A: CONTROL SWITCH VOLTAGE TEST

Measure: VOLTAGE

At: CONTROL SWITCHES CONNECTOR

(Disconnected)

Conditions:

• Ignition Switch: RUN

• Blower Speed Control: OFF

Measure Between	Correct Voltage	For Diagnosis
1 (GN/BR) & Ground	Battery	See 1
1 (GN/BR) & 3 (YL)	Battery	See 2 & 4
7 (GN/BR) & Ground	Battery	See 1
7 (GN/BR) & 5 (YL)	Battery	See 2 & 4
7 (GN/BR) & 6(BR/WT)	Battery	See 3

- If all voltages are correct, do Test B.
- 1. Check the GN/BR wire for an open.
- 2. Check the YL wire for an open.
- 3. Check the BR/WT wire for an open.
- 4. If voltage is not present between the GN/BR wire and both the YL wires (terminals 3 and 5), do Test B.

#### **B: BLOWER SPEED CONTROL TEST**

Measure: VOLTAGE

AT: BLOWER SPEED CONTROL CONNECTOR (Disconnected)

#### Conditions:

• Ignition Switch: RUN

A/C Select Switch: ON (Depressed)

 Fresh/Recirculating Air Switch: FRESH (Not Depressed)

Measure Between	Correct Voltage	For Diagnosis
4 (GN/BR) & Ground	Battery	See 1
7 (YL) & Ground	Battery	See 2
• A/C Select S	witch: OFF (No	t Depressed)
7 (YL) & Ground	0 Volts	See 3
4 (GN/BR) & 7 (YL)	Battery	See 4, 8, 9, &
4 (GN/BR) & 1 (BK)	Battery	See 5, 8, 9, &
4 (GN/BR) & 2 (GN)	Battery	See 6, 8, 9, &
4 (GN/BR) & 3 (BU)	Battery	See 7 & 10

- If all voltages are correct, replace the Blower Motor.
- 1. Check the GN/BR wire for an open.
- 2. Check the YL wire for an open between Blower Speed Control and splice S231.
- 3. Check the YL wire for a wire to wire short to voltage.

(Continued in next column)

## (Continued from previous column)

- 4. Check the YL wire for an open between splice S231 and the Blower Resistors.
- 5. Check the BK wire for an open.
- 6. Check the GN wire for an open.
- 7. Check the BU wire for an open.
- 8. If voltage is not present at the YL wire, but is present at the GN wire or BK wire, replace the Blower Resistors.
- 9. If voltage is not present at the YL, BK or GN wires, check for an open Blower Resistors' Safety Switch.
- 10. If voltage is not present at the YL, BK, GN and BU wires, do Test C.

#### C: BLOWER MOTOR TEST

Measure: VOLTAGE

At: BLOWER MOTOR CONNECTOR

(Disconnected)

Conditions:

• Ignition Switch: RUN

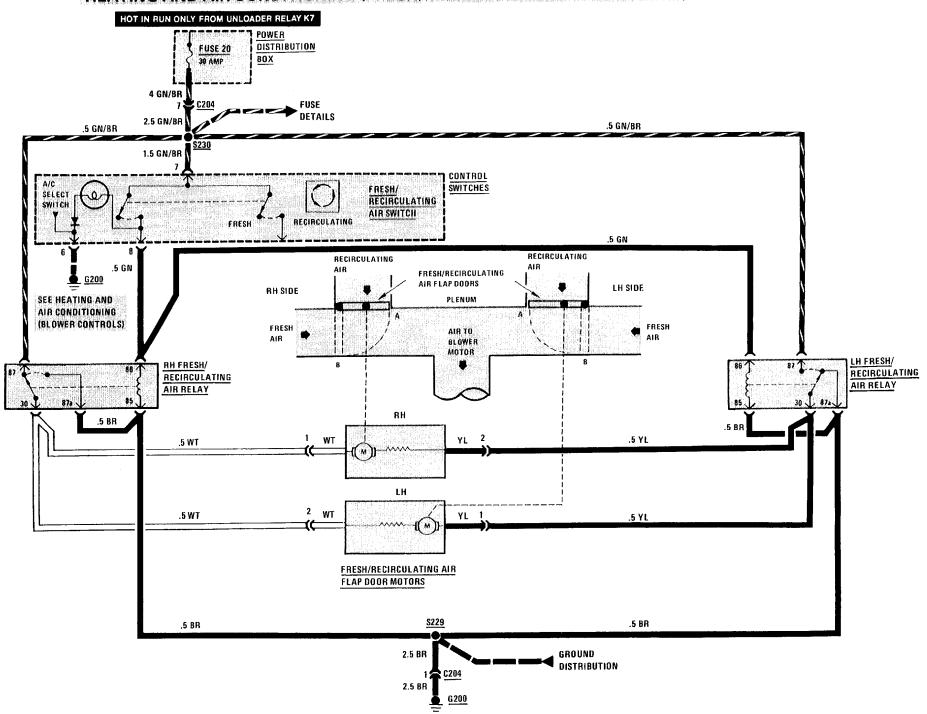
A/C Select Switch: ON
 Player Speed Control: HIGH

Blower Speed Control: HIGH

Measure Between	Correct Voltage	For Diagnosis
BU & Ground	Battery	See 1
BU & BR	Battery	See 2

- If both voltages are correct, replace the Blower Motor.
- 1. Check the BU wire for an open. If wire is good, recheck Test B.
- 2. Check the BR wire to ground G200 for an open.

# HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING (FRESH/RECIRCULATING AIR CONTROLS)



When the Ignition Switch is in RUN, battery voltage is applied to terminal 7 of the Control Switches, the normally open contacts of the LH Fresh/Recirculating Air Relay, and the normally closed contacts of the RH Fresh/Recirculating Air Relay. If the Fresh/Recirculating Air Switch is not depressed (open), battery voltage is applied through the normally closed contacts of the RH Fresh/Recirculating Air Relay to both Fresh/Recirculating Air Flap Door Motors and then to ground through the normally closed contacts of the LH Fresh/Recirculating Air Relay. Both motors operate and move the Fresh/Recirculating Air Flap Doors to position A, allowing fresh air to enter the blower.

When the Fresh/Recirculating Air Switch is depressed (closed), battery voltage is applied through the switch to both the LH and RH Fresh/Recirculating Air Relay coils. Both relays are energized. Battery voltage is then applied through the closed contacts of the LH Fresh/Recirculating Air Relay to the Flap Door Motors, and to ground through the closed contacts of the RH Fresh/Recirculating Air Relay. Since the voltage is now applied to the Flap Door Motors in the opposite direction, the motors reverse direction and move the Fresh/ Recirculating Air Flap Doors to position B, allowing only recirculating air to enter the blower. Both of the Air Flap Door Motors remain energized continuously. When the doors reach the end of their travel, the motors stall and hold the doors in position.

# TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS

- Try the following checks before doing the System Diagnosis.
- 1. Check that LH and RH Fresh/Recirculating Air Relays are firmly seated.
- 2. Check that LH and RH Fresh/Recirculating Air Relay pigtail connectors are properly mated.
- Go to Heating and Air Conditioning (6410-0)
   System Check for a guide to normal operation.
- Go to System Diagnosis for diagnostic tests.

## **SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS**

 Do the tests below if the Fresh/Recirculating Air Flap Doors do not operate.

# A: FRESH/RECIRCULATING AIR FLAP DOOR MOTOR VOLTAGE TEST

Measure: VOLTAGE

At: FRESH/RECIRCULATING AIR FLAP DOOR MOTOR PIGTAIL CONNECTORS

(Disconnected)

#### **Conditions:**

- Ignition Switch: RUN
- Fresh/Recirculating Air Switch: RELEASED (FRESH)

Measure Between	Correct Voltage	For Diagnosis
WT and Ground	Battery	See 1
WT and YL	Battery	See 2
		Air Switch

Fresh/Recirculating Air Switch DEPRESSED (RECIRCULATING)

YL and Ground	Battery	See 3

(Continued in next column)

#### (Continued from previous column)

Y	L and '	WT	I	3att	ery	See 3	
•	If all	volta	ges	are	correct,	replace	the

- inoperative motor.
   Check the WT wire for an open. If wire is good, do Test B for RH Air Relay.
- 2. Check the YL wire for an open. If wire is good, do Test B for LH Air Relay.
- 3. Do Test B for both Air Relays.

# B: FRESH/RECIRCULATING AIR RELAY VOLTAGE TEST

Measure: VOLTAGE

At: FRESH/RECIRCULATING AIR RELAY CONNECTOR (Disconnected)

#### Conditions:

- Ignition Switch: RUN
- Fresh/Recirculating Air Switch: DEPRESSED (RECIRCULATING)
- Fresh/Recirculating Air Flap Door Motor Connectors: CONNECTED

Measure Between	Correct Voltage	For Diagnosis
87 (GN/BR) and Ground	Battery	See 1
86 (GN) and Ground	Battery	See 2
86 (GN) and 85 (BR)	Battery	See 3
86 (GN) and 87a (BR)	Battery	See 3

(Continued on next page)

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- If all voltages are correct, replace the suspect Fresh/Recirculating Air Relay.
- 1. Check the GN/BR wire for an open.
- 2. Check the GN wire back to the Control Switches for an open. If wire is good, do Test C.
- 3. Check the BR wire for an open.

# C: CONTROL SWITCHES VOLTAGE TEST

Measure: VOLTAGE

At: CONTROL SWITCHES CONNECTOR

(Disconnected)

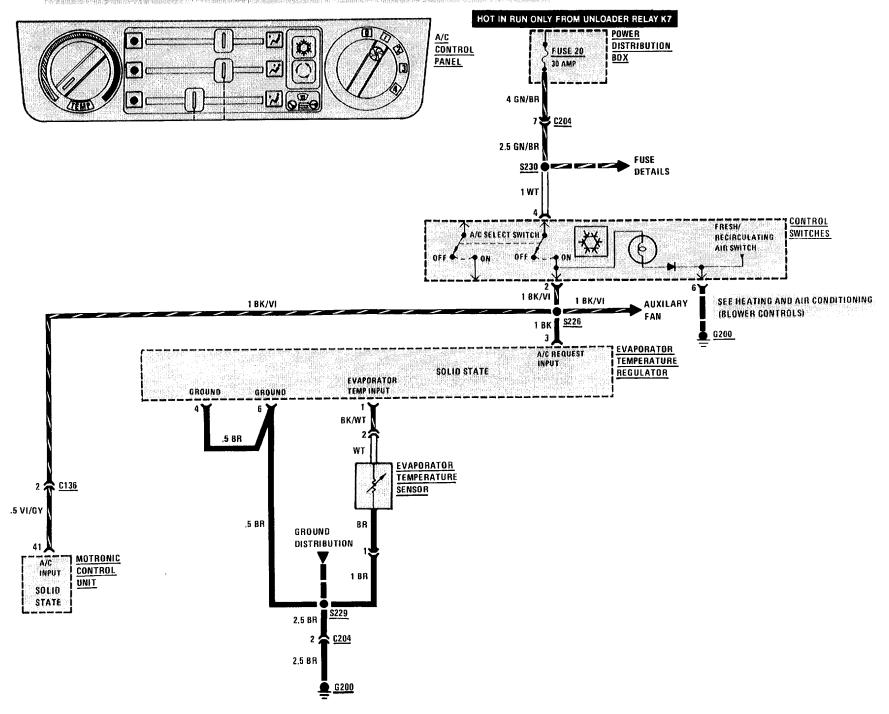
Condition:

• Ignition Switch: RUN

Measure Between	Correct Voltage	For Diagnosis
7 (GN/BR) & Ground	Battery	See 1
7 (GN/BR) & 8 (GN)	Battery	See 2

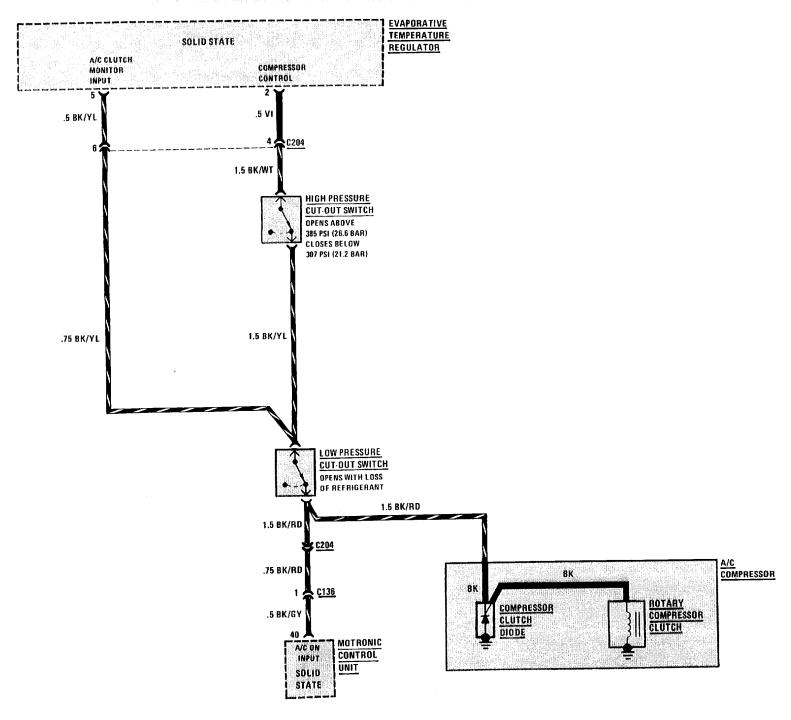
- If both voltages are correct, replace the Control Switches.
- 1. Check the GN/BR wire for an open. If wire is good, check that connector C204 is properly mated.
- 2. Check the GN wire for an open between the Control Switches and the LH and RH Fresh/Recirculating Air Relays.

# HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING (COMPRESSOR CONTROLS)



# A/C COMPRESSOR CONTROLS 6452-1

# HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING (COMPRESSOR CONTROLS)



When the Ignition Switch is in RUN, battery voltage is applied through Fuse 20 to the A/C Select Switch. When the A/C Select Switch is pressed voltage is applied to terminal 3 of the Evaporator Temperature Regulator. The Evaporator Temperature Regulator applies voltage from terminal 2 to the Compressor Clutch through the High Pressure Cut-Out Switch, the Low Pressure Cut-Out Switch, and the Temperature Switch.

The High Pressure Cut-Out Switch will disengage the Compressor Clutch when refrigerant pressure rises above 385 PSI (26.6 Bar). The Evaporator Temperature Regulator will detect the High Pressure Cut-Out Switch opening at terminal 5 and will turn off the output voltage at the Compressor Control terminal. The Evaporator Temperature Regulator will not allow the Compressor Clutch to be turned on again until circuit continuity has been restored between terminals 5 and 2. The Evaporator Temperature Regulator tests for continuity by momentarily applying voltage at the Compressor Control every 8 to 10 seconds. Voltage at the A/C Clutch Monitor Input indicates continuity. The Evaporator Temperature Regulator will continue to apply voltage at the Compressor Control output, which will energize the Compressor Clutch.

The Temperature Switch opens to remove the compressor load from the engine if the engine coolant temperature rises above 226 °F (108 °C). The Evaporator Temperature Sensor signals the Evaporator Temperature Regulator to deenergize the Compressor Clutch when evaporator temperature is low enough for freezing to result.

#### Clutch Diode

Whenever the Compressor Clutch is de-energized, the collapsing magnetic field induces a voltage in the winding. The Clutch Diode provides a path for the resulting current.

#### A/C On Input

When the Compressor Clutch is turned on, voltage is applied to terminal 29 of the Motronic Control Unit. The Motronic Control Unit uses this signal increase idle speed to compensate for the increased engine load from the Compressor Clutch engaging.

#### TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS

- Try the following checks before doing the System Diagnosis.
- 1. Check Fuse 20 by visual inspection.
- 2. Check that Compressor Clutch connector is firmly seated.
- Go to Heating and Air Conditioning (6410A-0) System Check for a guide to normal operation.
- Go to System Diagnosis for diagnostic tests.

#### **SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS**

- Do the tests listed for your symptom in the Symptom Table below.
- Tests follow the Symptom Table.

## **SYMPTOM TABLE**

Compressor Clutch does not engage	A
Engine idle speed is not high enough when Compressor Clutch engages (325 engine only)	D

## A: A/C ISOLATION TEST (TABLE 1)

Measure: VOLTAGE

At: EVAPORATOR TEMPERATURE REGULATOR (Disconnected)

Conditions:

- Ignition Switch: RUN (Engine need not be running)
- A/C Selector Switch: ON (Depressed)

Measure Between	Correct Voltage	For Diagnosis
3 & Ground	Battery	See 1

- If voltage is correct, go to Table 2.
- 1. Go to Test E.

#### A: A/C ISOLATION TEST (TABLE 2)

**Connect: FUSED JUMPER** 

At: EVAPORATOR TEMPERATURE REGULATOR (Disconnected)

#### Conditions:

1. Go to Test B.

• Ignition Switch: RUN

A/C Selector Switch: ON (Depressed)

Connect Across	Correct Result	For Diagnosis
2 & 3	Compressor Clutch Engages	See 1
If result is	correct go to Tes	t C.

#### **B: PRESSURE SWITCH TEST**

Measure: RESISTANCE

At: EVAPORATOR TEMPERATURE REGULATOR CONNECTOR

(Disconnected)

#### **Conditions:**

• Ignition Switch: OFF

 Negative Battery Terminal: DISCONNECTED

Measure Between	Correct Resistance	For Diagnosis
2 & Ground	Approxi- mately 3 to 4 ohms	See 1

- If measurement is correct replace the Evaporator Temperature Regulator.
- 1. Check for an open Low Pressure Cut-Out Switch, High Pressure Cut-Out Switch, A/C Temperature Switch, or associated wiring (see schematic). If High Pressure Cut-Out Switch is open, check refrigerant pressure to be sure it is normal before replacing the switch. Replace the A/C Temperature Switch if it is open and engine coolant temperature is below 226 °C (108 °C). If the switches and related wiring is OK, replace the Compressor Clutch.

### C: EVAPORATOR TEMPERATURE REGULATOR VOLTAGE AND RESISTANCE TEST

Measure: RESISTANCE

At: EVAPORATOR TEMPERATURE REGULATOR CONNECTOR

(Disconnected)

#### Conditions:

- Ignition Switch: OFF
- Negative Battery Terminal: DISCONNECTED

Measure Between	Correct Resistance	For Diagnosis
1 & Ground	Approximately 3.5 K to 4.5 K ohms at 70 °F (21 °C)	See 1
4 & Ground	Less than 0.5 ohms	See 2
6 & Ground	Less than 0.5 ohms	See 2
5 & 2	Less than 0.5 ohms	See 3

- If all resistances are correct but Compressor Clutch does not operate normally, replace the Evaporator Temperature Regulator.
- 1. Check the BK/WT wire for an open or a short to ground (see schematic). Check the BR wire for an open (see schematic). If wires are good, replace the Evaporator Temperature Sensor.
- 2. Check the BR wire for an open (see schematic).
- 3. Check BK/YL for an open between terminal 5 and the Low Pressure Cut-Out Switch.

# D: IDLE SPEED CONTROL VOLTAGE TEST

Measure: VOLTAGE

At: MOTRONIC CONTROL UNIT

**CONNECTOR (Connected — Universal** 

Adapter) Conditions:

• Ignition Switch: RUN

• A/C Control Panel: A/C ON

• Temperature Outside Car: Above 60

degrees F (16 degrees C)

Measure Between	Correct Voltage	For Diagnosis
40 (BK/GY) & Ground	Battery	See 1
41 (VI/GY) & Ground	Battery	See 2

- If the voltage is correct, repair/replace the Motronic Control Unit.
- 1. Check for an open in the BL/WT and BK/RD wires.
- 2. Check for an open in the VI/GY and BK/VI wires.

# E: A/C SELECT SWITCH VOLTAGE TEST

Measure: VOLTAGE

At: CONTROL SWITCHES CONNECTOR

(Connected)

**Conditions:** 

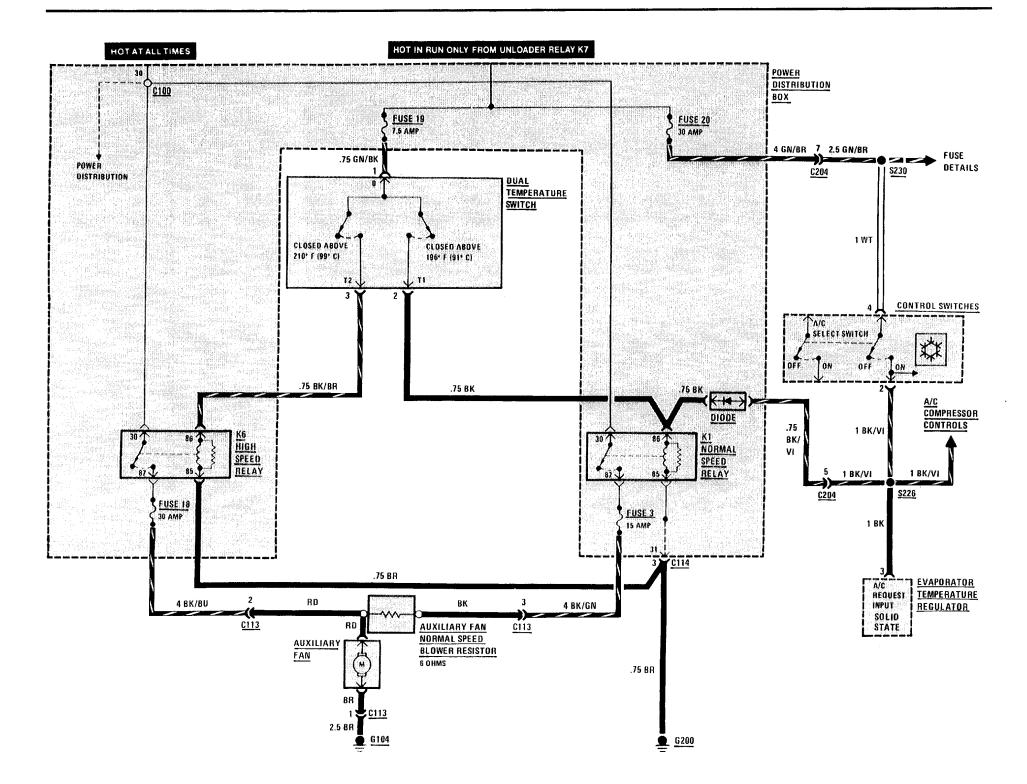
• Ignition Switch: RUN

• A/C Control Panel: A/C ON

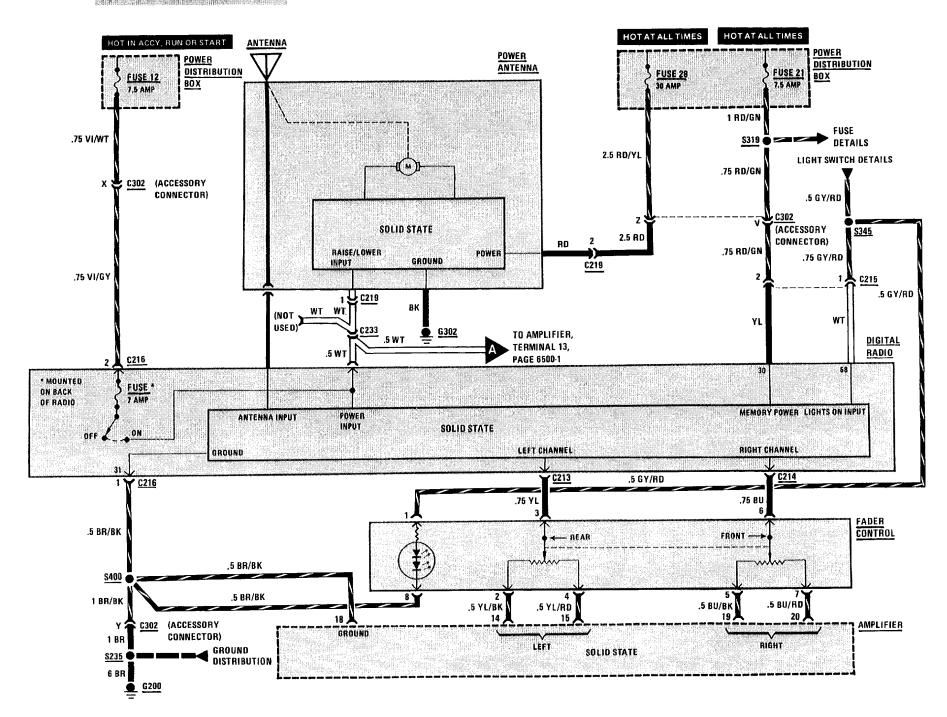
• Temperature Outside Car: Above 60 degrees F (16 degrees C)

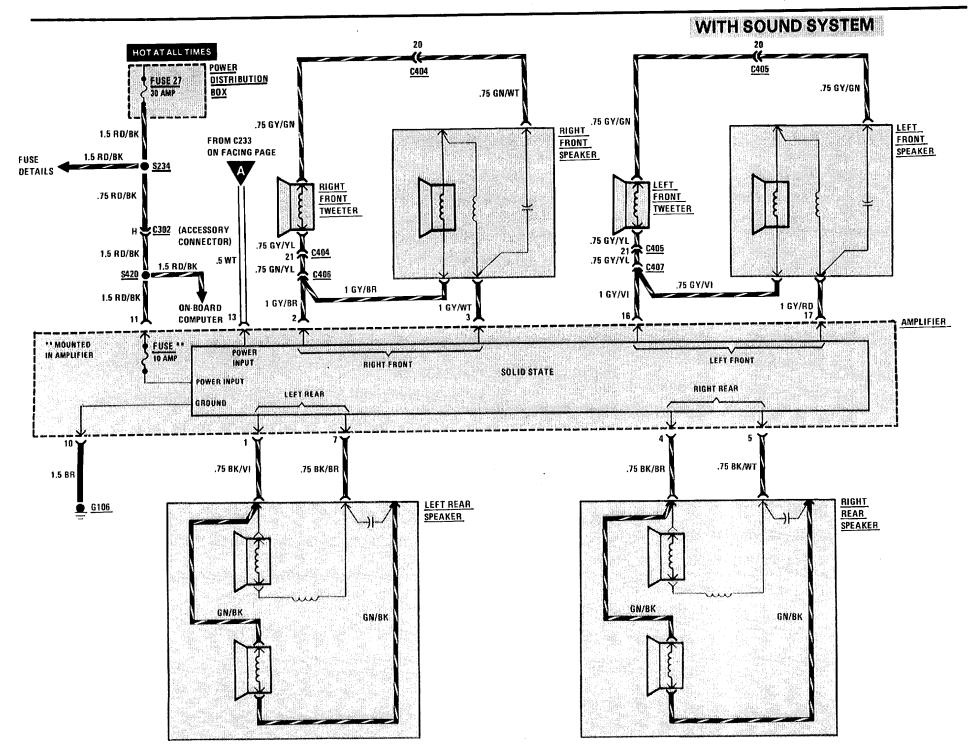
Measure Between	Correct Voltage	For Diagnosis
4 (WT) & Ground	Battery	See 1
2 (BK/VI) & Ground	Battery	See 2

- If both voltages are correct, check connections at Evaporator Temperature Regulator.
- 1. Check for an open in the WT and GN/BR wires.
- 2. Replace the A/C Select Switch.



# WITH SOUND SYSTEM





With the Ignition Switch in ACCY, RUN or START, Fuse 12 provides voltage to turn on the three components in the system. When the Radio Switch is on, voltage is applied to the Radio, the Power Antenna Raise/Lower Input, and the Amplifier. This voltage is used to control the individual unit's main power supply.

When the Raise/Lower Input of the Power Antenna receives voltage, power is supplied from Fuse 28 to run the motor and raise the Antenna. When voltage is no longer present at the Raise/Lower Input, the Antenna is lowered.

Fuse 21 constantly supplies voltage to the Memory Power Input of the Radio. This allows the Radio to maintain the present settings while it is turned off.

The Amplifier receives constant power at terminal 11 from Fuse 28. When the Radio is on, voltage is applied to terminal 13 to enable the Amplifier.

The actual Radio signal originates at the Antenna. It is supplied to the Radio, processed, and output from the Left Channel and Right Channel Outputs to the Fader Control. The Fader Control alters the front to rear volume by decreasing the resistance to the desired higher volume outputs. The signal is then input to the Left Front, Left Rear, Right Front, and Right Rear Inputs to the Amplifier. After amplification, the signal is output to the corresponding speakers.

#### TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS

- Try the following checks before doing the System Check.
- 1. Check power input to the Radio by observing if Instrument Cluster Indicators light.
- 2. Check power input to Antenna by observing the Cigar Lighter.
- 3. Check memory power to Radio by checking operation of the Glove Box Light.
- 4. Check power input to the Amplifier.
- If Fader Control has no effect, but sound is heard from all speakers, replace the Fader Control.
- 6. Check that the Antenna is properly connected.
- 7. Before troubleshooting a suspect Speaker, check all connections to that Speaker.
- 8. If display shows "CODE" and Radio will not operate, the individual Anti-Theft Code must be entered. Refer to "Anti-Theft" instruction booklet.
- 9. Check Radio Fuse located on back of Radio.
- 10. Check Amplifier Fuse located on back of Amplifier.
- Go to System Check for a guide to normal operation.
- Go to System Diagnosis for diagnostic tests.

#### SYSTEM CHECK

- Use the System Check Table as a guide to normal operation.
- Refer to System Diagnosis for a list of symptoms and diagnostic steps.

#### SYSTEM CHECK TABLE

ACTION	NORMAL RESULT
With Ignition	Antenna extends.
Switch in RUN, turn Radio ON.	Digital display lights.
	Sound is emitted from all Speakers.
Operate Fader Control.	Sound volume varies from front to rear.

Refer to System Diagnosis when a result is not normal.

#### SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS

- Do the tests listed for your symptom in the Symptom Table below.
- · Tests follow the Symptom Table.

#### SYMPTOM TABLE

SYMPTOM	FOR DIAGNOSIS	
Radio does not work (no display, no sound).	Do Test A	
Digital display lights, but there is no sound.	Do Test B	•
LH Speakers or RH Speakers do not operate.	Do Test C	

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Antenna does not extend or retract.	Check ground wire for an open. Make sure ground G302 is clean and tight. Check wire to Power Antenna for opens. If OK, replace Power Antenna.
An individual Speaker does not operate.	Do Test D
Excessive noise comes from all Speakers.	Do Test E

#### A: RADIO POWER TEST

Measure: VOLTAGE

At: RADIO CONNECTOR C216

(Disconnected) or CONNECTOR C215

(Disconnected)

Condition:

• Ignition Switch: RUN

Measure Between	Correct Voltage	For Diagnosis
C216 Ground	Battery	See 1
C216/2 & C216/1	Battery	See 2
C215/2 & Ground	Battery	See 3

- If all voltages are correct, check wire from connector C215 to Radio for an open. If wire is OK, remove Radio for service.
- 1. Check power input wire for an open.
- 2. Check ground wire for an open to ground. Make sure ground G200 is clean and tight.
- 3. Check memory power supply wire for an open.

# **B: AMPLIFIER POWER TEST**

Measure: VOLTAGE

At: AMPLIFIER CONNECTOR (Disconnected)

Conditions:

• Ignition Switch: RUN

• Radio: ON

Measure Between	Correct Voltage	For Diagnosis
11 & Ground	Battery	See 1
11 & 18	Battery	See 2
13 & Ground	Battery	See 3
11 & 10	Battery	See 4

- If all voltages are correct, go to Test C.
- 1. Check power supply wire for an open.
- 2. Check Amplifier ground to Amplifier for an open to ground. Make sure ground G200 is clean and tight.
- 3. Check Amplifier "Radio On" wire for an open.
- 4. Check wire from terminal 10 for an open to ground. Make sure ground G302 is clean and tight.

#### C: FADER SIGNAL TEST (TABLE 1)

Measure: VOLTAGE

At: FADER CONTROL CONNECTOR

(Disconnected)

Conditions:

• Ignition Switch: RUN

Radio: ON

Measure Between	Correct Voltage	For Diagnosis
3 & Ground	Approxi- mately 6 Volts	See 1
6 & Ground	Approxi- mately 6 Volts	See 2

- If both voltages are correct, check for AC voltage at Radio outputs with Radio tuned to a strong signal. If AC voltage is present, go to Table 2. Remove Radio for service if AC voltage is not present.
- 1. Check wire from Left Channel on Radio for an open. If wire is good, remove Radio for service.
- 2. Check wire from Right Channel on Radio for an open. If wire is good, remove Radio for service.

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## C: FADER SIGNAL TEST (TABLE 2)

Measure: VOLTAGE

At: AMPLIFIER CONNECTOR (Disconnected)

**Conditions:** 

• Ignition Switch: RUN

• Radio: ON

- Hadio, Oil		
Measure Between	Correct Voltage	For Diagnosis
14 & Ground	Approxi- mately 6 Volts	See 1
15 & Ground	Approxi- mately 6 Volts	See 2
19 & Ground	Approxi- mately 6 Volts	See 3
20 & Ground	Approxi- mately 6 Volts	See 4

- If all voltages are correct but sound was not present, remove Amplifier for service.
- 1. Check between pin 2 (Fader) to pin 14 (Amplifier) for an open in the wiring. If wire is OK, replace Fader Control.
- 2. Check between pin 4 (Fader) to pin 15 (Amplifier) for an open in the wiring. If wire is OK, replace Fader Control.
- 3. Check between pin 5 (Fader) to pin 19 (Amplifier) for an open in the wiring. If wire is OK, replace Fader Control.
- 4. Check between pin 7 (Fader) to pin 20 (Amplifier) for an open in the wiring. If wire is OK, replace Fader Control.

#### D: SUSPECT SPEAKER TEST

**Connect: OHMMETER** 

At: SUSPECT SPEAKER (Disconnected)

Condition:

 Ohmmeter set on Rx 1 scale or Diode Check Scale

Action	Correct Result	For Diagnosis
Connect Ohmmeter across Speaker Terminals	Speaker "pops"	See 1

- If the result is correct, check wires to the Amplifier for opens or shorts. If wires are OK, check the related wire between Fader and Amplifier.
- 1. Replace the suspect Speaker.

#### **E: NOISE DIAGNOSIS**

With Radio on and noise present, unplug the Antenna at the back of the Radio.

- If noise is no longer present, it was being picked up by the Antenna. Perform Antenna Noise Test.
- If noise persists, it is coming in the Radio wiring. Refer to the following Noise Symptom Table.

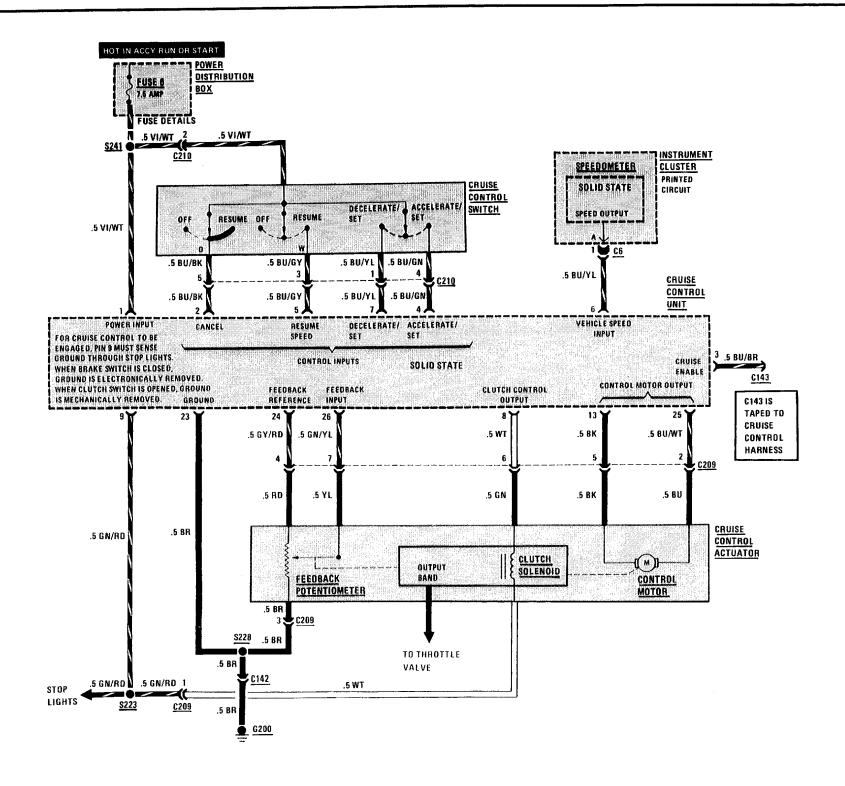
## **ANTENNA NOISE TEST**

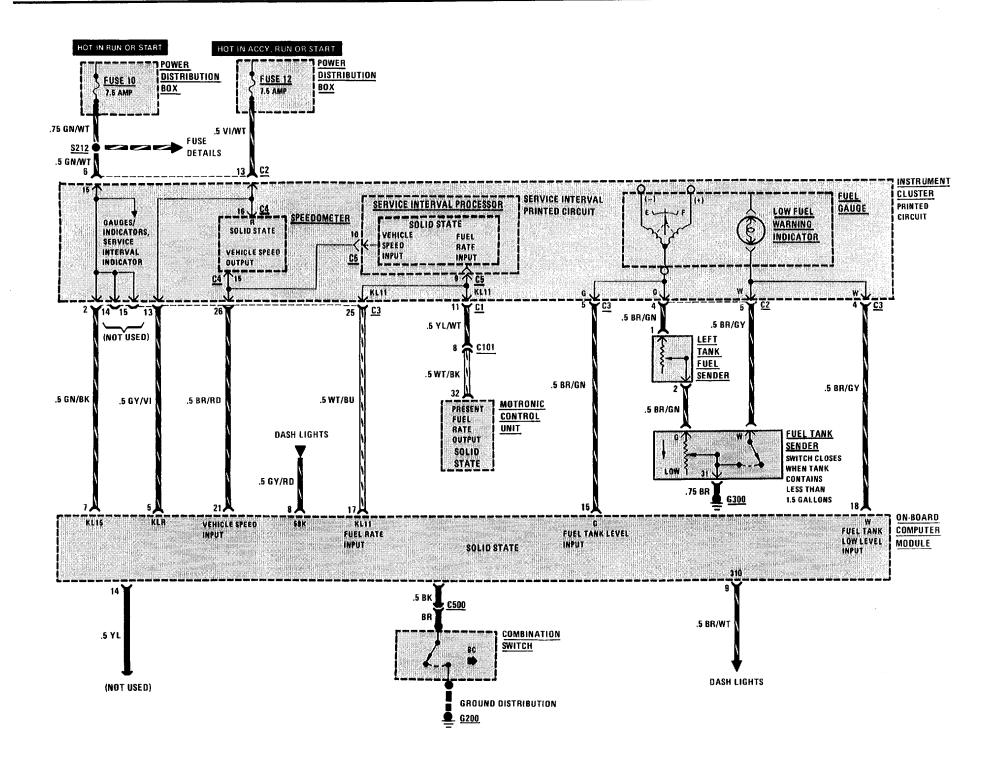
Measure: RESISTANCE At: ANTENNA				
Measure Between	Correct Resistance	For Diagnosis		
Antenna Plug Base & Ground	Less than 3 Ohms	See 1		
Antenna Plug Tip & Antenna Plug Base	Greater than 1 Megaohm (open circuit)	See 2		

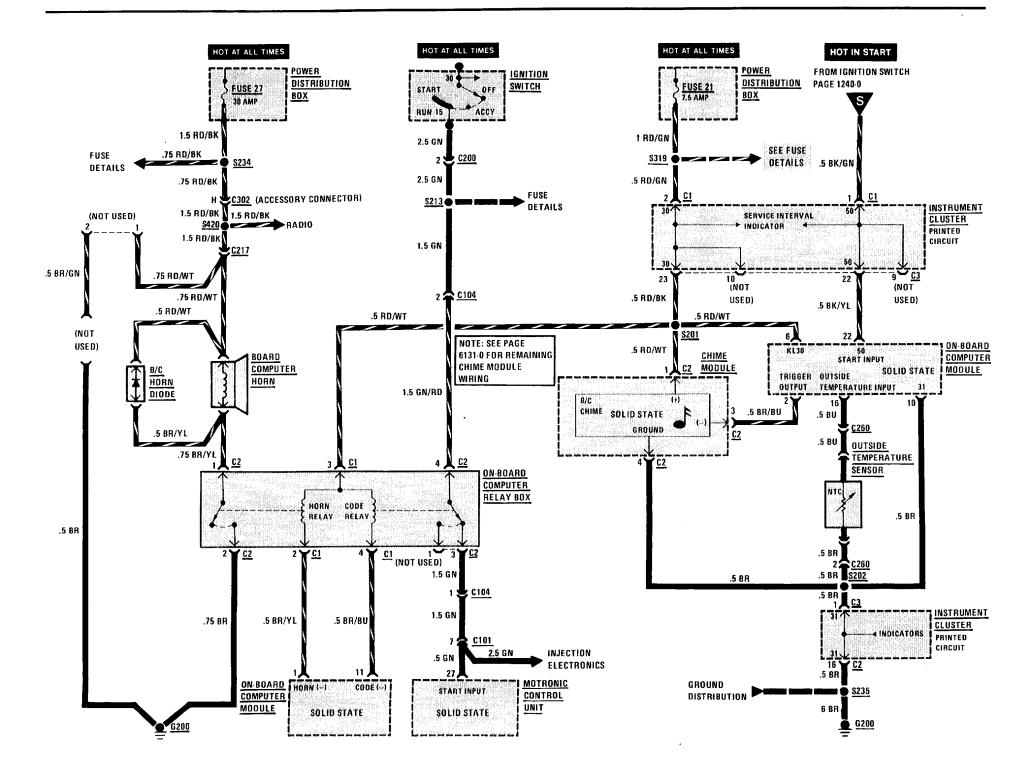
- If both resistances are correct, check the hood ground strap. If hood ground strap is OK, substitute a different Antenna at Radio. If the new Antenna is good, replace Antenna. If noise is still present, refer to Noise Symptom Table.
- 1. Check ground contact at Antenna base. If necessary, install a braided ground strap from the Antenna Base to Chassis ground. Check for an open in the Antenna Cable.
- 2. Check for a short to ground at the Antenna or Antenna cable.

# **NOISE SYMPTOM TABLE**

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REPAIR ACTION
Harsh popping or crackling noise present when ignition on-changes with engine rpm.	Ignition Noise	<ul> <li>Check for proper distributor cap shielding.</li> <li>Check shielding ground strap. If not present, install.</li> <li>Check for defective spark plug or spark plug wire.</li> <li>Reroute spark plug wires laying against anything that could be transmitting noise to the Radio (wiring or sensor leads traveling into the passenger compartment).</li> <li>Check engine/firewall ground strap and engine hood/body ground strap.</li> <li>Check if engine hood is closing properly.</li> <li>Connect dedicated ground strap to Radio.</li> <li>Replace distributor cap and rotor.</li> </ul>
High whine or howling that changes with engine rpm.	Alternator noise	<ul> <li>Connect dedicated ground strap to Radio.</li> <li>Run a direct wire from Battery to Alternator.</li> </ul>
AM only is weak and noisy.	AM alignment	Remove Radio for service.
FM only is weak and noisy.	FM alignment	Remove Radio for service.







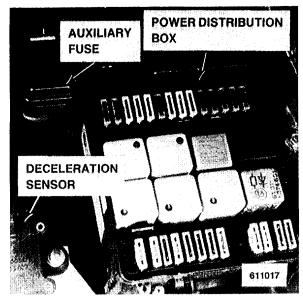


Figure 1 - LH Rear of Engine Compartment

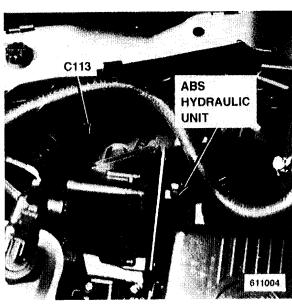


Figure 3 - LH Front of Engine Compartment

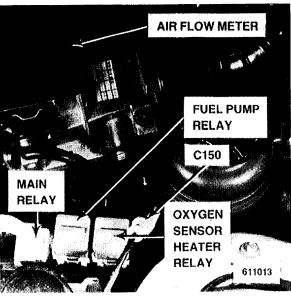


Figure 5 - Forward of LH Front Shock Tower (Relay Cover Removal)



Figure 2 - LH Rear of Engine Compartment



Figure 4 - Lower LH Side of Engine

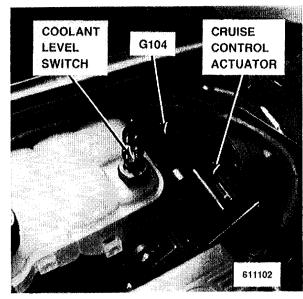


Figure 6 - Forward of LH Front Wheel Well

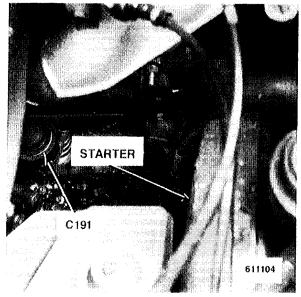


Figure 1 - Lower LH Rear of Engine



Figure 3 - Top RH Side of Radiator

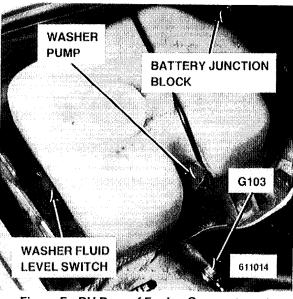


Figure 5 - RH Rear of Engine Compartment

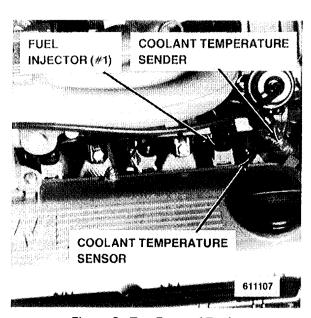


Figure 2 - Top Front of Engine

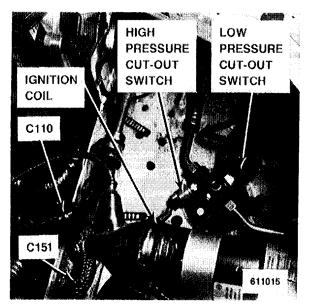


Figure 4 - Behind RH Headlights (Cover Removed)

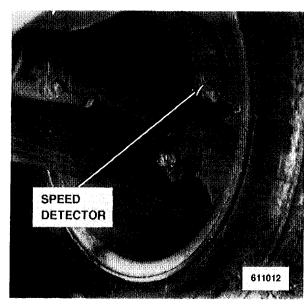


Figure 6 - Behind LH Front Wheel

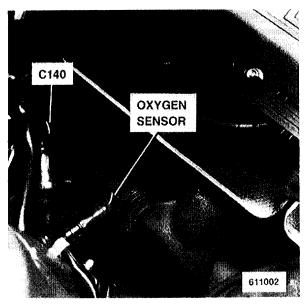


Figure 1 - Lower RH Rear of Engine Compartment



Figure 3 - Lower RH Front of Engine

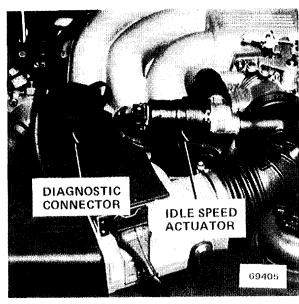


Figure 5 - LH Front of Engine



Figure 2 - Behind Cowl



Figure 4 - Lower RH Front of Engine



Figure 6 - Lower RH Front of Engine



Figure 1 - RH Front of Engine (Cover Removed)

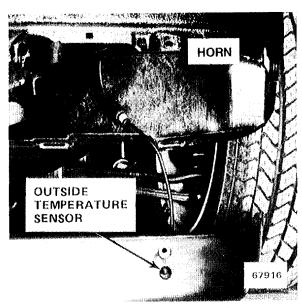


Figure 3 - Under LH Side of Front Bumper (Splash Guard Pulled Down)

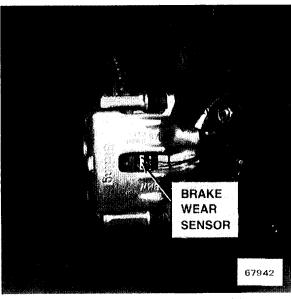


Figure 5 - LH Front Brake Assembly (Wheel Removed)

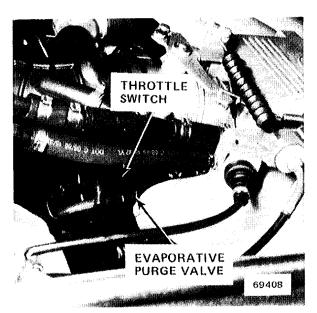


Figure 2 - LH Side of Engine

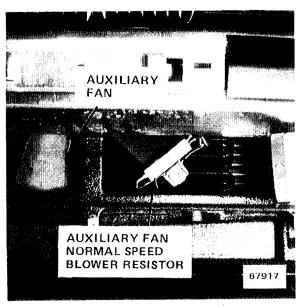


Figure 4 - Under Middle of Front Bumper

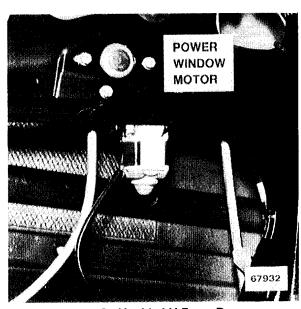


Figure 6 - Unside LH Front Door (Panel Removed)



Figure 1 - Above LH Front Door Jamb Switch

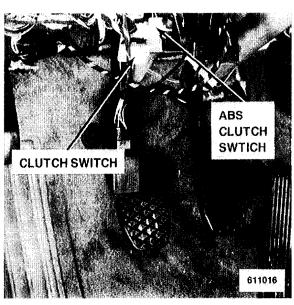


Figure 3 - Under LH Side of Dash



Figure 5 - Below LH Front Speaker

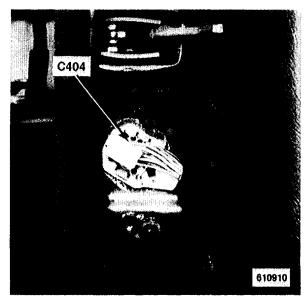


Figure 2 - Above RH Front Door Jamb Switch



Figure 4 - RH Rear of Differential

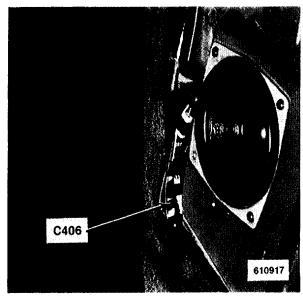


Figure 6 - Below RH Front Speaker

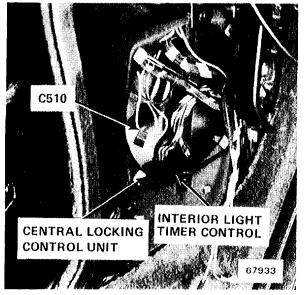


Figure 1 - Behind LH Front Speaker

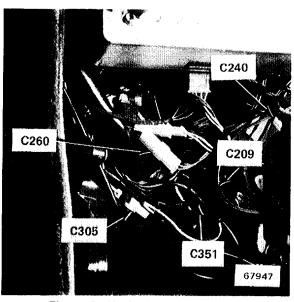


Figure 3 - Under LH Side of Dash



Figure 5 - Under LH Side of Dash

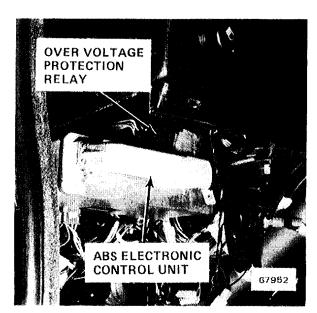


Figure 2 - Under LH Side of Dash

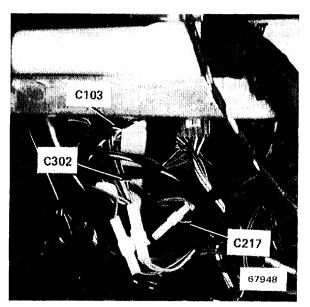


Figure 4 - Under LH Side of Dash

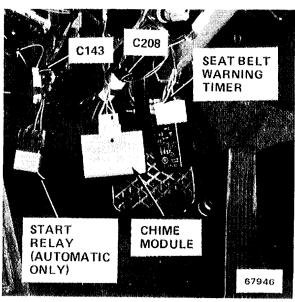


Figure 6 - Under LH Side of Dash

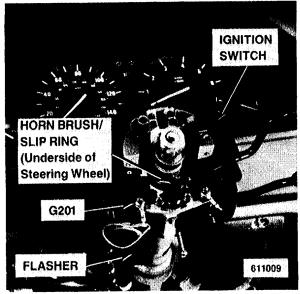


Figure 1 - Under LH Side of Dash

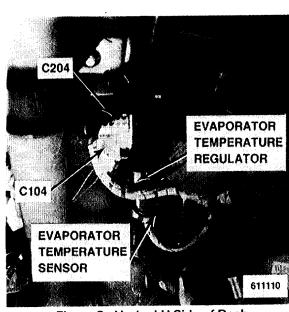


Figure 3 - Under LH Side of Dash

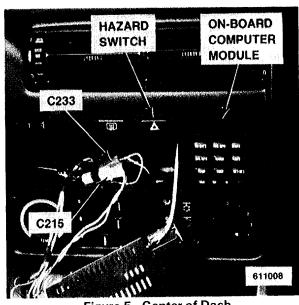


Figure 5 - Center of Dash

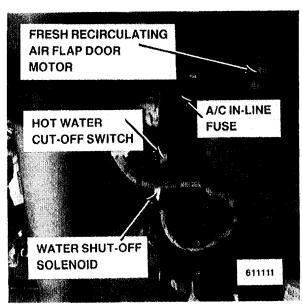


Figure 2 - Under LH Side of Dash

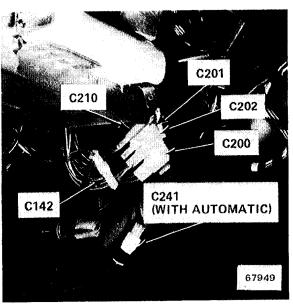


Figure 4 - Top of Steering Column

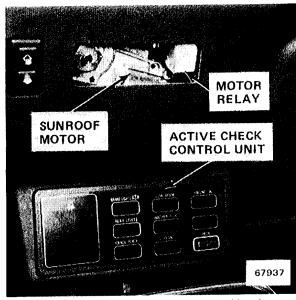


Figure 6 - Center of Windshield Header

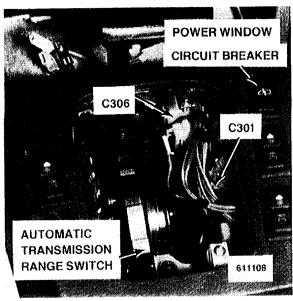


Figure 1 - Center Console

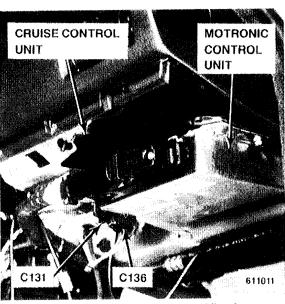


Figure 3 - Under RH Side of Dash

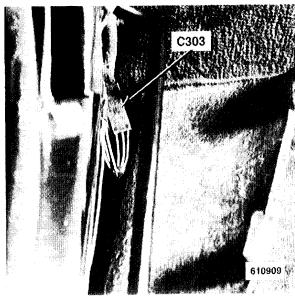


Figure 5 - At Base of RH "B" Pillar

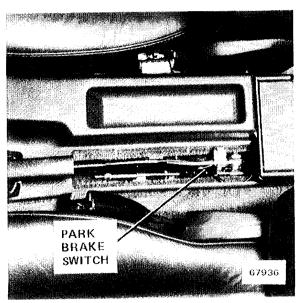


Figure 2 - Rear of Center Console

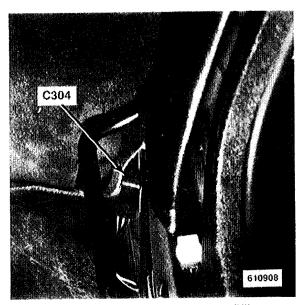


Figure 4 - At Base of LH "B" Pillar

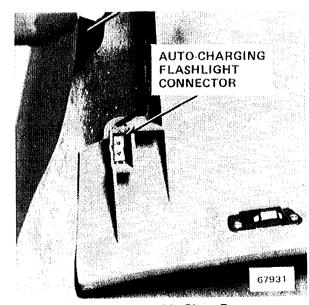


Figure 6 - Inside Glove Box

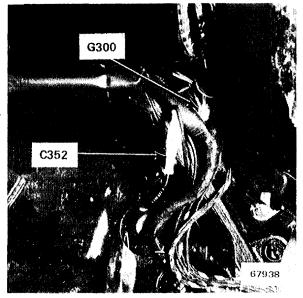


Figure 1 - Under LH Side of Rear Seat

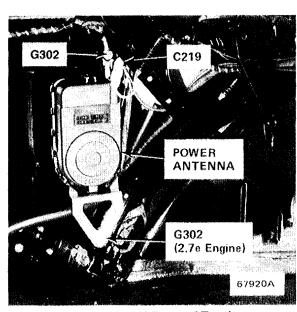


Figure 3 - LH Front of Trunk



Figure 5 - Middle Rear of Trunk

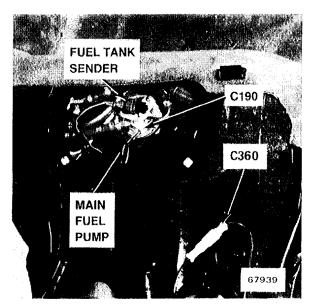


Figure 2 - Under RH Side of Rear Seat



Figure 4 - LH Front of Trunk

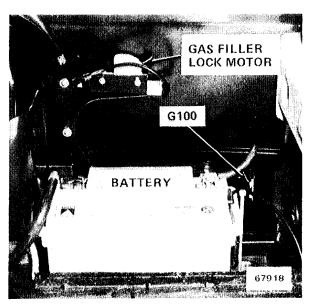


Figure 6 - RH Rear of Trunk



Figure 1 - Under LH Side of Rear Seat



Figure 2 - Under LH Side of Front Bumper (Splash Guard Pulled Down)

## 8000-0 SPLICE LOCATION VIEWS

#### INDEX

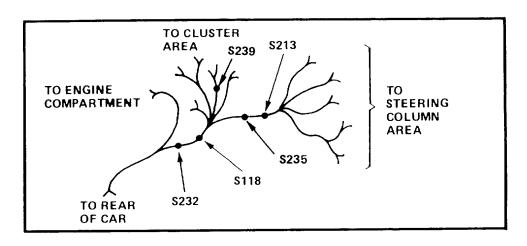
This index lists all the splices in the vehicle, the harness location of each splice, and the page on which each splice appears. The drawings after the index show how the harnesses are routed through the vehicle and the location of the splices on the harnesses.

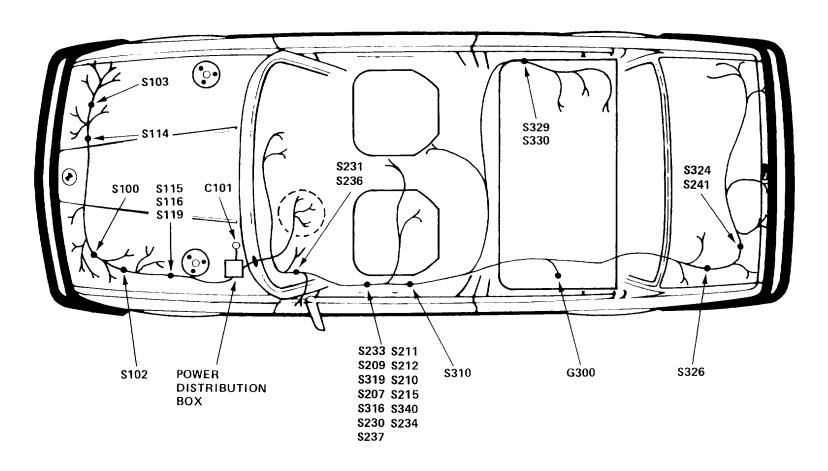
SPLICE	HARNESS	PAGE NUMBER	SPLICE	HARNESS	PAGE NUMBER
S100	MAIN	8000-2	S219	INSTRUMENT	
S103	MAIN	8000-2		PANEL	8000-5
S104	ENGINE	8000-3	S221	INSTRUMENT	
S105	ENGINE	8000-3		PANEL	8000-5
S106	ENGINE	8000-3	S223	CRUISE	NOT
S107	ENGINE	8000-3		CONTROL	SHOWN
S109	ENGINE	8000-3	S224	MULTI-	
S111	ENGINE	8000-3		FUNCTION	NOT
S112	ENGINE	8000-3		CLOCK	SHOWN
S113	ENGINE	8000-3	S225	MULTI-	
S114	MAIN	8000-2		FUNCTION	NOT
S115	MAIN	8000-2		CLOCK	SHOWN
S116	MAIN	8000-2	S226	A/C	NOT
S118	MAIN	8000-2			SHOWN
S119	MAIN	8000-2	S228	CRUISE	NOT
S120	MAIN	8000-2		CONTROL	SHOWN
S121	ENGINE	8000-3	S229	AIR	NOT
S201	ON-BOARD			CONDITIONING	SHOWN
	COMPUTER	8000-6	S230	MAIN	8000-2
S202	ON-BOARD		S231	MAIN	8000-2
	COMPUTER	8000-6	S232	MAIN	8000-2
S207	MAIN	8000-2	S233	MAIN	8000-2
S209	MAIN	8000-2	S234	MAIN	8000-2
S210	MAIN	8000-2	S235	MAIN	8000-2
S211	MAIN	8000-2	S236	MAIN	8000-2
S212	MAIN	8000-2	S237	MAIN	8000-2
S213	MAIN	8000-2	S238	MAIN	NOT
S215	MAIN	8000-2			SHOWN

## INDEX

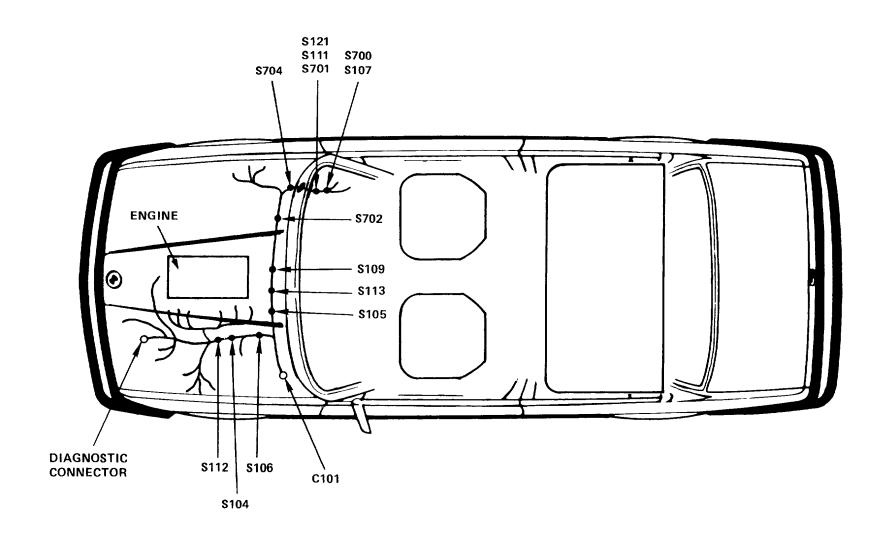
SPLICE	HARNESS	PAGE NUMBER	SPLICE	HARNESS	PAGE NUMBER
S239	MAIN	8000-2	\$330	MAIN	8000-2
S240	AIR	NOT	S332	DOOR	8000-4
0	CONDITIONING	SHOWN	S333	DOOR	8000-4
S241	MAIN	8000-2	S340	MAIN	8000-2
S300	DOOR	8000-4	S341	MAIN	8000-2
S301	DOOR	8000-4	\$342	DOOR	8000-4
S302	DOOR	8000-4	S345	RADIO	NOT
S303	DOOR	8000-4			SHOWN
S305	DOOR	8000-4	\$400	RADIO	NOT
S306	INSTRUMENT				SHOWN
	PANEL	8000-5	S402	DOOR	8000-4
S307	INSTRUMENT		S403	RADIO	NOT
	PANEL	8000-5			SHOWN
S308	DOOR	8000-4	S404	RADIO	NOT
S309	DOOR	8000-4			SHOWN
S310	MAIN	8000-2	S411	DOOR	8000-4
S313	RADIO	NOT	S420	RADIO	NOT
		SHOWN			SHOWN
S316	MAIN	8000-2	S501	DOOR	8000-4
S319	MAIN	8000-2	S502	DOOR	8000-4
S322	DOOR	8000-4	S503	DOOR	8000-4
S323	DOOR	8000-4	S504	DOOR	8000-4
S324	MAIN	8000-2	S700	ENGINE	8000-3
S326	MAIN	8000-2	S701	ENGINE	8000-3
S329	MAIN	8000-2	S702 S704	ENGINE ENGINE	8000-3 8000-3

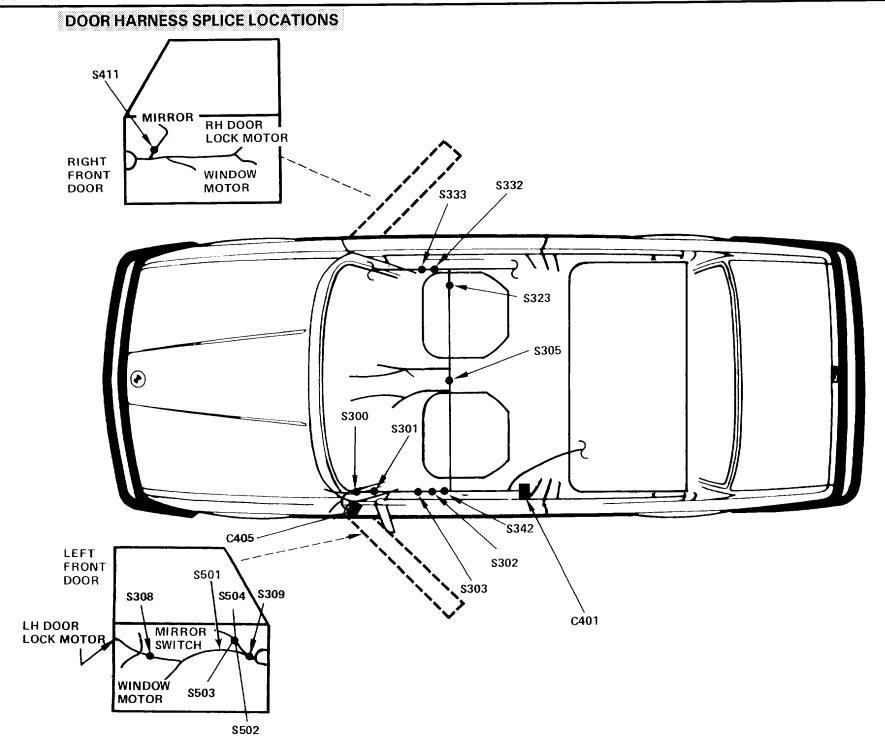
## MAIN HARNESS SPLICE LOCATIONS



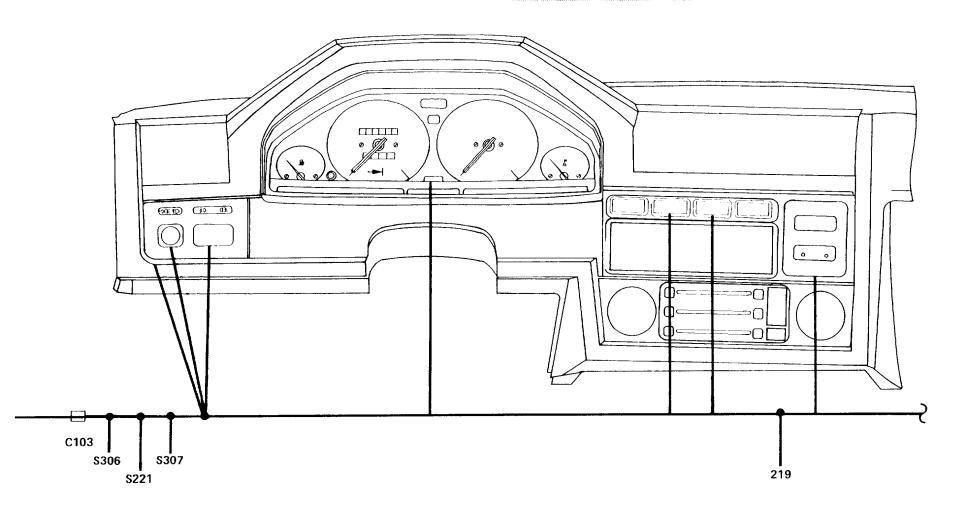


## **ENGINE HARNESS SPLICE LOCATIONS**

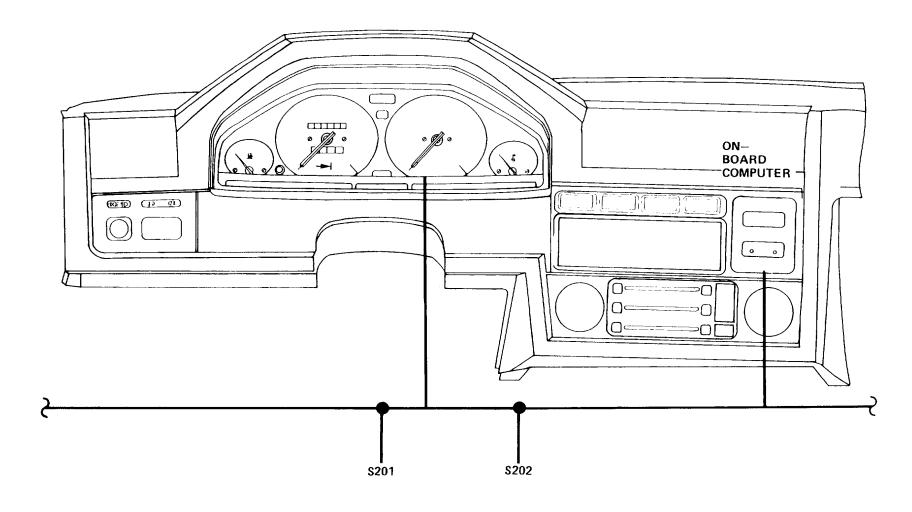




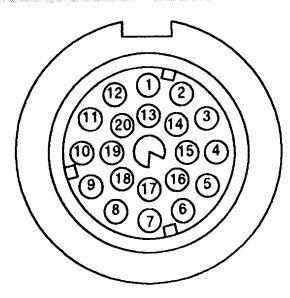
#### INSTRUMENT PANEL HARNESS SPLICE LOCATION



#### ON-BOARD COMPUTER HARNESS SPLICE LOCATIONS



## DIAGNOSTIC CONNECTOR



**DIAGNOSTIC CONNECTOR FACE** 

Pin	Wire Size	Wire Color	Circuit and Component Connected
1	1	BK	Ignition Coil, Motronic Control Unit
6	.5	WT/BK	SRS Connector (Not Used)
7	.75	WT/GN	Service Interval Indicator, Service Interval Processor (Reset)
11	2.5	BK/YL	Starter, Start Signal (50)
12	.75	BU	Charge, Alternator (D+)
14	2.5	RD	Battery (+)
15	.5	WT/YL	Motronic Control Unit (RXD)
16	1.5	GN/WT	Oxygen Sensor
18	1.5	GN/BU	Motronic Control Unit (Programming Voltage)
19	1.5	BR	Ground Distribution (G103)
20	.5	WT/VI	Motronic Control Unit (TXD)

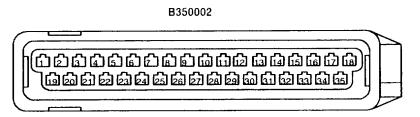
#### **ACCESSORY CONNECTOR**

# 

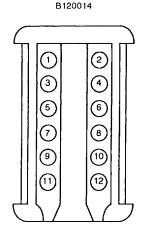
Figure 1-C302 (Accessory Connector)
Front View—Under LH Side
of Dash Ahead of Pedal Assembly

#### **CIRCUITS USING C302 (ACCESSORY CONNECTOR)**

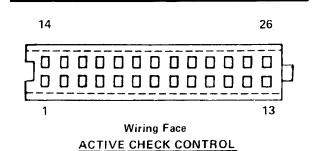
TERMINAL	CIRCUIT	TERMINAL	CIRCUIT
А	Not Used	N	Not Used
) B	Not Used	0	Not Used
C	Not Used	Р	Not Used
D	Central Locking	Q	Power Windows &
E	Not Used		Sunroof
F	Not Used	R	Cruise Control
G	Not Used	S	Anti-Lock Braking
н	On-Board Computer	Т	Not Used
1	Not Used	U	Heated Seats
J	Not Used	V	Radio
K	Not Used	W	Radio
L	Not Used	X	Radio
M	Not Used	Y	Radio
		Z	Power Antenna

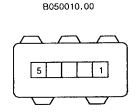


Mating Face
ABS CONTROL UNIT

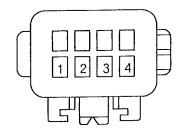


Wiring Face
ABS HYDRAULIC UNIT





Mating Face
AIR FLOW METER

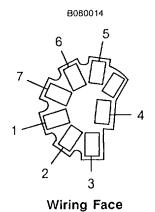


B080012

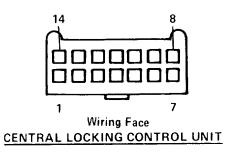
Wiring Face
AUXILIARY FUSE

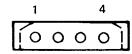


Wiring Face
BLOWER RESISTORS

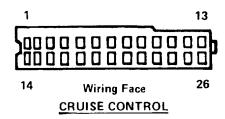


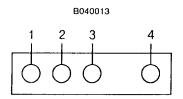
**BLOWER SPEED CONTROL** 





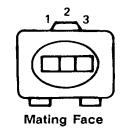
Wiring Face CHIME MODULE (C1)



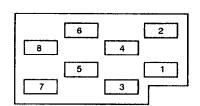


Wiring Face

CHIME MODULE (C2)

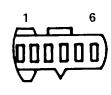


CYLINDER IDENTIFICATION SENSOR

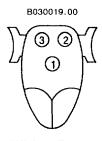


B080013

Wiring Face
CONTROL SWITCHES

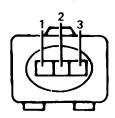


Wiring Face
DOOR LOCK MOTOR



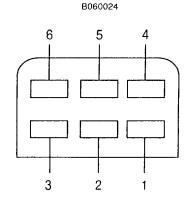
Wiring Face

**DUAL TEMPERATURE SWITCH** 



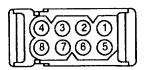
Wiring Face

#### **ENGINE SPEED SENSOR**

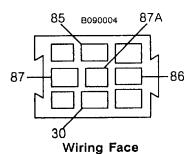


Wiring Face

EVAPORATOR TEMPERATURE REGULATOR



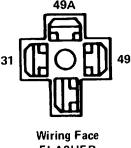
Mating Face FADER CONTROL

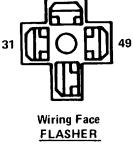


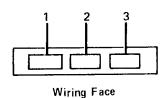
FRESH/RECIRCULATING AIR RELAY



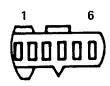
Wiring Face **FUEL TANK SENDER** 



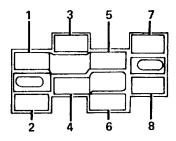




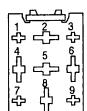
FRONT TURN/PARK LIGHT



Wiring Face GAS FILLER LOCK MOTOR

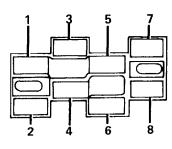


Wiring Face FOG LIGHT SWITCH



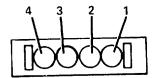
B090001.13

Wiring Face FUEL PUMP RELAY

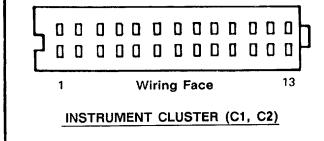


Wiring Face HAZARD SWITCH

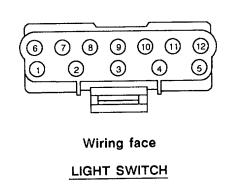
B120006.00

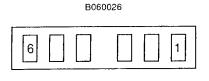


Wiring Face
HIGH LEVEL STOP LIGHT

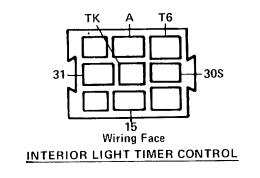


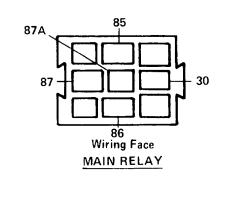
14

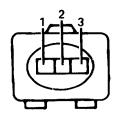




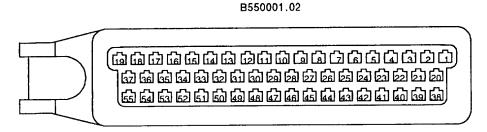
Wiring Face
HOT WATER CUT-OFF SWITCH





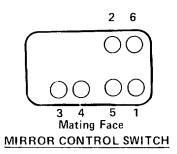


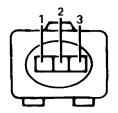
Wiring Face
IDLE SPEED ACTUATOR



26

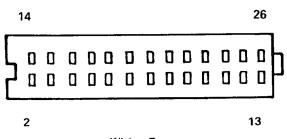
Mating Face
MOTRONIC CONTROL UNIT



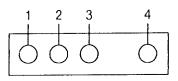


Wiring Face

OIL LEVEL SENSOR

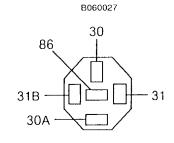






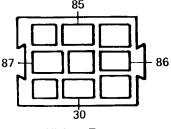
Wiring Face

ON-BOARD COMPUTER
RELAY BOX



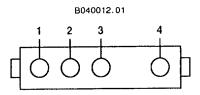
Wiring Face

OVER VOLTAGE
PROTECTION RELAY



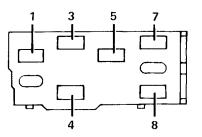
Wiring Face

OXYGEN SENSOR HEATER RELAY

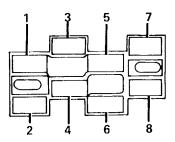


Wiring Face

#### **POWER MIRRORS**

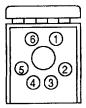


Wiring Face
POWER WINDOW SWITCHES



Wiring Face
REAR DEFOGGER SWITCH

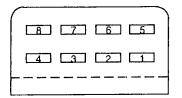
B060027.00



Wiring Face

REAR LIGHT ASSEMBLY

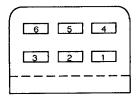
B080015.01



Wiring Face

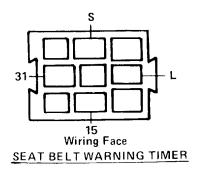
REAR LIGHTS CHECK RELAY (C1)

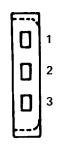
B060028 .01



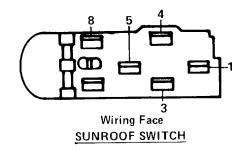
Wiring Face

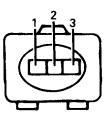
REAR LIGHTS CHECK RELAY (C2)



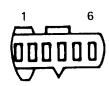


Wiring Face SUNROOF MOTOR (CI)

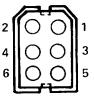




Wiring Face THROTTLE SWITCH

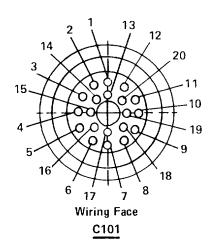


Wiring Face
TRUNK LID LOCK MOTOR

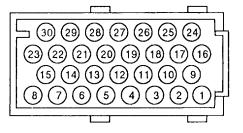


Wiring Face

C109



B300001.00



Wiring Face

C103



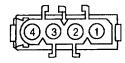
**Mating Face** 

C110 C113



Wiring Face C114

B040002.04



Wiring Face

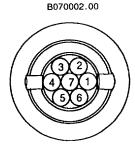
C136

B040006.01

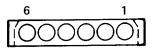


Wiring Face

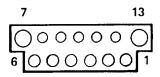
C140



Wiring Face C191



Wiring Face C201



Wiring Face C202



B070004.00

Wiring Face

C210

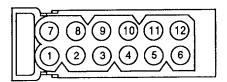


Wiring Face

C303

C304

B120002.06





Wiring Face

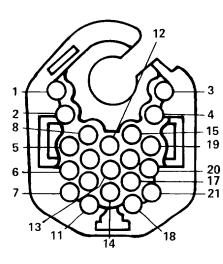
C204

B060025



Wiring Face

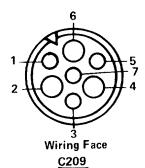
C240

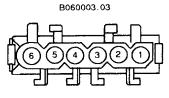


Wiring Face

C404

C405





Mating Face C242

COMPONENTS		Page-Figure
A/C In-Line Fuse	LH side of evaporator housing	7000-6-2
ABS Clutch Switch	Under LH side of dash, above clutch pedal	7000-4-3
ABS Electronic Control Unit	Under LH side of dash, above hood release	7000-5-2
ABS Hydraulic Unit	In front of LH front wheel well	7000-0-3
Active Check Control Unit	Above rear view mirror	7000-6-6
Air Flow Meter	Behind air cleaner	7000-0-5
Amplifier	In trunk, above LH wheel well	7000-8-4
Auto-Charging Flashlight	In glove box	7000-7-6
Automatic Transmission Range	·	
Switch	At base of shift lever	7000-7-1
Auxiliary Fan	In front of radiator	7000-3-4
Auxiliary Fan Normal Speed		
Blower Resistor	Front RH side of auxiliary fan	7000-3-4
Auxiliary Fuse	On top of LH front shock tower	7000-0-1
B/C Horn Diode	Above LH horn, behind splash guard	7000-9-2
Backup Light Switch	On transmission	
Battery	In RH rear of trunk	7000-8-6
Battery Junction Block	Engine compartment at RH bulkhead	7000-1-5
Blower Motor	Behind cowl	7000-2-2
Blower Resistors	Behind cowl, inside blower housing	
Board Computer Horn	Above LH horn, behind splash guard	7000-9-2
Brake Fluid Level Switch	Left of engine, on brake fluid reservoir	7000-0-2
Brake Switch	On brake pedal support, above brake pedal	7000-5-5
Brake Wear Sensors	On LH front and RH rear brake calipers	7000-3-5
Central Locking Control Unit	Below and behind LH front speaker	7000-5-1
Chime Module	Mounted on LH dash hush panel	7000-5-6
Clutch Switch	Above clutch pedal	7000-4-3
Combination Switch	Upper LH side of steering column	
Compressor Clutch Diode	Lower RH front of engine, on compressor	7000-2-3
Coolant Level Switch	In front of LH front wheel well, in coolant reservoir.	7000-0-6
Coolant Temperature Sender	Front of engine, top of thermostat housing	7000-1-2
Coolant Temperature Sensor	Front of engine, top of thermostat housing	7000-1-2
Cruise Control Actuator	Forward of LH front shock tower	7000-0-6
Cruise Control Unit	Mounted under RH side of dash	7000-7-3
Cylinder Identification Sensor	On ignition wire, at distributor	7000-3-1
Deceleration Sensor	Behind LH front shock tower	7000-0-1
Diagnostic Connector	Top LH front of engine	7000-2-5
Door Lock Motors	Rear part of each door	
Driver Exterior Door Handle		
Switch	In rear of LH front door	
Dual Temperature Switch	Top LH side of radiator	7000-1-3
Engine Speed Sensor	Lower RH front of engine	7000-2-6

COMPONENTS		Page-Figure
Evaporative Purge Valve  Evaporator Temperature	Below LH side of throttle body	7000-3-2
Regulator	Under LH side of dash, near evaporator	7000-6-3
Evaporator Temperature Sensor.	On LH side of evaporator housing	7000-6-3
Flasher	Upper part of steering column	7000-6-1
Motors	Behind A/C face plate	7000-6-2
Fuel Injectors	Below intake manifold, at each port	7000-1-2
Fuel Pump Relay	On bracket, in front of LH front shock tower	7000-0-5
Fuel Tank Sender	Top of fuel tank	7000-8-2
Gas Filler Lock Motor	In trunk, behind RH wheel well	7000-8-6
Hazard Switch	In center console, above radio	7000-6-5
High Pressure Cut-Out Switch	On receiver dryer, behind RH headlight	7000-1-4
Horn Brush/Slip Ring	In upper steering column	7000-6-1
Horns	Near fog lights, behind splash guard	7000-3-3
Hot Water Cut-Off Switch	Under LH side of dash, near evaporator	7000-6-2
Idle Speed Actuator	LH top of engine	7000-2-5
Ignition Coil	On RH front wheel well	7000-1-4
Ignition Key Switch	Part of ignition switch, in upper part of steering column	
Ignition Switch	Upper part of steering column	7000-6-1
Interior Light Timer Control	Below LH front speaker	7000-5-1
Left Tank Fuel Sender	Under LH side of rear seat	7000-9-1
Low Pressure Cut-Out Switch	Behind RH headlights	7000-1-4
Main Fuel Pump	In fuel tank	7000-8-2
Main Relay	On bracket in front of LH front shock tower	7000-0-5
Motor Relay	In windshield header, above rear view mirror	7000-6-6
Motronic Control Unit	Under RH side of dash, above glove box	7000-7-3
Oil Level Sensor	Top LH side of oil pan	7000-0-4
Oil Pressure Switch	Below oil filter	7000-2-4
On-Board Computer Module	In center console, on RH side of radio	7000-6-5
On-Board Computer Relay Box	Under LH side of dash, above hood release	7000-5-5
Oscillating Plate Compressor		
Clutch	Lower RH front of engine, on compressor	7000-2-3
Outside Temperature Sensor	Behind splash guard, near LH fog light	7000-3-3
Over Voltage Protection Relay	Under LH side of dash, near ABS Electronic Control Unit	7000-5-2
Oxygen Sensor	Lower RH rear of engine compartment	7000-2-1
Oxygen Sensor Heater Relay	On bracket, in front of LH front shock tower	7000-0-5
Park Brake Switch	At base of parking brake	7000-7-2

COMPONENTS		Page-Figure
Power Antenna	In trunk, behind LH wheel well	7000-8-3
Power Distribution Box	At top rear of LH front wheel well	7000-0-1
Power Window Circuit Breaker .	On center console, above radio	7000-7-1
Power Window Motors	Forward part of each door	7000-3-6
Pulse Wheels	On wheel, in brake housing	
Rear Lights Check Relay	In trunk, above LH wheel well	7000-8-4
RH Front Door Micro-Switch	In rear of RH front door	
Rotary Compressor Clutch	Lower RH front of engine, on compressor	7000-2-3
Safety Switch	On top of LH wheel well, near cruise control actuator	
Seatbelt Switch	In driver's seatbelt buckle	
Seatbelt Warning Timer	Under LH side of dash, on electrical bracket	7000-5-6
Speed Detectors	On wheel, in brake housing	7000-1-6
Speedometer Sender	In rear of differential	7000-4-4
Start Relay	Upper LH corner of driver's footwell	7000-5-6
Starter	Lower LH rear of engine	7000-1-1
Sunroof Motor	In windshield header, above rear view mirror	7000-6-6
Throttle Switch	Below LH side of throttle body	7000-3-2
Trunk Lid Lock Motor	On trunk lock center support	7000-8-5
Unlock Inhibit Switch	Rear of LH front door	
Washer Fluid Level Switch	In reservoir, behind RH front shock tower	7000-1-5
Washer Pump	Behind RH front shock tower, on reservoir	7000-1-5
Water Shut-Off Solenoid	LH side of evaporator housing	7000-6-2
Wiper Motor	Under LH fresh air intake cowl	7000-2-2

CONNECTORS		Page-Figure
C101 (20 pins)	Next to power distribution box, mounted on engine	
	dash	7000-0-2
C102	LH rear of engine compartment	
C103 (29 pins)	Behind LH side of dash, on body electrical bracket	7000-5-4
C104 (3 pins)	Under LH side of dash	7000-6-3
C109 (6 pins)	Near wiper motor	
C110	RH front of engine compartment	7000-1-4
C113 (3 pins)	Behind LH headlights	7000-0-3
C126 (2 pins)	Behind LH headlights	7000-0-3
C127 (2 pins)	Behind RH headlights	
C128 (2 pins)	Behind RH front side marker light	
C129 (2 pins)	Behind LH front side marker light	
C131 (1 pin)	Behind RH side of dash, above glove box	7000-7-3
C136	Under RH side of dash	7000-7-3
C140 (3 pins)	Near RH rear side of engine	7000-2-1
C142 (1 pin)	Under LH side of dash, near steering column	7000-6-4
C143 (1 pin)	Under LH side of dash, near body electrical bracket.	7000-5-6
C150 (2 pins)	On top of LH front wheel well	7000-0-5
C151 (2 pins)	On top of RH front wheel well	7000-1-4
C190	Under RH side of rear seat	7000-8-2
C191	Lower LH side of engine	7000-1-1
C200 (9 pins)	Under LH side of dash, on steering column	7000-6-4
C201 (6 pins)	Under LH side of dash, on steering column	7000-6-4
C202 (13 pins)	Under LH side of dash, on steering column	7000-6-4
C204 (12 pins)	Under LH side of dash, near steering column	7000-6-3
C208 (2 pins)	Near brake pedal support bracket	7000-5-6
C209 (7 pins)	Above brake pedal	7000-5-3
C210 (4 pins)	On LH side of steering column	7000-6-4
C215 (2 pins)	Center console, behind radio	7000-6-5
C217 (2 pins)	Under LH side of dash, near accessory connector	7000-5-4
C219 (2 pins)	In trunk, above LH wheel well	7000-8-3
C233 (2 pins)	Behind center of dash	7000-6-5
C240 (6 pins)	Under LH side of dash, above body electrical bracket	
,		7000-5-3
C260 (2 pins)	Behind LH side of dash	7000-5-3
C301 (2 pins)	At base of shift lever	7000-7-1
C302 (25 pins) Accessory		
Connector	Upper LH corner of driver's footwell	7000-5-4
C303 (3 pins)	At base of RH "B" pillar	7000-7-5
C304 (3 pins)	At base of LH "B" pillar	7000-7-4
C305 (1 pin)	Under LH side of dash, near accessory connector	7000-5-3
C306	In center console	7000 7 1

		Page-Figure
C351 (1 pin)	Under LH side of dash, near accessory connector Behind LH side of rear seat	7000-5-3 7000-8-1 7000-8-2 7000-4-2 7000-4-1 7000-4-6 7000-4-5
C503 (3 pins)	In rear of LH front door Behind and above LH front speaker	7000-5-1
GROUNDS G100	RH rear of trunk, behind battery	7000-8-6 7000-1-5 7000-0-6 7000-8-4 7000-5-5 7000-6-1 7000-8-1 7000-8-3